Severn Trent Water Limited Report and financial statements For the year ended 31 March 2022

Company number 2366686

Severn Trent Water Limited

Severn Trent Centre 2 St John's Street Coventry CV1 2LZ www.stwater.co.uk

Contents

Strategic report	Page
Purpose - Our Strategic Framework	3
Who are we	4
Purpose in Action	5
Business model	6
Market and industry overview	7
Chair's statement	10
Chief Executive's review	13
Getting River Positive	17
Our Performance and Key Performance Indicators	19
Spotlight on Affordability	28
Spotlight on Green Recovery	29
Group Sustainability Framework	31
Commitments to Climate Change	31
Our Journey to Net Zero	31
Our TCFD disclosures	31
Chief Financial Officer's review	48
Risk Management	58
Our Principal Risks	61
Emerging Risks	67
Viability statement	69
Going concern statement	78
Engagement with our stakeholders	79
Section 172 statement	88
Our People	92
Non-financial information statement	97
Governance	
Chair's introduction to governance	99
Governance report	102
Board of Directors	108
Executive Committee	115
Corporate Governance Statement	117
Directors' Remuneration report	124
Directors' report	128
Directors' responsibility statement	133
Group and Company financial statements	
Independent auditor's report	135
Group and company income statement	146
Group and company statement of comprehensive income	147
Group statement of changes in equity	148
Company statement of changes in equity	149
Group and company balance sheet	150
Group and company cash flow statement	151
Notes to the Group and company financial statements	152

For the year ended 31 March 2022

PURPOSE

TAKING CARE OF ONE OF LIFE'S ESSENTIALS

At Severn Trent, we believe our clear social Purpose helps drive the right strategic decisions for our business, our stakeholders and the environment we depend on. It is underpinned by our strong Values and borne out in our culture which governs how we think and behave, from fostering a diverse and inclusive working environment to rewarding all of our people fairly.

OUR VALUES











CULTURE



STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

Effective stakeholder engagement is a priority for every member of the Severn Trent team, from the frontline to the Board. Our emphasis is on tracking the outcomes of our engagement, encouraging a two-way dialogue to listen to the views of our stakeholders and ensure this helps inform our decision making.

REWARDING **OUR PEOPLE**

We are committed to rewarding all of our people fairly, sharing rewards with our communities through the Severn Trent Community Fund.

SUSTAINABILITY PILLARS





Taking care of the environment

- Ensuring a sustainable water cycle
- Enhancing our natural environment Making the most of our resources
- Mitigating climate change



Helping people to thrive

- Delivering an affordable service for everyone
- Providing a fair, inclusive and safe place to work
- Investing in skills and knowledge Making a positive difference in
- the community



Being a company you can trust

- Living our Values
- Balancing the interests of all our stakeholders Running our company for the
- long term Being open about what we do and sharing what we know



Read more online at severntrent.com

STRATEGIC OUTCOMES





A company you can trust



A positive difference



Lowest possible bills



service for everyone





Good to drink



Vater always there



Waste water safely taken away



A thriving environment

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Who we are

We provide clean water and waste water services and develop renewable energy solutions through our business.

Regulated water and waste water

Severn Trent Water Limited is one of eleven regulated water and waste water businesses in England and Wales. We provide high quality services to more than 4.8 million households and businesses in the Midlands and Wales.

The Company's position within the Severn Trent Plc Group can be found on the Severn Trent Plc website. On 31 March 2022 the Company transferred its ownership of the entire share capital of Hafren Dyfrdwy Cyfyngedig to its immediate parent, Severn Trent Draycote Limited through completion of a dividend in specie. For more information, see note 14 to the financial statements.

The primary activities we focus on

- Wholesale operations and engineering
- Household customer services

Where we operate

Our region stretches across the heart of the UK, from the Bristol Channel to the Humber, and from North and mid-Wales to the East Midlands.

STW Turnover	Litres of drinking water supplied each day
04 000 0 (0000/04 04 000 7)	6.1.111

£1,808.9m (2020/21: £1,699.5m) 2 billion litres

£490.8m (2020/21: £457.9m) 3.1 billion litres

Households and businesses served Employees²

4.8 million 6,803

^{1.} We use Alternative Performance Measures through this report and they are defined and reconciled to IFRS financial statements in Note 42.

^{2.} Average employees

Severn Trent Water Limited

Strategic report

For the year ended 31 March 2022

PURPOSE IN ACTION



At Severn Trent, we are first and foremost driven by our Purpose taking care of one of life's essentials. We know that when we are united by our clear social Purpose, we can drive positive change and deliver positive outcomes for all our stakeholders our customers, our colleagues, our investors, the society we live in and the environment we depend on. We are pleased to have made strong progress across a number of important areas this year.



£566m (2017/18 prices) additional investment for our

340

Kickstarters have joined us

Green Recovery programme

c.£2m

donated through our Community Fund

Driving positive change

Severn Trent is committed to making decisions for the long term - decisions that deliver value for our shareholders, customers, the communities we serve and the environment, and treating all of our employees and other stakeholders fairly. Our culture and strong desire to do the right thing means that we continually look for innovative ways to deliver our company strategy.

Green Recovery

In summer 2021, Ofwat approved our proposal to invest £566 million (2017/18 prices) in our ambitious Green Recovery programme, providing a great opportunity to deliver long-term growth for the Company and societal ambitions. All six schemes have made excellent progress. We will publish a dedicated Green Recovery Report in July this year, outlining our progress to date.

Get River Positive

In March 2022, we announced our commitment to 'Get River Positive'. This is not just an ambition or an aspiration. It is a firm commitment. In considering each of our pledges, we engaged with all of and new investment to support our environmental our stakeholders, including shareholders, customers, local communities and campaign groups, to listen to and understand their views. Our five pledges were developed in full consideration of these discussions.

Commonwealth Games

In March 2021, we were delighted to announce our partnership with the Birmingham 2022 Commonwealth Games to support its ambitions to make this the most sustainable games vet. We are proud to be leading on making it the first carbon neutral games through a range of offsetting initiatives. Like us, the games have an ambition to leave a positive lasting legacy for future generations and we look forward to the games this year.



Delivering positive outcomes

Through consistently living and adhering to our Purpose and Values. we are able to focus on the delivery of our strategic outcomes. We work to achieve our outcomes in a sustainable way - be it through taking care of the environment, helping people thrive or being a trustworthy company. This is integral to the way we operate.

Employability Scheme

We launched our 100,000 Employability Hours Scheme in October 2021, aimed at helping more of our customers back into work following the pandemic by offering our communities 100,000 hours of valuable skills and training at no cost to them. We have last year, we also supported local charities created a range of bespoke courses available to anyone across our region, ranging from CV skills, presenting skills, and career planning workshops. Our training team will deliver the sessions at our Academy, virtually and out in our communities.

Community Fund

Our Severn Trent Community Fund donates 1% of our profits each year to projects in our local communities. This year we are pleased and proud to report that we have donated c.£2 million to 73 projects. As reported through our COVID-19 Emergency Fund, with £103,000 donated to 34 projects. This year we also launched a dedicated Community Fund in Hafren Dyfrdwy for our Welsh communities. Read more about the impact of the Community Fund and the stories from the beneficiaries in our dedicated Community Fund Report online.

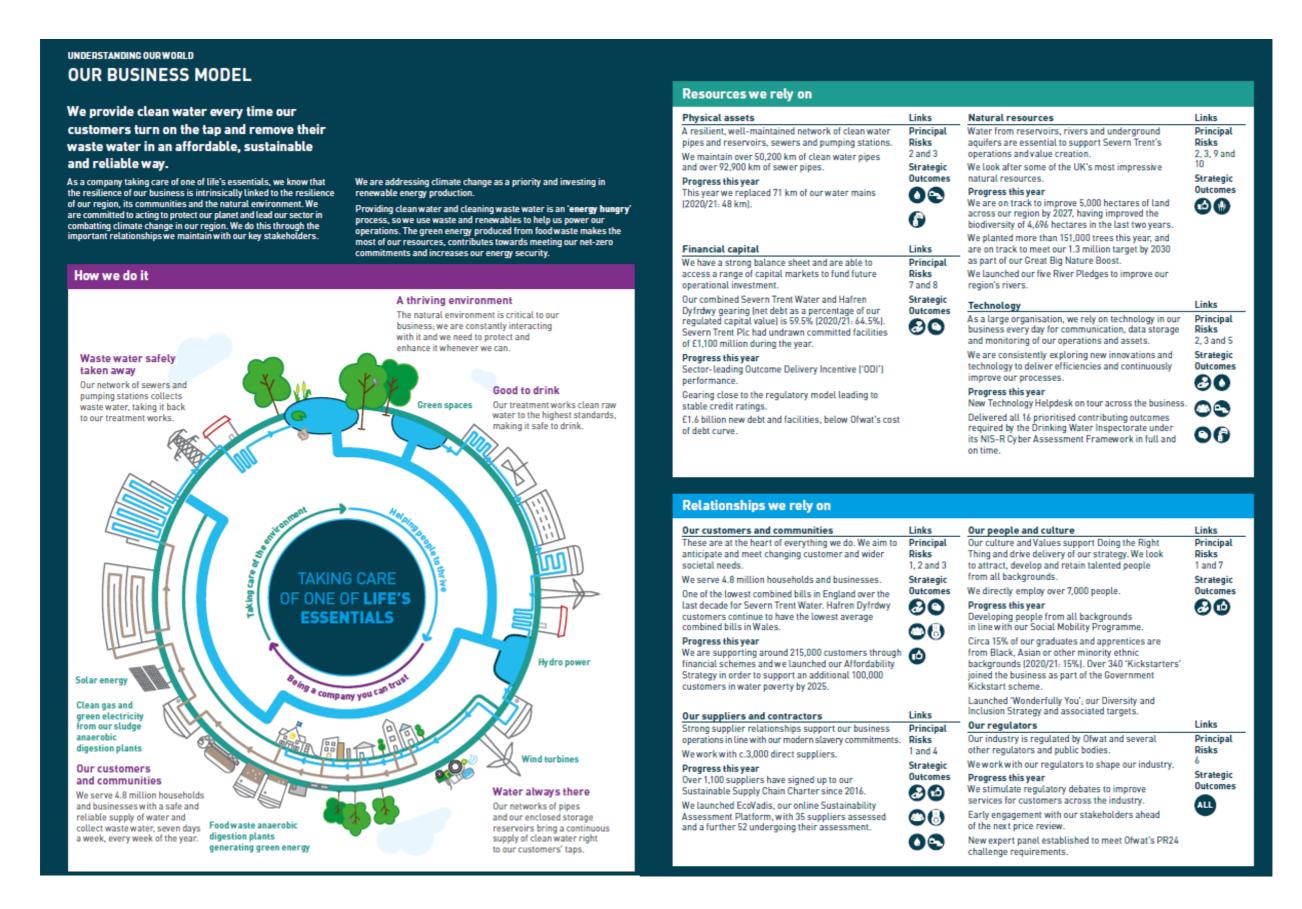
Sustainability commitments

In 2019 we announced our Triple Carbon Pledge, committed to operational net zero emissions including 100% renewable energy and an all-electric fleet (where available) by 2030. This year we confirmed our Science-Based Targets in line with a 1.5°C pathway. At COP26 we helped to launch the Get Nature Positive campaign, aimed at reversing the negative impact on nature, and pledged to restore over 2,000 hectares of peatland. In 2020 we announced our decision to invest £1.2 billion in sustainability - read more on page 34. Our dedicated Sustainability Report, which will be published in mid-June, sets out the progress we are making against our sustainability commitments.

Severn Trent Water Limited

Strategic report

For the year ended 31 March 2022



For the year ended 31 March 2022

MARKET AND INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

OUR WATER SECTOR

There are a total of 17 regional businesses that supply water services to over 50 million household and non-household customers in England and Wales. Eleven of these, including Severn Trent Water Limited and Hafren Dyfrdwy Cyfyngedig, provide water and waste water services; the remaining six provide water services only.

Priorities for the upcoming price review

Ofwat last completed its five-yearly review cycle of the water industry's pricing in 2019. These price controls set out the amount that water and waste water companies can charge for their services over a five-year period, known as Asset Management Plan ('AMP') periods. The next price review is due in 2024 ('PR24') and will govern pricing across the period 2025 to 2030.

We are currently working through and developing our plans for PR24, which build on the success and learnings from our Green Recovery submission, and on supporting the key outcomes outlined by the regulator. These comprise a focus on the long term, better understanding of our customers and communities, creating environmental and social value, and being efficient and innovative.

We regularly seek feedback from our customers to help shape our plans, seeing it as a continual activity, not just something that happens at price reviews. We have already engaged with over 11,000 customers as we develop our plans for the future on topics ranging from wider societal issues and our impact on the environment, to more tactical topics like sensible use of water in hot weather.

Over the last few years, we have noticed some subtle changes in the types of topics our customers are raising with us. Many of our customers are concerned about affordability and protecting vulnerable customers, as well as the environment, climate change and how we are adapting to extreme weather to ensure a resilient supply. The importance of water efficiency and education also continue to be mentioned a lot by our customers. These are key areas that our PR24 plan will look to cover and support. As part of the current price review process, we recognise that our sector, our environment and society more generally are facing a number of challenges. Responding to these will require a forward-looking focus, and as such our five-year business plan will be developed in the context of a longer-term strategy and strategic direction.

How we are collaborating to tackle net zero

One way in which we are collaborating with the wider UK water sector is in our commitment to be net zero by 2030. One of the biggest challenges is tackling emissions from our waste water treatment process, which is why we convened the Process Emissions Industry Group. The group's ambition is to work together to share data, knowledge, experience and plans so we can better tackle this challenge together. The ST Group is linked to the longstanding Water UK net-zero group, which has been running since 2019, and the associated carbon network, which has run for about 15 years.

Affordability

There are an increasing number of customers in water poverty emerging in society and our customers tell us that they are not immune from this. Recent events have highlighted the financial pressures faced by our communities – from the energy crisis, increasing National Insurance costs, falling Universal Credit, rising inflation and, most recently, the impacts of the conflict in Ukraine. Real disposable income is forecast to decline by 2.2% in the next year, the largest single fall since ONS records began.

As a socially responsible company, that genuinely cares about its customers and the communities it serves, we launched our Affordability Strategy in May 2022 to support up to a further 100,000 customers at a time when they need help the most.

Our Affordability Strategy is an industry first and we are excited to realise the benefits for all stakeholders – and particularly our customers.

Working with our regulators and stakeholders

We are subject to regulation of our price and performance by economic, quality and environmental regulators, as outlined below.

Policy

The Department for the Environment, Food and Rural Affairs ('Defra') in England provides the strategic and policy direction for the industry and our regulators.

Regulation and representation

Consumer Council for Water	The Consumer Council for Water ('CCW') speaks on behalf of water consumers in England and Wales. It provides advice to consumers and takes up complaints on their behalf.
Drinking Water Inspectorate	The Drinking Water Inspectorate ('DWI') independently checks that water supplies in England and Wales are safe and that drinking water quality is acceptable to consumers.
Environment Agency	The Environment Agency ('EA') allows us to collect water from reservoirs, rivers and aquifers and return it to the environment after it has been used by our customers and treated by us.
Natural England	Natural England advises the Government on the natural environment in England and helps to protect nature and the landscape, especially for plant and animal life in both fresh water and the sea.
Ofwat	Ofwat is the economic regulator for the industry in England and Wales. Ofwat principally exercises its duty to protect the interests of customers through periodic reviews of charges ('price reviews') every five years.

We also work with a range of other regulators including:

- the Health and Safety Executive to manage risk and ensure that the health and safety of our employees, customers and visitors is preserved; and
- Ofgem, the economic regulator of gas and electricity markets, whose remit extends to renewable energy generation.

The strategic direction to 2050

At Severn Trent, we are committed to drive progress in the water sector now and for generations to come. We are first and foremost driven by our Purpose - 'taking care of one of life's essentials' focused on the delivery of outcomes for the benefit of our customers and wider society, as well as our shareholders.

We recognise that as an industry, and a society, we are facing into a number of significant trends and challenges. We recognise and value the benefits of working in partnership and collaborating with other water and waste water companies, regulators, businesses and customers to ensure we continue to deliver water resource resilience for future generations to come.

During the year we have released consultations of our Strategic Direction Statement ('SDS') which outlines the key themes of the challenges and trends facing our businesses over the course of the next 30 years, and how we plan to respond to them. In identifying our responses to these issues, we balance the needs of all our stakeholders – customers, communities, employees, partners, regulators and our governments. The SDS for Severn Trent Water is available on its website, providing more specific explanations of the key trends and challenges.

KEY TRENDS AND CHALLENGES

RESPONSE OVER THE NEXT 30 YEARS

STRATEGIC OUTCOMES



Demographic and social change

The UK population is expected to grow over the next 25 years. Our population is expected to have a higher proportion of single-occupancy households and an increasingly ageing population.

Customer expectations are continuing to evolve, with a continued reliance on digital technologies and greater focus on the environmental credentials of businesses.

Given the increased demand for water, we will bolster our resilience to source and deliver water, and help our customers to become more water conscious.

We will continue the move towards digital channels to allow our customers to contact us in the most convenient way to them.







Lowest possible bills





An outstanding experience







Waste water safely taken away



Climate change

Climate change will continue to impact global weather patterns and create more extreme weather events such as flooding and drought.

We anticipate further interventions around decarbonisation and a focus on reducing carbon emissions.

In response to climate change, we will improve the resilience of our network, whilst maintaining a safe and high-performing culture. We will continue to focus on reducing our carbon footprint and that of our supply chain. As a Group, we have committed to being net zero on our Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions by 2030.



Change in land use as a consequence of demographic change (such as more housing developments) and climate change (extreme weather) has potential to impact on the environment and ecosystems.

Awareness of environmental issues and the value and role of our natural environment are continuing to become more prevalent in society.

We will identify, design and adopt more sustainable practices to support the natural environment in response to these challenges. We will work in partnership with others in our region, and its catchments, to limit the overall impact on our environment.

We will minimise waste, and support the principles of a circular economy wherever possible.



Affordability challenges

The impacts of future recessions and periods of economic growth will not be shared equally, with impacts unevenly spread across our household and non-household customers alike

Responding to future environmental and social change will require investment by water companies, which will need to be balanced against the impact on customer bills.

We will continue to review our systems and processes in supporting our customers, and deliver a high-quality, affordable service.

We will work with our communities to make a positive social difference, including skills capability and employment opportunities in our region.

CHAIR'S STATEMENT

PURPOSE BEYOND THE PANDEMIC

The pandemic has taught us some valuable lessons and underlined the importance of Purpose in everything we do. Our strategy is working and we are confident that we are in a strong position for the challenges and opportunities ahead. As the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic continue to present themselves, the Board remains focused on ensuring that Severn Trent is a successful, socially-purposeful company, making long-term decisions for the benefit of all our stakeholders.

Our enduring Purpose and culture

Our Purpose – taking care of one of life's essentials – is a long-term endeavour developed collaboratively by our people, for our people. We know that what we do is crucial for everyone who lives and works in our region – be that in the water they drink, the jobs we create, the communities we serve and support, and the nature enjoyed by us all. Our Purpose is the foundation on which we can build meaningful and long-standing relationships with our stakeholders, to enable us to play our part in society positively and proactively. Our Values – Having Courage, Embracing Curiosity, Showing Care and Taking Pride – underpin our Purpose and reflect the deep connection that we have with the stakeholders we serve.

The effects of the COVID-19 pandemic are widespread and will not be short-lived. The events of the last two years have had a fundamental impact on the way businesses across the globe have operated, and Severn Trent is no exception. The pandemic has highlighted that Purpose alone is not enough to effect meaningful change. Our people and our culture are crucial to our success, and our employees have remained connected to our Purpose throughout the pandemic.

This is reflected in their commitment to initiatives that align with the Government's Levelling Up agenda, such as the Government Kickstart scheme and our apprenticeship programme, which have created opportunities for meaningful, skilled work that are accessible for all and will improve skills capability across our whole region. The way in which our people are working to build skills and employment across our communities over the long term is truly inspirational.

As outlined in my Chair's review last year, our response to the pandemic considered all stakeholders, encompassed in our mission to be a force for good both during the pandemic and beyond – whether this was ensuring our operational services remained resilient, protecting our environment, strengthening our connection with our workforce and communities, or delivering our bold Green Recovery plans. We have made good progress in each of these areas again this year and I am particularly delighted with the progress made on our Green Recovery plans, as these schemes will deliver long-term benefits for all our stakeholders at a time when it is most needed.

Protecting and enhancing our environment

I could not write my report this year without discussing the heightened focus on river quality and the way in which we are responding to this important issue. Both the Board and Executive Team are committed to making a positive impact on the environment and the communities we serve and recognise that, as a sector, there's more we need to do to help our region's rivers be the healthiest they can be. The Board welcomed the report by the Parliamentary Environmental Audit Committee, with its emphasis on the importance of investment and tackling the root causes of pollution, and we discuss this topic regularly to oversee the detailed plans to address our customers' concerns and ensure that our region's rivers are as healthy as possible.

Further to many Board discussions on this important topic, and informed by extensive stakeholder engagement, in March 2022, we announced our commitment to 'Get River Positive'; establishing five River Pledges.

We continue to oversee progress against each of these pledges at every Board meeting and we have also directly linked the River Pledges to our remuneration structures, through introducing some of the measures that are most pertinent to our stakeholders into our Annual Bonus Plan with 8% of every employee's bonus aligned to their achievement from 2022/23. Further detail can be found within the Directors' Remuneration Report.

Listening to our stakeholders

Our Purpose forms the foundation of our relationships with our stakeholders and is critical to our long-term success. Our people connect with our Purpose, and our outstanding engagement scores and consistent operational performance demonstrate the strength and depth of this connection. Our customers and communities tell us that they want us to focus on topics of importance to them and be reassured that they can depend on us to respond to these issues. Our investors want to understand our Purpose and Values and know that we will apply these consistently in delivering our strategy, with a focus on the long term.

When meeting our people throughout the year, it is clear that they take seriously the responsibility that comes with providing an essential service. Their passion and commitment shine through in everything they do, through embracing change or adapting to unexpected incidents and extreme weather events during the year. As outlined in my report last year, throughout the pandemic, our people altered their normal ways of working and demonstrated their flexibility and resilience. This cemented the already strong bond we have with our employees – aided by innovative campaigns such as 'Caring for our colleagues' and 'Share a Smile', along with establishing our four employee advisory groups for LGBTQ+, Ethnicity, Disability and Women in STEM and Operations. I am very much looking forward to attending these meetings next year.

Our connection with our local communities has also been reinforced during the year, not least due to our partnership with the Birmingham 2022 Commonwealth Games. Our people, customers and communities have worked together to create 74 Tiny Forests, at least one for each Commonwealth nation, in urban areas across our region, which will deliver a lasting legacy for the Commonwealth Games and also create inspiring outdoor classrooms allowing children to learn first-hand about nature and the environment for many years to come. This is just one component of our plans to ensure that the Commonwealth Games are the most sustainable ever.

Affordability

Through listening to our stakeholders, it is clear that there is an increasing number of households experiencing water poverty (customers that spend more than 5% of their income, after housing costs, on water) and our customers tell us that they are not immune from this. Recent events have highlighted the financial pressures faced by our communities – as a result of rising energy prices, increasing National Insurance costs, falling Universal Credit, rising inflation and, most recently, the impacts of the conflict in Ukraine. Real disposable income is forecast to decline by 2.2% in the next year, the largest single fall since ONS records began.

As a socially responsible company that genuinely cares about its customers and the communities it serves, we launched our Affordability Strategy in May 2022, comprising a package of new funding totalling £30 million, which will see the number of customers supported through our social tariff increase by 100,000 at a time when they need support the most. In developing our approach, we engaged with all of our stakeholders, including customers, Ofwat, CCW and local communities to listen to, and understand, their views and the affordability challenges they face. Our strategy has been developed in full consideration of these discussions.

Resilient financial performance and sharing the rewards

We were very pleased that, in December 2021, Ofwat highlighted Severn Trent as being in the top three in the sector for both service delivery and financial resilience. We were the only company to be in the top three for both areas. Under our industry's regulatory framework, we are able to share 50% of totex outperformance with customers and 50% of totex outperformance can be reinvested. Over the course of AMP6, we reinvested £220 million generated by our outperformance back into our business. We continue to invest our totex efficiently spending in line with our allowance to date. This means we can make investments to bolster and improve our operational performance and resilience. Additionally, over the last year, we have allocated c.£2 million through the Severn Trent Community Fund to 73 projects in our region. Read more about these projects online at stwater.co.uk/about-us/severn- trent-community-fund/.

We consistently demonstrate robust operational and resilient financial performance, and this year has been no exception, with turnover of £1,808.9 million (up from £1,699.5m in 2020/21) and PBIT of £490.8 million (up from £457.9m in 2020/21). Liv and James will provide further detail within their respective reports.

Innovation in sustainability

I am delighted that we have been included on the 2021 Carbon Disclosure Project climate change 'A List', making us one of just 200 global companies, out of almost 12,000 assessed, to achieve this rating. This reflects the focus and hard work of our people in tackling climate change and the high quality of our reporting, including the publication of our third Group Climate Change Adaptation Report and Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures ('TCFD') in September 2021. You can read our TCFD update this year on pages 35 to 45 in the Severn Trent Plc Annual Report and Accounts.

Notwithstanding this excellent progress, we are not at all complacent and recognise that, in order to transition to a net-zero world, we must be at the forefront of transformation and act as leaders in innovation to develop new ways of delivering our services. The Board undertook a number of site visits during the year, to observe and understand the innovative trials underway that seek to measure, reduce and remove carbon from our process emissions where possible. You can read more about this important activity in our dedicated Sustainability Report, which was published in mid-June.

In addition to this, key programmes such as the Water Framework Directive are progressing well and we are on track to meet our objectives under the Water Industry National Environment Programme schemes in the current AMP.

Your Board

My focus continues to be on maintaining a strong, value-adding team, with a diverse range of professional backgrounds, skills and perspectives. Succession planning is a key priority for the Board and Nominations Committee, and we have many rich discussions on this topic at meetings.

As part of our succession plans, we welcomed two independent Non-Executive Directors to the Board during the year. Gillian Sheldon was appointed in November 2021 and Tom Delay joined us in January 2022, and we are already benefiting from the skills and experience they bring to our Board. Their extensive inductions are still underway, facilitated through a blend of one-to-one meetings and site visits. I have no doubt that both Gillian and Tom will find the wide-ranging activity that takes place across the Group as informative and inspiring as I do.

Following the announcement on 1 November 2021, Angela Strank stepped down from the Board on 31 March 2022, having served on the Board for over eight years. On behalf of the Board, I would like to thank Angela for her service to Severn Trent and her valuable contribution to the Board's work, particularly in her capacity as Chair of the Corporate Sustainability Committee. The Company's sustainability agenda advanced significantly under her leadership and we are proud of what the Company achieved during her tenure.

Long-term outlook

The last two years have emphasised that our coherent strategy and clear Purpose and Values have enabled us to respond to changes on the horizon and deliver strong performance for the benefit of our stakeholders. With two years of AMP7 now having passed, we have started looking at the next regulatory period and we are confident that we are in the right position to build an ambitious plan that further delivers for all stakeholders.

I look forward to the year ahead, knowing that the talent and commitment of our people, the operational and financial strength of our business, our solid asset base and our commitment to good governance will help us to fulfil our potential as a socially responsible business providing a high-quality, essential public service and stay true to our Purpose of 'taking care of one of life's essentials'. There is much more to do. However, we are ambitious in our desire to meet the expectations of our stakeholders.

Christine Hodgson

Chair

CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REVIEW

MAKING A POSITIVE DIFFERENCE

I'm delighted to present my Chief Executive's Review for 2021/22, providing you with an update on our performance and my personal highlights of the year. The days when a company was judged purely on its balance sheet and income statement are behind us, and this is a change we welcome wholeheartedly. That's not to say that financial performance is no longer a key focus; we're extremely proud of our track record, as you can see in James's Chief Financial Officer's Review. As we have previously articulated in our Social Purpose document, what truly matters is balance. Balance between today and tomorrow, between making improvements where customers, and broader stakeholders, value them the most, making a positive impact on the environment and the communities we serve. So in this year's review, I want to focus on the issues of importance to our stakeholders and set out our bold commitments to address them.

Listening to our stakeholders this year, it is clear that there are two main issues on their minds – river quality and affordability. We have listened carefully to fully understand their concerns on these two important topics and developed our approach in consideration of their views.

Protecting and enhancing our environment

We are delighted to have been awarded the industry leading 4* EPA status from the Environment Agency for the last two years and believe ourselves to be on track to achieve the same rating again this year, against increasingly stretching targets. This is a testament to the hard work of the operational teams involved.

Our Great Big Nature Boost has improved the biodiversity of over 4,600 hectares in the last two years, delivering over 90% of our 5,000 hectares by 2027 target already. We've delivered this through a number of initiatives, including Severn Trent Environmental Protection Scheme ('STEPS') grants, work on our own land delivered by our wonderful army of employee volunteers, and working with farmers and landowners to plant trees and protect hedgerows. We're bringing our supply chain with us too, with all contracts now requiring a net 15% biodiversity gain for site construction works.

In July 2021, Ofwat awarded us £566 million (2017/18 prices) to invest in our ambitious Green Recovery programme, providing a great opportunity to deliver long-term growth for the Company alongside new investment to support our ESG ambitions. We were delighted with this outcome and are thrilled to share that all of our Green Recovery projects are progressing at pace with our projects mobilised and key suppliers engaged. We have made excellent progress on improving 50km to create bathing quality stretches of water of the rivers Avon and Teme, which will provide more leisure opportunities, improve wellbeing and also deliver environmental benefits, including enhanced biodiversity and healthier aquatic life. We have also begun work on our £76 million Green Recovery project in Mansfield, which will see us install thousands of sustainable urban drainage schemes including rain gardens, retention ponds and swales. Not only will these interventions assist with flood alleviation in Mansfield, they will also deliver wonderful nature-based amenities for local communities to enjoy.

Getting River Positive

Our stakeholders have told us how important river quality is to them and we share their passion that our region's rivers should be the healthiest they can be. In November 2021, Ofwat and the Environment Agency each issued their own investigations into the waste water industry to investigate compliance with the conditions of environmental permits. We were able to respond quickly and comprehensively and have had open conversations since. It is not yet clear what the scope or likely outcome of this investigation will be as it is in its early stages. In my report, I want to lay out the way in which we are responding to the heightened focus on this important issue and how we will report our progress to you. We are fully committed at every level of the organisation – from the frontline to the Boardroom – to making a positive impact on the environment and the communities we serve, and recognise that, as a sector, there is more that we should do to help our region's rivers be the healthiest they can be. Of course, the long-term success of our Company is naturally linked to the health of the environment and the wellbeing of our customers, colleagues and the communities we

serve. And our sustainability commitments go beyond this – focused on making a positive impact in our region, for the people who live and work here and the environment around us.

Which is why we have made good progress in improving the health of our region's rivers significantly in the last 30 years – in the last 32 years we have invested £12 billion in improving sewage treatment – which has helped reduce levels of phosphate by 80.5%, biochemical oxygen demand by 71% and ammonia by 72%. Notwithstanding the progress made, we know that we need to do more and play a leading role in helping others to make positive changes too. In March, we announced our commitment to 'Get River Positive' – which we will achieve through our five River Pledges. In developing each of our pledges, we engaged with all of our stakeholders, including shareholders, customers, local communities, NGOs, regulators and other key stakeholders and river user groups to listen to and understand their views. We will also report on our progress in delivering our pledges in an open and transparent way.

Alongside our pledges, we have introduced a dedicated team of River Rangers – who will work with community groups and organisations such as Warwickshire Wildlife Trust to care for rivers and address issues across our region.

I have also personally met with all managers to ensure the whole organisation is aligned on our pledges and we have also directly linked the River Pledges to our remuneration structures through introducing some of the measures that are most pertinent to our stakeholders into our Annual Bonus Plan, with 8% of every employee's bonus aligned to their achievement from 2022/23.

Roadmap to Net Zero

Our customers and broader stakeholders tell us that they are focused on our response to climate change. We are determined to play a leading role in addressing the impact of climate change and mitigating our own impact, the impact of our supply chain and adapting to the challenges that climate change may bring in the future. In March 2021, we submitted our proposed Scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions targets to the Science-Based Targets Initiative, committing us to significantly reduce our greenhouse gas emissions by 2030. We are making good progress towards our net zero by 2030 target, including:

- ➤ 17% of our company vehicles and 1% of our vans are now electric vehicles (against a target of 100% by 2030, where possible);
- ➤ a 25% reduction in Scope 1 and 2 emissions (against a target of 46% by 2030);
- 38% of our suppliers have set a Science-Based Target for Scope 3 emissions (against a target of 70%); and
- ➤ 100% of electricity usage being renewable (against a target of 100% by 2030).

We are on track for operational net zero by 2030 and we generated a record total renewable energy of 507 GWh, equivalent to 52% of our electricity use this year, and we were also recognised in the top 2% of global companies in the Carbon Disclosure Project's climate change 'A List'. We are also improving the accuracy of our own emissions data through drones and industry-leading monitoring, and trialling a range of innovative solutions to identify the most effective ways of reducing process emissions.

You can read more about our progress in our dedicated Sustainability Report, which was published in mid-June.

Supporting our customers, colleagues and communities

Our Purpose is taking care of one of life's essentials and we want our services to be affordable for all our customers. We already have the second-lowest water bills in England at £389 a year; however, we know that there is an increasing number of households experiencing financial poverty and, for some, even £1 a day is a stretch too far. Recent events have highlighted the financial pressures faced by our communities – as a result of soaring energy prices, increasing National Insurance costs, falling Universal Credit, rising inflation, and most recently, the impacts of the conflict in Ukraine. Real disposable income is forecast to decline by 2.2% in the next year, the largest single fall since ONS records began.

We already provide an extensive range of schemes to support those that are struggling to pay their bills and currently support around 215,000 customers, which is ahead of our 2025 target of 195,000.

For Severn Trent, the proportion of our customers estimated to be in water poverty is around the national average. In May 2022, we launched our new Affordability Strategy, which will see the number of customers supported through our social tariff increase by a further 100,000. This will mean that c.6% of our customers will be supported by our social tariff by the end of the AMP, and taken together with the other types of financial support, we will be helping around 315,000 of our most financially vulnerable customers by the end of the AMP.

Our Severn Trent Community Fund also offers incredible support to charities and other organisations in our region, with a further c.£2 million awarded to 73 unique projects this year by our customer-led panel.

As well as strong financial support, we are also heavily involved in education activity. This year we have:

- welcomed 47% of this year's new talent intake from social mobility cold spots;
- ▶ been joined by 340 young people under the Government's Kickstart programme, with 40% of those having secured jobs or gone back into education;
- offered 4% of the UK's total internships under the #10000BlackInterns programme; and
- delivered education programmes to children in 140 schools about water including healthy hydration, water efficiency and healthy sewers.

Delivering operational excellence every day

Despite the disruption of the pandemic, our teams have worked together to deliver impressive operational performance once again. We're proud to have met our targets on 88% of measures, demonstrating the breadth of our operational leadership, and we are determined to drive the change needed to hit the three targets that we did not meet. This performance resulted in a sector leading net reward of £79 million, taking the total amount earned this AMP so far to £156 million.

On water performance, the investments we made in AMP6 combined with a relentless focus on performance are proving effective with ten in twelve of our water measures met this year. I am delighted that we have maintained our low level of complaints about drinking water taste, odour or appearance, reflecting a 44% reduction since 2016. The team has delivered this amazing improvement through a robust programme of cleansing and conditioning across our mains network and implementing plans to create a calmer network. We also remain on track to reduce leakage by 15% by 2025 and 50% by 2045, supported by the installation of over 110,000 meters this year.

On waste water, our waste operational performance remains strong, with six in eight measures met as we use data analytics to help us work smarter and target investment in the right places. Blockages are down 4% year-on-year following increased investment in repairs and cleansing, more sewer sensors and customer education. We have also reduced the number of pollutions by 30% this AMP, supported by increased condition-based monitoring of assets and our new Waste Network Response Team.

We're continuing to see improvements in our customer experience scores, with all nine of our customer service measures green. A big part of this is how accessible we are as a company and I am delighted that our household customers can now access a multi-channel digital experience; allowing simple, quick interactions with us in a way that best suits them. This is reflected in our improved C-MeX performance this year. And we continue to be sector leading in developer services, with a best-in-class D-MeX score for the second year in a row.

Our people

This year has again reinforced my view of Severn Trent's strengths, our Values and our resilience – and highlighted that, when we work together, there is nothing that we cannot achieve. Our Value, 'Showing Care', is central to how we keep our people and communities safe in all that we do. It's how we start every shift and every meeting, and our Goal Zero policy clearly sets out our target that no one should be injured or made unwell by what we do. We experienced no major safety incidents and no fatalities in the last twelve months, with a 10% improvement in Lost Time Incidents ('LTIs') this year.

I passionately believe that having a culture that embraces individuals' contributions, no matter what their age, gender, race, ethnicity, disability, sexual orientation, social background, religion or belief, is a vital part of our future success. We're proud of our track record on gender diversity and we were

delighted to be recognised as the top utility company for both representation of women on the Board and combined Executive Committee and direct reports in the FTSE Women Leaders Review 2021.

Over the last year we've put particular focus on championing the voices of colleagues from diverse backgrounds and we launched our 'Wonderfully You' campaign this year, which outlines our Diversity and Inclusion ambitions. This activity is supported by our established employee advisory groups for LGBTQ+, Ethnicity, Disability and Women in STEM and Operations. These groups have been fundamental to our progress to date, which saw us recognised in Stonewall's Top 40 Employers, and in the top five companies on the Social Mobility Index. I have enjoyed attending each of these groups throughout the year to see the fantastic work they are doing first-hand.

I am delighted that we maintained our strong employee engagement score again this year — with an average score of 8.2, placing us in the top 10% of utilities globally. I am particularly pleased that, during a challenging labour market, our colleagues scored the question, asking whether they would recommend us as a place to work to a friend, 8.2 out of 10. The loyalty our people have shown is evident in their dedication to delivering for our customers and our excellent operational performance this year.

Thanks and outlook

I would like to thank all 6,800 of my wonderful colleagues, who have worked tirelessly to help deliver our Purpose – taking care of one of life's essentials – this past year. The passion they have applied to all they do, sometimes in difficult circumstances but always with a smile on their faces, is truly inspiring. It is an honour to work alongside you.

My thanks also go to my exceptional management team for their continued leadership across the Group, which has been particularly important again this past year. And I am grateful too for the stewardship, support and challenge from Christine and the Board.

I am proud of what we've achieved this year, and see enormous potential in what we can achieve in the year ahead. Now that the UK has moved into recovery mode following the pandemic, we're ideally placed to play our part in the next phase through our Green Recovery plans, helping deliver the first ever carbon-neutral Commonwealth Games, having a positive societal impact on our communities through our Affordability Strategy and making further progress on our environmental commitments. We now have to deliver everything we've promised to set us up for continued success in AMP7 and put us on a positive trajectory for AMP8. It's going to be a real challenge and it's one we're confident and excited to deliver.

Liv Garfield
Chief Executive

For the year ended 31 March 2022







PLEDGE ONE

Ensure storm overflows and sewage treatment works do not harm rivers



PLEDGE TWO

Create more opportunities for everyone to enjoy our region's rivers



PLEDGE THREE

Support others to improve and care for rivers



PLEDGE FOUR

Enhance our rivers and create new habitats so wildlife can thrive



PLEDGE FIVE

Open and transparent about our performance and our plans



River Rangers

Our new River Rangers Team is dedicated to protecting the region's waterways and helping them to thrive. The Team works closely with our partners, including regional wildlife trusts, community groups, river users and others, to focus on improving river health and boosting biodiversity along stretches of our region's rivers.

In addition, they also work to educate communities on sewer misuse, preventing wipes and sanitary products from reaching rivers.

The Team carries out a programme of operational, monitoring and sampling activities, allowing us to better understand the quality of rivers in our region and what's needed to protect and improve them.



For the year ended 31 March 2022

RIVER POSITIVE BY 2030 CONTINUED

RIVER POSITIVE BY 2030



- Based on the Environment Agency measure of Rivers Not Achieving Good Status ('RNAGS'), our operations will not be the reason for unhealthy rivers by 2030.
- We will reduce spills from storm overflows to an average of 20 per year by 2025.
- Using better data, we will find and fix problems quicker than ever before at no extra cost to customers.

PLEDGE TWO Create more opportunities for everyone to enjoy our region's rivers

- We will ensure that 90% of people in our region live within an hour's drive of a bathing site.
- We'll improve 50 km of rivers in Warwickshire and Shropshire, creating 15 km of bathing quality river by 2025, and have plans to double the amount of bathing quality rivers in the Midlands within ten years.
- We will work with local clubs to increase opportunities for water-based activities at our reservoir sites, starting this year.



PLEDGE THREE Support others to improve and care for rivers

- We have launched a new deal for farmers which includes helping them transition to regenerative farming practices in our region.
- We will campaign for the removal of the automatic right to connect for new development, i.e. building new homes.
- We will champion the Bill to ban wet wipes that contain plastic and will lobby for a ban on all wet wipes that are not 'Fine to Flush'
- We will launch regional River Forums, bringing all contributors to river health together.
- Later this year we'll launch a Get River Positive Community Fund to support community groups and charities wanting to help improve our region's rivers.



including agriculture, housing and transport, accounting for 76% of the reasons for rivers failing to achieve good ecological status. Notwithstanding the progress made, we are responding to our stakeholders' heightened focus on this important issue. Our Get River Positive commitments and five River Pledges set out how we will make a positive impact on the erwironment and the communities we serve and help our region's rivers be the healthiest they can be.

We're working hard to prevent river pollution

The sector has made good progress in improving river health over the last 30 years. The water industry accounts for 24% of the

remaining quality issues in England's rivers and other sectors,

based on the Environment Agency RNAGS measure.

As part of our Get River Positive approach, we will ensure that our storm overflows and sewage treatment works do not harm rivers,

Improving river health is a team game

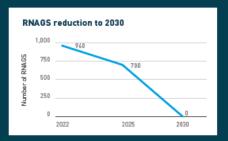
We are committed to doing all we can to take leadership on many of the issues our region's rivers face and to partner with others to make our region's rivers the healthiest they can be.



Source: The Environment Agency Catchment Data Explorer, September 2021

The route to zero - the plan so far

At Severn Trent we are responsible for 960 RNAGS within our at severn frent weare responsible for you invalue within our region. We have committed to reducing RNAGS to 700 by 2025 and ultimately zero by 2030 to ensure that our storm overflows and sewage treatment works do not harm rivers. We already have detailed plans and measures in place to address 80% of our RNAGS and we are developing plans for the remaining 20%, which will be in place by the end of 2022.



PLEDGE FOUR Enhance our rivers and create new habitats so wildlife can thrive

- By 2030 we will have established new habitats, in the Midlands, for native species of wildlife, such as great crested newts, beavers, otters and cuckoos - so our natural communities can thrive.
- Our River Rangers will work with community groups and organisations such as Warwickshire Wildlife Trust to care for rivers and address issues across our region.
- Our Get River Positive Community Champion volunteers will work with Waterside Care and the Canal and River Trust to clean and restore rivers and river banks across our region.
- We'll plant over a million trees across our region by 2025, and 1.3 million by 2027.



PLEDGE FIVE Be open and transparent about our performance and our plans

- We will work with NGOs to ensure we provide the river quality information people want and need to see by the end of 2022.
- We will make this information easily accessible via our websites by end of 2022.
- As well as 100% monitor coverage at our treatment works and on our storm overflows, later this year we will start monitoring wider river quality and share the results on our websites.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

OUR PERFORMANCE AND KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

OUR PERFORMANCE AND KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Strategic outcomes

- A company you can trust
- ▲ A positive difference
- C Lowest possible bills
- A service for everyone
- An outstanding experience
- Good to drink
- Water always there
- Waste water safely taken away
- A thriving environment

A number of our operational Key Performance Indicators ['KPIs'] contribute to more than one of our strategic outcomes.

Performance Commitments that relate to Severn Trent Water only as it operates today, not including Halfren Dyfridwy (jour Welston only regulated company following the realignmen of the England-Wales boundary), are indicated by a 1 footnote.

Where possible, we have used consistent data for 2020/21 and 2021/22, which may diffe from our APR20 reported value due to methodology changes for a number of Performance Commitments. These are indicated by a *flootote.

Remuneration

Annual Bonus Scheme ('ABS')

There are additional ODIs that are not KPIs in this report. For more information on the strategic alienment of remuneration, see page 140.

Stakeholders

- Our Customers
- Our Colleagues.
- Our Communities
- Qur Shareholders and Investors
- Our Suppliers and Contractors
- Regulators and Government

Relative performance

- Better than year-on-year / against target, where provided
- Deterioration year-on-year / against target, where provided
- No change year-on-year / equalling target, where provided

Our Customers and Communities

Supporting our customers, communities and the environment is always a key focus for us. We've had another strong year supporting our colleagues, giving back to our communities and delivering environmental improvements.

A Company You Can Trust

Showing care is central to our Values. It's at the heart of Doing the Right Thing every day. We do everything we can to create a culture that embraces individuality and enables everyone to be the best they can be.

We strive to ensure everyone goes home safe and well at the end of the day

Our commitment to health and safety continues. In a postpandemic world, we have successfully re-integrated our office-based staff to our main sites. Our culture drives our best work through collaboration, so spending time together in the office is crucial. At the same time, we recognise the positive impact on mental wellbeing of more flexible working, so we've invested in our technology to ensure we continue to take advantage of these opportunities where we can.

During the year, we recorded 19 incidents where our colleagues were temporarily unable to work. Though 19 of our colleagues getting hurt whilst working is still too many, we delivered a 10% reduction in LTIs compared with the last performance year. We've had a big focus on reminding staff during their return to sites and offices about the risks of injury during simple tasks such as slips, trips and falls.

A Positive Difference

We want to be known for our commitment to social responsibility. Our unique position in the Midlands allows us to make a positive difference to society in ways other companies cannot. That's why we're playing our part in the Levelling Up agenda through initiatives to support our wider communities.

We create opportunities for others

We've committed to offer 100,000 hours of free employability training to our communities through a variety of channels, including online learning, virtual and face-to-face workshops around topics such as growing your confidence, CV writing and interview skills. This is made possible through our Severn Trent Academy. Our commitment to the Kickstart programme was a real success, as 340 'Kickstarters' joined us with around 40% of all participants having secured jobs or gone back into education. We've taken valuable lessons from this into the #10000BlackInterns programme, where we're taking on 72 through employment as well as an additional 77 graduates and apprentices in 2022.

We continue to adapt our employability offering. In October 2021, we partnered with Sense to further our understanding and support of those who are neurodivergent. Understanding the impact of neurodivergence on individuals has allowed our managers to ensure support is there when needed, from how we approach our workload to the office environment we work in.

In 2015 we turned our attention to educating our current and future customers. This year we've educated another 80,656 school children on knowing what not to put down the toilet and sink to avoid sewer misuse. Our schools programme has also expanded its offering across the secondary education programme, allowing us to embed the educational messages we started in our AMP6 programme.

We're creating new jobs across the region

As part of our Green Recovery programme, we are investing £566 million (2017/18 prices) in initiatives to support the UK's recovery from the pandemic. We expect this investment to create c.2,500 jobs in our region, the majority of which will be within our supply chain and supporting partners. Alongside this, we'll create around 300 new roles within Severn Trent to help us mobilise and deliver the programme – so far we've recruited 107 employees into these roles.

Lowest Possible Bills

We're proud to have one of the lowest bills in England – but we know we can do more. Our focus on identifying properties which are not currently charged for the water they use, while understanding wider value for money, helps us ensure we can offer customers the best value service.

Through reducing the number of void properties, we can help reduce customers' bills. Finding void properties that should be brought into charge can be challenging, but it's the right thing to do to ensure those who use water pay for it. At the same time, we'll ensure that support is available for those struggling to pay their bills.

Working with retailers, we've also brought over 9,600 non-household properties into charge. This ensures those companies that are accessing our services pay for them.

The Big Difference Scheme, one of our affordability schemes, has helped around 627,500 customers to date. This year, we have increased accessibility to the scheme to maximise its reach, offering support to more customers by providing reductions to their bills.

A Company you can Trust

Employee engagement (QUEST) (score out of 10)



Lost Time Incidents ('LTIs') (per 100,000 hours worked)



A Positive Difference

Education programme (commitments)1



We also recognise that those struggling to pay their water bill are likely to be experiencing financial pressures elsewhere. When we identify someone that needs support, we go above and beyond to help them access support from other organisations as well. We're also working with partners and other companies to share data to better understand who might be at risk and reach out to support them as soon as possible.

We're continuing to understand how our customers perceive the value for money of our service. We've seen a slight reduction year-on-year, which we believe is a consequence of the wider financial squeeze on household budgets. We are playing our part in addressing the increasing number of customers in water poverty through our industry-leading Affordability Strategy.

Service for Everyone

It's our responsibility to ensure we provide a service that is affordable and accessible to everyone.

We're going to offer financial support to more customers than ever before

Supporting our customers is becoming more important as the scale of the cost of living challenge continues to become clear. Research suggests that within our region around 6% of customers are in water poverty, which means they spend more than 5% of their income, after household costs, on water.

We've made big steps in the last twelve months to improve the support available to our customers. Year-on-year we're supporting 13% more customers through our Help to Pay When You Need It Scheme. We have targeted working with partners across our region to increase the awareness of schemes and ensure those that can benefit the most are aware of how we can help them.

We're supporting around 215,000 customers to pay their bills, a 27% increase year-on-year and ahead of our 2025 target of 195,000. We've focused on ensuring as many customers as possible are aware of and can access our support programmes. We carried out a successful trial with Coventry City Council, which focused on supporting young care leavers as they transition into more independent living. Not only did we offer them support through the Big Difference Scheme, we also connected them with other organisations such as banking, social housing and other utility providers. The scheme was such a success we are now rolling it out further across our region.

Accessing our service has never been easier

We're continuing to see improvements in customer experience ('C-MeX') as a result of the enhanced focus across customer operations. We also offer our customers a multi-channel digital experience enabling simple, quick interactions with us in a way that best suits their needs. It's clear that our customers want a choice of channels and want it to be simple and quick to resolve their query. Our website has been redesigned to reduce the number of 'clicks' needed to manage accounts and we offer interaction via WhatsApp/Facebook Messenger/text/Apple Chat in a seamless way. We've also introduced our new virtual metering team, who can inspect and diagnose potential metering problems via a video call – an innovation we believe could solve up to 50% of all metering queries without the need for a physical visit.

We now have more than 220,000 customers signed up to our Priority Services Register ('PSR'). This is more than double the number from twelve months ago. Our PSR ensures those who need additional support are prioritised during an incident so we can provide them with bespoke communication and a personalised service.

An Outstanding Experience

Our customers' experience of dealing with us is just as important as the service we provide. That's why we continually strive to exceed our customers' expectations and deliver an outstanding experience for all.

Leading the industry for developers

We continue to lead the sector for our developers' experience of dealing with us. We know we've got a formula that works, so our focus this year has been to consolidate our industry leading position, refine our processes and drive further efficiency. Some of the key changes we've made this year are:

- Streamlining our operating model for large developers and self-lay providers, driving efficiency in design and construction;
- Introducing a new end-to-end customer management system; and
- Developing a new commercial model to leverage lower connection
- costs against high-value mains-laying activity.

At the same time, we've continued to focus on our charging strategy, ensuring that it is simple to understand, provides stable year-on-year charges and is considered value for money. All this combined has allowed us to continue to push forward the frontier of developer experience and retain our number one position in the industry.

Thriving Environment

What's good for nature is great for our water. By working with our natural environment, we not only improve biodiversity across our region, we also encourage nature to do some of the hard work for us. That's why we embrace curiosity across our business to find new ways to work with the natural environment.

We've got bold ambitions to transform our region's environment

In the last two years we've improved the biodiversity of over 4,600 hectares. We've delivered this through a number of initiatives including STEPS grants, work on our own land through staff volunteer days, and working with farmers and landowners to plant trees and protect hedgerows. This is a huge step towards our commitment to improve biodiversity by at least 5,000 hectares by 2027.

Our Great Big Nature Boost also supported the release of beavers back into the wild in the UK. Reintroducing beavers to Willington Wetlands will bring many benefits for the local environment, including reducing the risk of local flooding in the area. Their return is a major boost for the natural environment – which plays a key role in capturing, cleaning and carrying water – which means we need less concrete and chemicals to treat the water.

What's good for the environment is good for our customers too. We believe that for every £1 we spend on improving the environment, we can save up to £20 in treatment costs and also provide around £4 in environmental benefits. So we help keep bills low and improve the amenity value of our region at the same time.

As part of our role as the official Nature and Carbon Neutral Partner to the Birmingham 2022 Commonwealth Games, we will improve biodiversity of 2,022 acres through our Legacy Forests programme as well as creating 74 Tiny Forests – at least one for each of the competing nations. We've already planted our first four areas of the Legacy Forest and have completed our Tiny Forests programme around Birmingham.

Legacy Forest

2,022

We have planted 4% to 31 March 2022. Delivering the first ever carbon neutral games – through our 2,022-acre Legacy Forest. So far we have planted 4% of Legacy Forest in four areas – Hope Coppice (Solihull), Aldridge Airport (Walsall), The Bratch (Wombourne) and Woodgate Valley (Birmingham).

Water Bars

40 water refill bars We will be showcasing our water, how precious it is and promoting the reduction of single plastic use by providing over 40 water refill bars at 14 different venues across twelve days of competition at the Commonwealth Games. We are expecting c.2 million refills during the games.

Tiny Forests

74 (100%)

were planted by 19 April 2022. We are reconnecting communities with nature and protecting urban areas from climate change by planting 74 Tiny Forests, at least one for each of the competing nations at the games. Communities have supported us to plant the trees, along with Severn Trent people on their volunteering days.



Lowest Possible Bills

Value for money (percentage)1

2021/22	65
2020/21	67
2019/20	66

Definition

Our customers' view of value for money, measured by a quarterly survey.

Performance in 2021/22 A 65% (ODI target: 63%)

Strategic outcomes Remuneration Stakeholders
N/A

A Service for Everyone

Help to Pay When You Need it (% of customers)1

2021/22	N/	48
2020/21	35	

Definition

Percentage of our customers who need our support that are part of one of our affordability schemes.

Performance in 2021/22 48% (ODI target: 42%)

Strategic outcomes Remuneration Stakeholders
N/A

Priority Services Register ('PSR') (percentage)1

2021/22		5.7
2020/21	2.6	
2019/20	1.2	

Definition

Percentage of our customers that require bespoke support during incidents that are signed up to our PSR.

Performance in 2021/22 A 5.7% (ODI target: 5.2%)

Strategic outcomes

Remuneration N/A Stakeholders

An Outstanding Experience

Customer Measure of Experience ('C-MeX') (index)1

2021/22	8th
2020/21	9th
2019/20	9th

Definition

An industry standard view of customers' experience, measured through both quantitative and qualitative metrics.

Performance in 2021/22

Strategic outcomes Remuneration Stakeholders

Developer Measure of Experience ('D-MeX') (index)1



Definition

An industry standard view of developers' experience, measured through both quantitative and qualitative metrics.

Performance in 2021/22 1st

Strategic outcomes

Remuneration

Stakeholders

A Thriving Environment

Biodiversity (number of hectares ('ha'))1



Definition

The number of hectares of land with improved biodiversity since 2020.

Performance in 2021/22 4,696 (ODI target: 381)

Strategic outcomes

Remuneration

Stakeholders

0









Water

Good to Drink

Delivering safe, clean water is our day job. That's why improving our water quality has been a key focus for us over recent years.

We've maintained low levels of water quality complaints

We're delighted to report that we've maintained our low level of complaints about drinking water taste, odour or appearance. This reflects a 44% reduction in complaints since 2016.

Our strategy of flushing and conditioning our mains is yielding positive results. Increasing our flushing rate and returning to geographical areas at the right time helps us continue to drive improvements.

We're also continuing to see the benefit from AMP6 investment to improve raw water quality. By eliminating components such as manganese at source, we remove the risk of drinking water quality complaints at the tap.

Our innovative technology helps us monitor water quality

Our underlying performance on the Compliance Risk Index ('CRI'), a measure of water quality, has improved this year, with fewer sites failing year-on-year. Our work to understand bacteria within the process, using online flow cytometry, which provides live data on water safety, has proved a real success and helped us realise a marked improvement at our distribution service reservoirs.

Unfortunately, we did experience one failure at one large site, which impacted our overall performance resulting in a slight year-on-year deterioration.

This year we kicked off our Green Recovery schemes, two of which will deliver improvements in water quality. We're working across Coventry to further identify and replace up to 26,000 lead supply pipes to remove the risk of lead leaching into the water supply. This complex programme seeks to understand each individual property's risk of lead and identify a cost-effective solution to remove it. Our decarbonising water resources programme has also entered detailed design as we seek to make an additional 65 MI/d of raw water available across our network.

Good to Drink



Innovation in water

During the year, we trialled two exciting innovations that will help us deliver our long-term leakage targets.

ePulse - The ePulse condition assessment technology uses acoustic signals and advanced computer algorithms to assess our distribution network. It assigns a condition grade to each of our mains. This is important as it allows us to better understand where the risks are on our network of over 50,200 km of clean water pipes. Not only will it improve our proactive intervention, it will also help drive cost efficiencies, especially in highly urbanised areas where the cost to undertake mains renewal is more expensive.

Aqua Liner - New structural lining technologies that will reduce the cost of mains rehabilitation work. This efficiency will allow us to target a higher volume of rehabilitation work and therefore support the delivery of our leakage programme by reducing the risk of leakage through small cracks and weeping joints.

Water Always There

Customers expect to turn on the tap and water to flow. We take pride in making this happen every day of the year.

We've got more work to do on significant supply interruption events

When we fall short of our customers' expectations, it can be most noticeable in the supply of water we provide. Whether it's a lack of pressure, temporary interruptions to supply or a visible leak in the street, these all contribute to our customers' experience of our level of service.

Supply interruptions are a key area of focus for us. Over recent years we've worked hard to improve our performance when an incident occurs by rezoning our networks, using direct injection from tankers to keep water flowing and using our training Academy to allow our operatives to hone their repair skills. All this has led to an improvement in our underlying performance. Unfortunately, we are still experiencing significant individual events which materially impact our customers.

Events that lead to 55% of our total reported performance include:

- Storm Arwen the storm event caused multiple power failures across a number of remote sites. We were unable to respond with operatives and generators at all sites in time to prevent a loss of supply.
- Nottingham high demand higher than usual demand, combined with unplanned outages of some assets, resulted in a supply interruption event.

On track to deliver 15% leakage reduction

We are pleased to report we have already delivered a 3.5% reduction since 2020 – a great start as we strive to reduce leakage by 15% by 2025 and by 50% by 2045. Our customers tell us that they don't want water to be wasted as it is a precious resource. We're tackling leakage in a number of ways. Increasing our find activity ensures we identify and fix more issues across our network. We then drive down the time to fix each leak, with an 11% year-on-year improvement in our speed of response to visible leaks. To maintain this performance into the future, we're also continuing our investment in mains renewal and relining.

Within the year we've installed over 110,000 meters. We've also kicked off our smart metering programme as part of Green Recovery. This will help us and customers understand more about customer-side leakage. By expanding our use of smart technology, we'll be better able to identify potential leaks on customers' supply pipes and target those previously hard to solve problems. It will also give our customers greater insight into their own usage so we can maximise our water efficiency campaigns to reduce household consumption.

Water Always There

Supply interruptions (number of minutes)1 2021/22 12.65 The number of minutes the average customer is without 11.4 supply in the year. 2019/20 8.7 Performance in 2021/22 Y 12 45 minutes (ODI target: 6.13 minutes) Stakeholders Strategic outcomes Remuneration

Leakage (three-	year a	avei	rage) ('N	/l/d')¹
2021/22	446	•	Definition The aver	on age volume of water that
2020/21	455		leaks from our water network each day (measured as a three-year rolling average).	
2019/202	462			
			446 Ml/d	nance in 2021/22 A
Strategic outcomes	Re	mur	eration	Stakeholders
0	~			69 69

Waste

We have invested significantly in our waste operations over the last 30 years to minimise the impact on the environment, but we recognise that there is more we can do and we have a critical role in driving the necessary improvements.

We need to ensure our operations aren't adversely impacting the environment we depend on and use our position to influence and encourage others to play their part too. In March 2022, we launched our Get River Positive pledges, setting out the steps we're committing to take to reduce or remove our impact on our region's rivers by 2030.

During the year we have continued our focus on protecting river water quality by maintaining our strong record of compliance, delivering over 99.3% of the permit conditions across our sewage treatment works. Our focus on pollution incidents has ensured we maintained our performance year-on-year, close to our best ever performance reported last year.

The underlying asset health of our sewerage network continues to be a key focus for us. Our roll-out of sewer sensors is increasing our visibility across over 92,000 km of our sewer network. They have been a key tool to allow us to deliver a 33% reduction in the number of blockages since 2020, and delivering against our sewer collapses measure for the second consecutive year.

As a socially responsible company, we took the decision to introduce a measure focused on sewer flooding of public spaces – the only company in the industry to have such a measure. In the year we've outperformed our target by 34% and across the AMP we're outperforming the measure by over 40% on average. On our more traditional measures of sewer flooding, we've seen a 13% year-on-year improvement on internal sewer flooding but unfortunately we've missed our external sewer flooding target by 26%. Storm events over the winter had a significant impact on our network, resulting in external sewer flooding issues for our customers, when some areas experienced more than 200% of the average monthly rainfall.

We're delighted to have been recognised as a 4* company by the Environment Agency's Environmental Performance Assessment for the last two years. Our performance this year maintains that strong performance across the basket of measures and we are hopeful of receiving 4* status for the third consecutive year – the first time we would ever have achieved that.

Our ambition for the future is to continue to drive forward the industry across the waste water service. Our commitment to Get River Positive, together with our accelerated Water Industry National Environment Programme ('WINEP') and innovative Green Recovery schemes, will all combine to improve the performance of our waste water network, reducing the impact on customers and the aquatic environment.

Specifically, our Green Recovery scheme in Mansfield will trial ways to reduce the pressure on our network from rainfall events.

Over the next three years we'll install tens of thousands of sustainable urban drainage schemes – including rain gardens, retention ponds and swales. These interventions will capture rainwater, either slowing it down or preventing it from flowing into our sewer system entirely.

In turn this allows our sewers to maximise the volume of foul sewage they can carry, reducing the risk of hydraulic overload and extending the life of our assets. The scheme will also deliver community benefits through providing additional nature-based amenities for public enjoyment.

Innovation in waste water

During the year, we trialled two exciting innovations in our waste water programme.

Veolia disc filter trials - In anticipation of even tighter phosphorus limits from 2025, we're undertaking trials to evaluate commercial technologies for tertiary waste water treatment. These disc filters may help us achieve what are likely to be some of the tightest phosphorus permit conditions in the industry. Early feedback from the trial is promising, showing that the technology has the capability to achieve the standards and could be a valuable addition to our existing processes.

Bioresources controlling mind - We're making use of data science and artificial intelligence to optimise the transportation of our sludge between sites. This analytical tool has already been implemented across our sludge hubs and is realising efficiencies in our fuel use and operational costs already.



Spotlight on

Affordability

What is water poverty?

Customers are defined by the Consumer Council for Water ('CCW') as being in water poverty when they spend more than 5% of their total income, after household costs, on water. For Severn Trent, the number of customers estimated to be in water poverty is just under the national average at 6%. Last year Severn Trent, along with others in the industry, pledged a public interest commitment to make bills affordable for all those in water poverty by 2030. Given the current environment, we are accelerating our support this AMP through our new Affordability Strategy announced in May 2022.

What are we doing about it?

To be truly impactful in our communities, we urgently need to help more of our customers who need financial support today.

Our customers get all their clean and waste water services for around £1 a day – the second lowest combined bill in the land. But we know for some customers this is hard to meet, which is why we're making this money available to support them now when they need it the most.

A package of financial support worth £30 million will extend our affordability schemes to assist an additional 100,000 customers who need financial help paying their bills over the next three years. This will mean that 6% of our customers will be supported by a social tariff by the end of the AMP and, taken together with the other types of financial support, we will be helping around 315,000 of our most financially vulnerable customers by 2025.

We want to take action to help families across the region who are going to be hit the hardest by the effects of increased cost of living from food, fuel and energy bill rises.

This new commitment builds on our work to support and invest in our region which already includes offering 100,000 hours of free employability training to help people into jobs across the Midlands.

A package of financial support worth

£30 million

Support an additional

100,000 customers by 2025

This will mean that

6%

of our customers will be supported by a social tariff by the end of the AMP

We will be helping around

315,000

of our most financially vulnerable customers by 2025



As the cost of living continues to rise, we're acting now to help customers who need it most. Water is one of life's essentials and we want to give support to people struggling to pay their bill. Our customers have the second lowest combined bill in the UK, getting clean and waste water services for around £1 per day. However, we know that for some, paying their bill remains a challenge. That's why we've made this commitment, because quite simply, it's the right thing to do.

Liv Garfield, Chief Executive



Spotlight on

Green Recovery

In summer 2021, Ofwat gave us approval to invest around £566 million (2017/18 prices) to support the green economic recovery from the pandemic. Our proposals covered a wide range of new and innovative projects for us as a company, and for the water industry as a whole. We're seeking to do things differently; to try new things and change the way we interact with our environment.

Our Green Recovery programme has allowed us to get an early start in tackling some of the big strategic challenges that we face now and into the future, such as improving river quality, developing a more resilient water supply and protecting our communities from the impacts of climate change.

We've recruited a diverse range of talented people to deliver the programme and set up an effective delivery structure, with 39% being female and 16% minority ethnic. We're passionate about creating new jobs and opportunities, and have already taken on twelve interns to support the programme. This has been such a success that four have already been offered permanent roles and we plan to run another internship programme later this year.

Across the programme, we expect to create around 300 direct jobs, and over c.2,500 within our wider supply-chain and delivery partners. These highly engaged and talented new teams will bring an infusion of new skills and ideas, providing a key resource into the future.

We have made excellent progress with the Green Recovery programmes to date, successfully getting to the delivery phase in very short timescales. Five of the six programmes have achieved ambitious initial milestones and are firmly on track. Our Supply Pipes programme has proved really challenging to date due to a range of complexities and we have not yet achieved our planned job volumes. However, we have learned a huge amount and continue to adapt our approach and try new things in order to increase job volumes.

Our Green Recovery programme is innovative. We're thinking differently, working with new partners and trialling new technologies such as new lead detection technologies and waste treatment solutions.

The programme supports the UK Government's Levelling Up agenda and will deliver long-term, sustainable benefits for current and future generations in our region. These investments are making our region greener, safer, more resilient to climate change, and more prosperous. We have also raised new finance from investors to help keep bills affordable for customers. We estimate the cost to customers will be around £5 extra a year on average – so despite the big improvements we aim to make to everyone's lives, our bills will remain amongst the lowest in the country.

We couldn't deliver this huge programme without co-operation, and we are working in close partnership with local organisations to ensure that we can all learn together. For example, the market for nature-based solutions is relatively immature, so we need the support of our supply chain to develop the solutions we need. They're excited to get involved with these new, innovative projects, really pushing the boundary on what is possible. We've also set up a broad coalition of different stakeholders to help deliver our Mansfield programme, including Mansfield District Council, Nottingham County Council, the Highways Authority and a number of supply chain partners.

Green Recovery Projects - Progress Update

Rivers safe for swimming

ng (

Our Goal

Make stretches of the River Leam and River Teme healthy enough to swim in.

Pass on what we learn to other organisations, as part of our efforts to understand what it takes to achieve bathing quality rivers and to ensure the UK's rivers can achieve 'good ecological status'.

Create more leisure opportunities and improve wellbeing, and deliver environmental benefits, which includes enhanced biodiversity and healthier aquatic life.

Our Approach

Engage with and help other parties make positive change in the catchment, e.g. working with farmers to prevent pollution getting into rivers.

Develop new ways of communicating with river users so they understand water quality in real time.

Install ozone effluent disinfection at three sewage treatment works, and build new storage and sewer capacity to help us reduce the environmental impact of around 25 storm overflows.

Our Progress

Our mobilisation efforts have focused on three areas alongside our work with the supply chain to progress the project into contract:

- Analysed our network. Asset surveys and flow monitoring Isensors] allow us to understand the size of storage required to reduce spills during heavy rainfall. Ecological surveys ensure we understand protection measures we need to consider such as what time of year we can undertake work.
- Our treatment works. Detailed surveys have been completed to understand loading at each works to ensure we can design the most effective solutions for each of the parameters.
- Engagement with farmers and river users in order to provide accurate river quality monitoring and modelling information.
 We have held focus groups and engaged with land agents and owners to inform them of our programme and encourage them to join us.

More water for more customers

Our Goal

Increase water supplies by up to 93 ML/d – enough to serve a city the size of Derby. We'll do this with a reduced carbon impact, and let other companies know how we're doing it, supporting the water sector's aim to be net zero by 2030.

All this extra water supply will increase our resilience to hotter, drier summers and wetter winters, securing water resources for future generations. Plus, our work to achieve this will increase the biodiversity of 46 hectares of habitat, at our Witches Oak site.

Our Approach

Utilise an abstraction licence we purchased from a decommissioned power station at Rugeley and build a new water treatment works to accommodate new source of water.

Help 3,000 businesses save money, and reduce waste by looking for opportunities to reduce leaks, upgrade water fittings and signpost to installing grey water and smart storage systems, saving up to 4 MI/d.

Our Progress

We have determined the most optimal solution for customers. This has been a lengthy exercise, but worthwhile to ensure the project delivers for customers now and in the future.

There are three aspects to this project:

- Increasing rawwater to Church Wilne!
 We will be using our existing abstraction
 location on the River Trent at Witches Oak and
 we have appointed a designer to develop the
 outline design in progress. We will construct new
 wetlands in three existing gravel beds at the site
 to provide the first stage of water treatment and
 also increased biodiversity.
- Increasing the Deployable Output of Church
 Wilne Water Treatment Works ("WTW")!. We
 will be using technologies to treat the water
 which are new to Severn Trent. We are going to
 test the performance of these technologies
 using a pilot plant located at Church Wilne which
 will be a scaled down version of the new water
 treatment works. The pilot plant will operate
 over 12 months to assess the seasonal changes
 in water quality that occur in the River Trent.
 The pilot plant will enable us to optimise the
 new water treatment process.
- A new transfer main from Church Wilne WTW¹ to increase resilience across our network. To deploy the additional water from the new water treatment works, we will construct two new transfer pipelines connected into our grid so that we can transport the water to where it is most needed in our region and increase the resilience.
- 4. Complete 3,000 water efficiency audits across a wide range of different business types in order to help them reduce water consumption and save money. We've made good initial progress on this, engaging supply chain partners to run a trial and an initial plan to conduct a series of audits within schools that will start imminently. We will then use the learnings from these trials to inform a wider roll-out.
- The Church Wilne solution is subject to Ofwat approval.

Homes protected from flooding

Our Goal



Create the first catchment-scale flood-resilient community, using an innovative 'nature-based' approach to reduce surface flooding. The trial is centred around the Mansfield district of Nottinghamshire, where we aim to store the equivalent of 58,000m² of surface water in 'blue-green' infrastructure- a range of natural surface-flood defences, such as rain gardens, drainage ponds, grassed areas and permeable hard paving.

Reduce the broader harm flooding brings to communities and create a more pleasant natural environment for local people to enjoy.

Improve river water quality, by reducing the volume and frequency of discharges from 25 storm overflows.

Our Approach

Work collaboratively with a range of partners, such as local councils, communities, universities and environmental groups. We're focusing on areas with high proportions of financially vulnerable customers and aim to protect around 90,000 people.

Install a range of blue-green solutions which will capture rainwater and slow down the pace at which it enters the sewerage network.

Our Progress

We have established the foundations of stakeholders and partners for the project. We are working closely with both Mansfield County Council and Nottingham County Council. Without their support we wouldn't be able to deliver this project, and we thank them for their continued support.

We have engaged with consultants on the design, which is now developed for each of the interventions. We have engaged our supply chain on our pilot site, which includes 1,700 interventions over six zones at 176 locations near the town centre. Our solution of creating permeable paving is providing a great opportunity to reverse urban creep. By replacing tarmacked parking areas with a permeable surface, and creating green verges, we're able to capture surface water run-off and slow it down.

We are finding other opportunities to deliver improvements throughout the project. One example of this is with developers looking into how we can incentivise them to use sustainable urban drainage solutions ("SUDS") on brownfield sites rather than traditional hard standing.

Protecting customer supply pipes

Our Goal

Replace 26,000 customer supply pipes that are made of lead in two catchments.

Customer-owned supply pipes are a hidden financial and health liability for many people. Over 40% of households don't have the savings to fix a burst pipe, and up to half of all pipes could contain lead – which the World Health Organization warns is unsafe at any level in drinking water.

Reduce leaks by around a million litres a day, as around 25% of leaks come from these customerowned pipes.

Our Approach

Prioritise areas we work with based on lead risk, estimated leakage and deprivation.

Launch an ambitious pilot to fix the problem at the source, instead of adding more chemicals to mighting the health risk from lead, working with plumbers to replace the pipes in 25,000 homes across Coventry.

Additionally replace around 1,000 lead and leaking pipes in a smaller, rural community in Shropshire.

Our Progress

The programme has proved really challenging to date and, although we have completed 79 jobs, this is well below our initial planned job rate. We've found that many jobs are higher complexity than expected, with around 80% of customers who have signed up being on a joint supply. These jobs typically require all or most neighbours to sign up and therefore are more complex and involved.

We have directly recruited seven operatives as part of our direct labour model trial. Skills shortages in the market have meant this has progressed slower than planned, but we are about to start our first jobs under this model. We are also working closely with our Academy Team to create an apprentice course that we plan to roll out nationally at the end of the programme.

We have also put significant effort into developing a grant scheme that will shortly be trialled before a planned wider roll out. We held an event at our Academy with around 30 WaterSafe plumbers from 17 companies to get feedback on the draft scheme. We're hopeful that working with the plumbers from the local area through this model will enable us to increase job volumes and create local jobs.

We're looking at how to drive efficiency by signing up whole streets at the same time. To this end we've engaged with key housing associations who are responsible for significant numbers of properties to share our plans and identify how we can work with them.

We are working with various organisations to explore more innovative solutions, including:

- Partial lead replacement where we have a mixed material pipe where extensions have been built on older properties; and
- We are investigating novel methods to confirm the presence of lead supply pipes to customers' properties without the need for excavation.

Lower water consumption

Our Goal

Raise awareness of water efficiency, making customers more conscious of the environmental impact of their usage and of unchecked leaks.

Help customers save water and save money on their water bills. We'll also be able to target high users during periods of high demand, reducing interruptions for all customers.

Improve our data capture, giving us a better understanding of our water balance.

Reduce the need for future investment in water resources – a UK Government objective.

Our Approach

Roll out a large-scale trial of 157,329 smart water meters across Coventry and surrounding areas.

Install 66,319 new meters and 91,010 replacements, mainly in water-stressed areas in Warwickshire. These will help us reduce peak-time demand as customers use water more efficiently, while also helping us reduce leakage by enough to supply a town the size of Market Harborough (population over 22,000).

Our Progress

5,280 meters have already been installed across Coventry. We have been working with our supply chain to establish and embed the processes to complete the meter installations. We remain on target to complete over 30,000 by the end of May.

Progressing this programme at pace is essential. It will provide us with data on household usage and supply pipe leakage. The benefits of this can then inform our future plans to tackle the supply demand balance. The data analytics and visualisation are central to helping look at new ways of making improvements across all of our activities. To help extract the value of smart metering, a new online platform will be available in July. The platform will be available in July. The platform will be available in time. Customers will understand how and when they use water, see any potential leaks at the property and be provided with tailored water saving tips.

Faster environmental improvements

Our Goal

Support environmental improvements to 500 km of rivers, by fulfilling our Water Framework Directive statutory obligations more quickly and accelerating improvements to storm overflows. In particular we'll see anuatic wildlife thrive

Our Approach

Initiate 34 additional phosphate-removal projects, extra monitoring and investigative measures at 150 sewer overflows, and accelerate improvements at 100 overflows.

Upgrade chemical dosing and invest in new technologies to enhance the removal of tertiary solids. Where possible, use chemical-free methods, such as enhanced biological phosphate removal and, in some cases, constructed wetlands

Other measures will include raising weir heights and increasing pump capacity on short-duration, low-volume sewer overflows.

Our Progress

There are 45 schemes within this project. More than 50% are into early contractor involvement with our supply chain, with delivery phased from 2025 to 2027. Focus is now on developing new talent within the team, as we aim to recruit graduates, interns and apprentices.

We are developing early feasibility at two of the more complex schemes. This allows us to understand not only Green Recovery improvements but growth and capital maintenance requirements over the project design horizon in the future.

Where possible, we're seeking to utilise modular 'plug and play' technologies. These allow us to design and build at pace, while maintaining the ability to adapt and add to the site in future AMPs as the site requirements evolve. This technology is a first for us and is a really exciting approach to solving traditional problems.

SUSTAINABILITY IS EMBEDDED IN OUR APPROACH

As a company taking care of one of life's essentials, we know that the resilience of our business is intrinsically linked to the resilience of our region, its communities and the natural environment.

Our Sustainability Framework lives through the decisions we make and the way we work every day. We are committed to a wide range of long-term ambitions across the environment and society with the aim of having a positive impact in what we do.

We know there is always more to be done and will continue to challenge ourselves where we feel we can contribute more.

When we launched our Sustainability Framework in March 2020, we committed to invest £1.2 billion in sustainability and report on our progress in a transparent and genuine way. To date, we have made good progress in terms of both investment and outcomes, investing £566 million to 31 March 2022.



OUR APPROACH TO CLIMATE CHANGE

We are committed to the recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures ('TCFD'), providing our stakeholders with transparent information on climate-related risks and opportunities that are relevant to our business. Our Fourth Group TCFD disclosure can be found within the Severn Trent Plc Annual Report and Accounts, available on the ST Plc website.

Our strategy focuses on the positive impact we can have on our customers, the communities we serve and on the environment that we rely on and interact with every day.

Our Sustainability Framework is fully embedded into our overall strategy and draws together our environmental, social and governance ambitions which are delivered as part of our Business Plan.

The information provided in this section, in conjunction with the rest of the Annual Report and our separate Sustainability Report, demonstrate how we have embedded climate-related risks and opportunities into our strategy and business model; the progress we are making on our journey; the metrics and targets we have set ourselves over the next several years; and our approach to understanding and mitigating the risks posed.

.

Our Triple Carbon Pledge

This is our pledge to meet operational net zero by 2030 for Scope 1 and 2, as part of the combined UK water sector's net-zero 2030 roadmap.



Net zero carbon

Our net operational carbon footprint (Scope 1, Scope 2 and a subset of Scope 3 emissions) for 2030 will be zero, including deductions, such as those detailed in the following targets, as well as removal and certified offsets.



100% of energy from renewable sources

All our electricity, gas and fuel will come from renewable or 'renewable-backed' sources.



100% electric vehicles

All the vehicles we own will be electrically powered or powered by alternative fuels by the end of 2030, where possible.

Science-Based Carbon targets

Our Science-Based Targets ('SBTs') are in line with the 1.5°C pathway (defined as holding temperature rises of no more than 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels). These targets, which do not include offsets, will drive an ambitious reduction in our Scope 1 (direct emissions arising from owned or controlled sources) and Scope 2 emissions (indirect emissions arising from energy purchase).

We have committed to:



46%

reduction in Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions by 2031 from a 2019 base



70%

of our supply chain (by emissions) having set a SBT by 2031



13.5%

reduction in emissions from sold products

Climate-related Strategy

Overview

Climate change is one of the key challenges our world will face this century and we are well placed to understand the scale of the problem. The water sector will need to ensure resilience against the predicted impacts of increased population growth and climate change, and fulfil our industry-wide pledge to become net zero by 2030, all the while continuing to deliver the quality and quantity of water our customers demand at a price they can afford.

Providing water and treating waste water is an energy-intensive process that requires a sector-wide approach, innovation and long-term strategic thinking to ensure that the risks affecting our ability to provide these services are mitigated.

STRATEGY

TCFD RECOMMENDATION

Disclose the actual and potential impacts of climate-related risks and opportunities on the organisation's business, strategy and financial planning.

Severn Trent has reported against the Strategy TCFD recommendations in full within this 2022 Annual Report.

PROGRESS THIS YEAR

Strategic Direction Statement and Adaptation Report

During the year, we published consultations of our Strategic Direction Statement which sets out our thinking around key trends and the resultant challenges that will shape the next 30 years and how we, as a leading water and waste water company, might look to respond. The Strategic Direction Statement will guide our future strategy and investment choices.

Modelled risks

Since our work presented within our 2021 TCFD report, we have continued to work toward the publication of our Water Resource Management Plan ('WRMP') and Drainage and Wastewater Management Plan ('DWMP').

We are aligning our investment planning approach to that of UK Climate Change Committee capturing a $2-4^{\circ}\text{C}$ degree warming scenario. But the future is uncertain and, as such, we are developing a low regrets plan that is adaptable to future change. We have used best available data to determine different alternative investment pathways open to us and we are reviewing these in light of the recent Ofwat common reference scenarios which ask us to consider RCP2.6, RCP6.0 and RCP8.5 to inform our decision making. Our route through these adaptive pathways will be guided by increased certainty and insight as we iterate planning cycles.

Our climate change strategy

Our approach is firstly to reduce those emissions directly within our control or influence and hence we set our Triple Carbon Pledge to meet net zero by 2030 for our own direct and indirect operations, as part of the combined UK water sector's net-zero 2030 roadmap. This gives us and the rest of the sector a shared goal. To go further, we also committed to a Science-Based Target to reduce absolute

Scope 1 and 2 emissions by 46% (from a 2019/20 base year) by 2031. Working with our supply chain to measure and reduce emissions along the value chain is also crucial and we continue building an understanding of our Scope 3 emissions to gain a more accurate and complete picture of our current position, and use this insight to work with and support our supply chain and deliver our targets. Our Net Zero Transition Plan shows how we intend to achieve those targets. Over the next five years we are committed to understanding and addressing the climate change risk that sits within our supply chain, and importantly work with suppliers to raise awareness of this issue, influence their actions to build climate resilience and find joint solutions to adaptation challenges.

We will play our part in the UK's Green Recovery and contribute to a clean energy system.

We have been investing significantly in both saving energy and generating our own renewable energy, which is more important than ever and bolsters our resilience to increasing energy prices. For example, we generate the equivalent of c.50% of the electricity we use from our renewables, and this year we delivered record levels of generation — 507GWh of renewable energy from 36 anaerobic digestion sites as well as our wind, solar and hydro plants.

We will maximise the benefits from mitigating and adapting to climate change through our role as a major land owner and encourage others to do the same.

Addressing multiple outcomes in how we manage land is increasingly important, ensuring that we address the crises of biodiversity and climate change. Enhancing and protecting nature is also vital to improving water quality, providing protection against the impacts of climate change, making our region more resilient and also sequestrating carbon. Examples of how we are doing this can be found in our Sustainability Report.

Understanding the impact of our investments to mitigate and adapt to climate change is important to guide future investment. In 2022/23 we are applying a carbon tax of £18 / tCO2e to each of our departmental budgets. As well as encouraging greenhouse gas ('GHG') reduction, this contribution will generate a fund that we will use to invest in new ideas and innovations to achieve our net zero target (with pricing in line with Department for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy ('BEIS') assumptions and subject to annual review). In addition, our infrastructure schemes will build a carbon cost into business case assessments, using the UK Government shadow price of carbon each year, to inform full life cost decisions.

Adapting to climate change

In parallel with our efforts to mitigate climate change by delivering our ambitious carbon targets, we need to become more resilient to changing climate conditions and more frequent and extreme events, in order to deliver a great service to our customers over the long term. To do this it is vital that we understand the risks we face as the climate changes, whilst also dealing with climate impacts now, and better plan and adapt for the future. We are planning for 2°C but preparing for 4°C. Our third Adaptation Report describes how the climate impacts our operations, how we assess climate risks and how we plan to manage them.

We rely heavily on our ability to remain resilient to the impacts of climate change in order to deliver essential water and waste water services to the communities in the regions we serve. Our long-term strategy for adaptation is reviewed in collaboration with other stakeholders through a series of detailed studies that take place every five years through our WRMP, DWMP and our Climate Change Adaptation Report. These documents have a 25-year time horizon with the outcomes informing not only our near-term five-year investment plans, but our longer-term investment approach. The longer-term trends coming from our analysis has informed the recently published Strategic Direction Statement for Severn Trent Water.

Our Sustainability Governance Framework

Our governance processes are aligned with the Group's Sustainability Governance Framework – ensuring that the Board is effective in its: oversight of the Group's Sustainability Framework, consideration of climate-related risks and opportunities, and scrutiny of management's assessment and management of climate-related risks and opportunities.

The Board delegates certain sustainability and climate-related risk oversight activity to its Committees to support the continued delivery of the Group's Sustainability Framework. The Sustainability Governance Framework is also subject to periodic review to ensure that it remains appropriate.

The Chief Executive and the Severn Trent Executive Committee ('STEC') have day-to-day responsibility for climate change and environmental matters and are responsible for the development of the Group's strategy, including in relation to sustainability-related matters, as demonstrated in the Sustainability Governance Framework. STEC delegates certain climate-related risk and opportunity oversight matters to its management committees. To facilitate effective delegation, the Severn Trent Group Authorisation Arrangements ('GAA') are the mechanism by which the Severn Trent Plc Board delegates its financial authority, which authorises our people to be involved in the decision-making processes that commit the Company to financial obligations, rather than every decision having to be approved by the Board. The GAA are reviewed annually to ensure that limits remain appropriate.

GOVERNANCE TCFD RECOMMENDATION **PROGRESS THIS YEAR** Disclose the organisation's governance **Board composition** around climate-related risks The operation of our Board is supported by the collective experience of the Directors and the diverse skills and and opportunities. experience they possess. Our succession planning complements the existing composition of the Board, with an emphasis on sustainability and climate-related topics to ensure that we continue to build upon the excellent progress we have made in delivering for all of our stakeholders. As announced, Angela Strank, Independent Non-Executive Director and Chair of the Corporate Sustainability You can find additional information Committee, stepped down from the Board in March 2022 having served eight years. The Board was delighted to throughout this Annual Report, in our announce the appointment of Tom Delay, who brings extensive strategy, sustainability, energy, and engineering Sustainability Report and our third experience to the Board, as successor to Angela as Chair of the Corporate Sustainability Committee. Adaptation Report. **Board evaluation** Our annual Board evaluation provides the Board and its Committees with an opportunity to consider and reflect on the quality and effectiveness of its decision making, the range and level of discussion and for each member to consider their own contribution and performance. As part of this evaluation, knowledge and experience with You can find out more about the regards to sustainability and climate-related matters are considered. performance targets/milestones for the 2022 Award in the Directors' Remuneration Report. In addition to including sustainability matters as a standing agenda item at regular Board meetings, the Board held seven sessions dedicated to climate-related risks and opportunities and sustainability-related topics to ensure such risks and opportunities are planned into the Board and Board Committee annual forward plans. Remuneration We are committed to ensuring that all employees are motivated to deliver our sustainability ambitions, from climate and biodiversity to supporting our customers, across all our incentives. This is supported by our transparent remuneration framework that aligns reward and incentive structures throughout our business from our front-line operatives through to our Executive Team, ensuring that every employee is incentivised and rewarded to deliver the same objectives. This is in addition to Environmental, Social and Governance ('ESG') measures which already form part of the annual bonus scheme metrics. In 2021, the Severn Trent Plc Remuneration Committee agreed the development of a carbon reduction More information can be found in the performance measure in the Long Term Incentive Plan ('LTIP') with a weighting of 20%. At the Company's 2021 Strategic Report. Annual General Meeting ('AGM'), over 99% of shareholder votes cast were in favour of the replacement LTIP. In March 2022, we announced our commitment to 'Get River Positive' and have also directly linked our River Pledges to our remuneration structures through including them as measures in our Annual Bonus Plan for 2022/23. Further information on how stakeholders are considered can be found in our Section 172 Statement Strategy During the year, the Severn Trent Water Limited Board approved Severn Trent Water's Strategic Direction Statement setting out a clear line of sight between the Severn Trent Water Business Plan and the longer-term

vision of the Company.

Strong governance of sustainability issues, including over climate-related risks and opportunities specifically, extends below the Board to a number of Board and management committees, as outlined below.

THE BOARD

The Board's role is to ensure the long-term sustainable success of Severn Trent by setting our strategy through which value can be created and preserved for the mutual benefit of our shareholders, customers, employees and the communities we serve.

Our Board, led by Chair Christine Hodgson, has ultimate responsibility for sustainability. Oversight of the Group's sustainability strategy is a matter reserved for the Board. Group CFO James Bowling is responsible for how market risks connected to our investments (including climate-related risks) are identified, considered and managed.

The Board's responsibilities include:

- overseeing the Group's sustainability strategy;
- providing rigorous challenge to management on progress against goals and targets:
- ensuring the maintenance of an effective risk management and internal control system, including over climate-related risks and opportunities;
- review of six monthly Enterprise Risk Management ('ERM') updates and annual approval of the Principal Risks;
- approval of the Board's risk appetite and policy;
 inclusion of sustainability-related discussion at each Board meeting through a standing agenda item as tabled by the Chair of the Corporate Sustainability Committee; and
- maintaining a high level of sustainability expertise relating to areas such as environmental science, climate science and social responsibility (see Board skills matrix).

Informing Reporting 1

THE BOARD DELEGATES CERTAIN SUSTAINABILITY OVERSIGHT MATTERS TO ITS PRINCIPAL COMMITTEES. ALL COMMITTEES MEET AT LEAST FOUR TIMES PER YEAR. Audit and Risk Treasury Corporate Sustainability Nominations Remuneration Committee Committee Committee Committee Committee Monitors the Board's Ensures that risks and Scrutinises and provides Ensures alignment of the Ensures incorporation of opportunities, including guidance and direction on overall size, composition Group's remuneration sustainability into the sustainability and the Sustainability and balance of skills, and policies and procedures Group's financing strategy, climate-related risks Framework ensures sustainability to achievement of with a key area of focus on and opportunities, are expertise is given sustainability aims by introduction and monitoring Reviews sustainability and effectively managed of the Sustainable Finance sufficient prominence incorporating ESG climate-related risks and across the Group. The in Board and Executive measures into bonus Framework under which opportunities. Committee is also succession and scheme requirements the Group can raise debt responsible for overseeing recruitment activity. and carbon reduction to support the financing Three Directors of the the Group's financial measures within the LTIP. or refinancing of Board sit on the Committee. sustainable projects. statements, including including the Chair, and the the TCFD disclosure. CEO has a standing invitation to attend meetings.

THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND THE SEVERN TRENT EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE ('STEC')

The Chief Executive has overall responsibility for climate change and environmental matters. Responsibility for the development and implementation of the Group's strategy, including in relation to sustainability, rests with the Chief Executive, who is supported by STEC.

STEC DELEGATES CERTAIN CLIMATE-RELATED RISK AND OPPORTUNITY OVERSIGHT MATTERS TO ITS MANAGEMENT COMMITTEES					
Sustainability Steering Committee	Carbon and Energy Steering Committee	Strategic Risk Forum ('SRF')	Disclosure Committee	TCFD Working Group	
Facilitated by Severn Trent's dedicated Sustainability Team, Executive and senior management oversee performance and progress against our Sustainability Framework. The Committee is responsible for identifying and reviewing climate- related risks and opportunities.	Sets the Group's overall carbon and energy strategy and targets, ensuring that robust plans are in place to deliver them. Monitors progress and performance against plans.	A cross-business group which takes a holistic view of ERM risks and focuses on horizon scanning to identify new and Emerging Risks, including climate-related risks.	An Executive Committee responsible for overseeing the Group's compliance with its disclosure obligations, considering the materiality, accuracy, reliability and timeliness of information disclosed and assessment of assurance received. The Committee is also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial statements and nonfinancial disclosures, including climate-related financial disclosures.	The TCFD working group was established in 2020 to provide oversight and drive implementation of the TCFD recommendations and the Group's wider climate change strategy. The Group reports to the Disclosure Committee and the Corporate Sustainability Committee. It includes representatives from business areas including strategy, risk, finance, treasury and compliance.	

How we identify and understand risks of climate change

The impacts of climate change are closely linked to many of the key risks faced by our business. During the year we have undertaken a review to assess how our overall risks are affected by a range of climate impacts. We operate a well-established ERM framework, underpinned by standardised tools, practices and risk management methodologies to ensure consistency across the Severn Trent Group. Our ERM framework is embedded throughout the business, with different groups exploring and examining risks through different lenses. Our SRF provides a cross business holistic view of ERM risks, challenging the existing risk landscape as well as identifying new and Emerging Risks, including climate-related risks. The Board has overall responsibility for ensuring that risk is managed effectively across the Group and that there is an effective risk management framework in place. See the Internal Controls and Risk Management section in the Audit and Risk Committee Report for further information.

Management of climate-related risks is embedded in our everyday business activities and aligns with the way we approach all other Group risks through our ERM framework. Our specific approach to managing climate-related risks is outlined below, highlighting how we think about climate-related risks over differing time horizons.

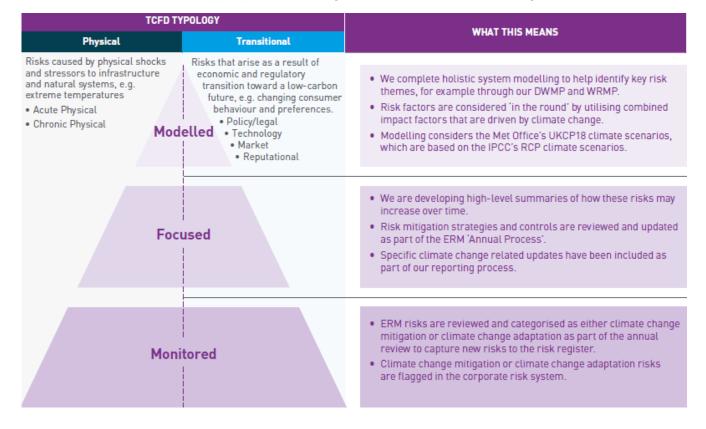
RISK MANAGEMENT PROGRESS THIS YEAR RECOMMENDATION Disclose the Integration with overall risk management Severn Trent's draft WRMP will be published in October 2022, processes used by During the period we have continued to develop the work with the final WRMP due for publication in autumn 2023 and the organisation to undertaken in the lead up to our 2021 TCFD report to ensure will set out our approach for ensuring an effective water identify, assess and that our Group-wide ERM process adequately identifies, supply network which is resilient against the impacts of assesses and manages climate-related risk. climate change. To our stakeholders of the actions we are manage climate-related taking to understand our risks and the steps we are taking Adaptation Report risks. to be resilient to a changing climate. During 2021 the Group's Adaptation Report was published in response to the invitation from Defra to report under the Drainage and Wastewater Management Plan ('DWMP') Adaptation Reporting Power as set out in the Climate Change Since the work presented within our 2021 TCFD Report, Act 2008. Together with reports across a range of sectors, it we have carried out further and extensive modelling to helps the UK Government to understand the level of risk that understand potential future impact of climate change on society is exposed to nationally and informs the level of waste water networks, and inform future intervention strategies. This includes risk assessment processes to response being taken to manage these risks. consider RCP6.0 and RCP8.5. It also provides visibility to our stakeholders of the actions we are taking to understand our risks and the steps we are The DWMP will set out our approach to ensuring an effective taking to be resilient to a changing climate. waste water network which treats and removes waste from properties, and which reduces the likelihood of sewer flooding, Water Resource Management Plan ('WRMP') and will be used to inform our PR24 Business Plan, due for We anticipate further investment in new supplies will be needed submission in autumn 2023. by 2030, alongside leakage and demand reductions. Our plan will balance regulatory ambitions with affordability and in some Severn Trent's draft DWMP will be published in June 2022, areas of our WRMP we have choice - for example, the rate at with the final DWMP due for publication in spring 2023. which we transition to new resilience standards and reduce abstraction in areas identified by the Environment Agency ('EA'). We have and will continue to engage with our customers over the pace at which we respond to these expectations.

MANAGEMENT CATE	GORY	STRATEGY	
TIME HORIZONS	0-2YEARS	UP TO 5 YEARS [with considerations for up to 25 years]	UP TO 25 YEARS
Summary	- Implementing tactical response plans for delivery of our annual performance targets in the face of acute physical risks - Evaluate and make recommendations for future improvements	 Our Business Plan describes the improvements that we will commit to deliver in the next Asset Management Plan ('AMP') cycle 	 Long-term plans exploring and accounting for future potential risks we may face, including climate change uncertainty How we will meet future challenges, and the steps that need to be considered
Approach to management	 Incident Management plans and process-driven response plans Drought Plan (triggers optimised and aligned with WRMP) Root Cause Analysis outputs Localised response strategies ERM framework 	Regulator approved Asset Management Plan investment approach Rolling five-year Business Planning approach ERM framework	WRMP produced every five years DWMP – first full publication due spring 2023 Our draft Strategic Direction Statement was published this year and looks at key trends and future priorities to assess a range of future scenarios and pathways toward them ERM framework

MANAGEMENT CATE	GORY		STRATEGY
TIME HORIZONS	0-2YEARS	UPTO 5 YEARS (with considerations for up to 25 years)	UP TO 25 YEARS
Key elements	 Undertake a granular and dynamic appraisal of the health of our assets Data collection to drive longer-term approach Assess operational tasks / operation and maintenance of assets Localised delivery of improvement plans Small-scale OPEX and CAPEX spending Asset Health Dashboard 	 Engagement with key stakeholders to agree response plans including the EA, Ofwat and local communities Modelling of scenarios to determine response strategies Capital investment and promotions for delivery of large-scale capital upgrades 	 Considers the potential long-term impacts of climate change on our essential services Identifies and assesses the most significant and influential trends and the biggest challenges that we will face based on the trajectory of those trends Analysis of longer-term trends utilising UKCP18 datasets combined with internal modelling Data-focused review through technical assessments and modelling Risk strategies
Feedback	Continuous review and feedback		

Integrating climate-related risks within our ERM system

Our risk management system incorporates important climate-related risks identified through business as usual processes. TCFD typology has been assigned to these risks and key causes were assessed where the likelihood could be exacerbated by climate change drivers. We have developed a three-tiered system which we will use to ensure appropriate actions given the relative risk to the organisation.



What are our key climate-related risks and opportunities?

Several of our key risks are highly sensitive to the physical impacts of climate change. The two risks most vulnerable to climate change are our ability to supply safe drinking water and our ability to effectively transport and treat waste water, and hence these have been quantitatively modelled as described in our 'Physical risks scenario analysis'. In addition, as a regulated water company, transitional risks, and most particularly changes to the political and regulatory environment, are likely to have a significant impact on the way that we operate.

Our ability to mitigate and adapt to climate change also has potential to impact our reputation and, as a consequence, our attractiveness to investors. The following table outlines our key risks and opportunities and whether they are modelled or focused risks.

RISK AND OPPORTUNITY	DRIVERS AND CAUSES	IMPACT ON BUSINESS (RISK CONSEQUENCES)	RISK MITIGATIONS / METHODS TO REALISE OPPORTUNITIES
ACUTE AND CHRONIC PHYSICAL F	RISKS		
KEY RISK We do not supply a safe and secure supply of drinking water to our customers	- Increased population will increase demand - Chronic higher temperatures, hotter, drier summers, and increased frequency and intensity of droughts will increase demand and reduce water availability - Acute physical risks such as storms and floods may impact upon our infrastructure, or increase the risk ofwater contamination - Increased frequency and severity of hot spells impact customer behaviour, causing an increase in short-term peak demand, reducing the availability of water in the environment and restricting the amount we can abstract and supply	- Failure to supply enough water to meet demand - Impacts our financial penalty/reward position - Additional operational costs to ensure delivery - Additional infrastructure investment to secure supply	- Comprehensive resilience plans such as our WRMP and DWMP feed into our capital investment programme and Business Plan, and we also provide evidence of our investment propositions to our regulator, Ofwat - Strategic modelling to assess potential changes to supply and demand on our water network and the impact of climate change - Increasing resilience and flexibility of our supply network and better preparing for incidents to ensure continuous supply to our customers
LINKED OPPORTUNITIES - Minimising water usage and leakage	- Regulatory requirements could drive down	- Increased headroom available to meet	- Educational programmes to reduce water usage
- Minimising water usage and leakage - Enhanced consumer awareness - New technology	- Regulatory requirements could arrive down water use - Increased awareness of the value of water in an increasingly resource-stretched world may improve the effectiveness of customer engagement programmes - The implementation of new technology and innovation will improve network operations and detect leaks	Intereased nearroom available to meet water demand Enhanced reputation with customers Reduced infrastructure requirements	Leakage reduction programmes including early leak detection technology
KEYRISK			
We do not transport and treat waste water effectively, impacting our ability to return clean water to the environment Short, medium and long term (modelled)	Increased population and land cover leading to increased run-off More intense bursts of heavy rainfall increasing volumes of water entering waste water systems Additional demands on waste water systems and increased risk of flooding to both properties and the environment Potential damage to infrastructure	Alternative actions to ensure safety of waste water removal Additional infrastructure investment to ensure adequate systems Environmental penalties Impacts to our financial penalty/reward position	- Comprehensive resilience plans such as DWMP feed into capital investment programme and Business Plan - Strategic modelling to assess potential changes to population and climate change on our waste water network - Strong compliance culture and effective management systems
LINKED OPPORTUNITIES			
– Enhanced consumer awareness – New technology	- Increased awareness of the value of water in an increasingly resource-stretched world may improve the effectiveness of customer engagement programmes - The implementation of new technologies and innovation to improve our water treatment processes and network operations will enable us to meet or exceed targets	Reduced pressure on waste water networks Reduced infrastructure requirements Enhanced reputation with customers	 Educational programmes with customers to promote safe use of the waste water system, including appropriate disposal of wet wipes and cooking fat
KEYRISK			
We fail to positively influence natural capital in our region Medium and long term (focused)	Increased precipitation may increase the risk of agricultural run-off and sewer overflows, leading to pollution of the waterways Human impacts of a growing population and increased pressure on natural resources may impact upon biodiversity and our ability to manage natural resources effectively	Impacts to our financial penalty/ reward position Changes to valuation of natural capital may have financial impacts in future periods Pollution events may result in fines or penalties Investment required in resilient solutions	Commitments to protect our local environment Modelling to estimate the impact of increasing pressures on nature such as abstraction and environmental pollution as part of our WRMP and DWMP
LINKED OPPORTUNITIES			
Adopting a catchment management approach will be more inclusive, and will reduce costs and the need for additional investment Improved resilience and river quality Addressing and enhancing biodiversity and eco-system services Engagement with supply chain	Strong engagement with our supply chain and customers will promote biodiversity and effective use of our redundant land to lead the way in our region	Reputational benefits acting as steward of natural capital Intangible benefits of natural capital	- Strategic plans to enhance biodiversity in our region - A catchment management approach with landowners in our region to mitigate the effect of pesticides, fertilisers and organic nutrients - Extensive in-house ecology expertise to enhance the Group's capability to work towards enhancing biodiversity
LEGAL AND REGULATORY RISKS			
KEY RISK Changing societal expectations,	Highly regulated sector with KPIs set by Ofwat	- Changes to penalty/reward position	- Strong engagement with our supply chain to dri
resulting in stricter legal and environmental obligations, commitments and/or enforcements, increase the risk of non-compliance Short, medium and long term (focused)	Highly regulated sector with KPIS set by Urwat Increased focus on environmental protection/ enhanced climate mitigation targets could change the regulator's target-setting approach National regulatory changes around costs of carbon (our operations are energy intensive and the waste we deal with has a high GHG impact)	- Uncreased risks of fines from environmental risk events (e.g. flood events) - Increased costs associated with carbon emissions	Strong engagement with our supply chain to drienwironmental leadership Ongoing engagement with the UK Government, MPs, the Welsh Government, regulators and oth stakeholders about the future shape and directic of the water sector Our established governance framework, policie and training ensure our ongoing compliance wit all applicable laws and regulations
LINKED OPPORTUNITIES	Opportunities to fact track position shapes	Pondinger for local and constitute above	Control frameworks are achiest to send
Engagement with regulators and potential funding to address impacts from climate change	Opportunities to fast track positive changes alongside regulatory change for our communities and the environment	- Readiness for legal and regulatory changes	Control frameworks are subject to regular review, on at least an annual basis, to take into account changes to legislation and regulation External legal advisers provide detailed review in respect of upcoming legislation that may affe the Group

Understanding the impact

Our approach to understanding physical risks of climate change

Climate-related scenario analysis helps us to understand the potential impact of climate change on our business to inform our strategy and financial planning. Ofwat has set out expectations for all water companies to use scenarios to help define alternative investment pathways. Climate change is one of these scenarios and we are supportive of the concept to help a degree of standardisation in the way we stress test our plans to understand how they might stand up to many possible different future scenarios. This will benefit both customers and policy makers by helping companies make more robust business cases. It will also help strengthen the link and increase transparency between our long-term ambitions and the investments we make each planning period.

We undertake scenario modelling against the two risks that are of potentially greatest vulnerability to climate change: our ability to provide safe and clean water when it is needed and our ability to take waste water safely away. These form part of our WRMP and DWMP respectively.

Whilst the climate models applied are bespoke and tailored for the specific risks assessed, the range of climate scenarios considered broadly aligns with the future worlds considered within the WWF Water Risk Filter Scenarios outlined below, with the physical risks assessed in line with the 'pessimistic' and 'current trend' world views, and the transition risks assessed in line with the 'optimistic' and 'current trend' world views.

Our bespoke assessments consider a range of climate models as outlined below.

We also considered how different levers of change may impact upon our ability to provide services in developing our Strategic Direction Statement.

OPTIMISTIC SCENARIOS	CURRENT TREND SCENARIOS	PESSIMISTIC SCENARIOS
The optimistic scenarios represent a world with sustainable socio-economic development (SSP1) and ambitious reduction of GHG emissions (RCP2.6/RCP4.5) leading to an increase of global mean surface temperature of approximately 1.5°C by the end of the 21st century.	The current trend scenarios represent a world similar to current socio-economic development trends (SSP2) and intermediate GHG emission levels (RCP4.5/RCP6.0), leading to an increase of global mean surface temperature of approximately 2°C by the end of the 21° century.	The pessimistic scenarios represent a world with unequal and unstable socio-economic development trends (SSP3) and high GHG emission levels (RCP6.0/RCP8.5), leading to an increase of global mean surface temperature of approximately 3.5°C by the end of the 21° century.

Physical risks scenario analysis

Key outputs from our modelling looking out to 2050

The table below provides a summary of the assessments carried out to date, but does not take into account the regional complexities, bespoke investment decisions and collaboration with wider agencies and water bodies. A full analysis of the problems we face and the solutions to address those problems will be issued as part of our WRMP and DWMP in 2022. The case study opposite outlines our approach to modelling.

	OUTCOMES AFFECTED				
	WATER ALWAYS THE	ERE / GOOD TO DRINK	WASTE WATER SAFELY TAKEN AWAY		
	RISK	OPPORTUNITY	RISK		
Key risk	We do not provide a safe and secure supply of drinking water to our customers	Minimising water use and leakage	We do not transport and treat waste water effectively, impacting our ability to return clean water to the environment		
Climate driver	Hotter, drier summers and changes to precipitation will reduce water availability and the amount of water available for distribution	Regulatory commitments to reduce leakage	Increased rainfall and intensity of rainfall increase risk of sewer flooding, run-off and the amount of waste water needing treatment		
Climate model	RCP6.0, RCP8.5 and 32 climate-related scenarios reflecting the different UKCP18 climate model outputs	We have made a commitment to reduce leakage by 15% by 2025 and 50% by 2045. In addition, we have a number of water use minimisation programmes which are incorporated into our future modelling, to ensure we understand how the benefits of these programmes may protect us against climate-related risks	As part of our DWMP assessments, we have used industry derived rainfall uplifts for 2050 based on RCP8.5 as indicated by the Met Office Hadley Centre, as well as sensitivity analysis using RCP6.0 to align our work with that for the WRMP. Across our region, we have modelled present day flood risk during one in 10-year, 30-year and 50-year rainfall events (i.e. a rainfall event with a 10%, 3.3% or 2% probability of occurring in a year). We then use rainfall uplifts derived from climate change projections to understand how the future climate is likely to affect rainfall intensities		
Timeframe assessed	Current modelling is to 2070s and then extrapolated to 2100	Current modelling is to 2070s and then extrapolated to 2100	Current modelling is to 2050. The below impact looks at a 2050 snapshot		
Key outputs from modelling work	Modelling indicates a reduction in the amount of water available for distribution (Deployable Output, 'DO'). In 2050, the expected reduction of DO is: - 4% in a RCP6.0 climate scenario; and - 9% in a RCP8.5 climate scenario	Our water demand mitigation proposals will help reduce the total amount of water we abstract. Our two key programmes (customer demand and leakage reduction) are expected, by 2050, to: - reduce demand by 6%; and - reduce leakage by 8% from our distribution system	Our modelling suggests that there will be increased risk of sewer flooding in 2050. The increased likelihood (probability of a flood event) of sewer flooding in 2050 is expected to be as follows: - Increased risk of flood in the event of a 1 in 10-year storm: 41%; and - Increased risk of flood in the event of a 1 in 30-year storm: 38%		
Key impacts	Key financial impacts include increased remediation and investment needs, and enhanced capital spend, which will be outlined in detail in our WRMP	Key financial impacts include an increased overhead in the water available for distribution, reducing the amount of investment and capital required to ensure a consistent supply of water	Key financial impacts include increased remediation and investment needs, and enhanced capital spend, which will be outlined in detail in our DWMP		

Transition risk scenario analysis

This year, we refreshed our Strategic Direction Statement ('SDS'), which was last published in 2007. This was published in December 2021 as a consultation to allow interested stakeholders to comment. The consultation period has now closed and we are in the process of reviewing the responses received to consider how best to reflect that feedback in our final SDS.

As part of this process, we investigated which trends we believed would be most influential in shaping the next 30 years and considered different alternate visions for how 2050 might look. These alternate visions considered how the key levers of change (technological, behavioural and regulatory) may develop and broadly covered a range of warming outcomes between 1.5°C and 4°C by 2050. These visions were used to understand how our priorities and level of ambition might differ if alternate scenarios were to occur.

KEY TRENDS A GROWING POPULATION CHANGING DEMOGRAPHICS A GROWING POPULATION CHANGING DEMOGRAPHICS RISING CONCERNS OVER EXPECTATIONS AND ATTITUDES TECHNOLOGIES RISING CONCERNS OVER ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION READ ADOPTION OF EMERGING SOLUTIONS TO DECARBONISE

By looking at trends and different levers of change, we built a picture of the stressors that may arise in a low-carbon transition, looking out to 2050. This allowed us to identify the most important challenges which we would face in an optimistic and current-trend scenario. Additional challenges such as population growth, reduced water availability, more extreme weather and affordability are discussed as part of the SDS. Those of most relevance from a climate perspective are outlined below.

Concern about climate may drive a shift in attitudes towards the environment

Our customers will look for us to inform and support their endeavours to use less water and make it cheaper to be more environmentally friendly. We will need to adopt more innovation, more principles of the circular economy and reduce the impact of effluent returned to the environment. We will need to ensure we make the best use of our land and improve natural capital.

Combating climate change could lead to more regulation and policy interventions

We will need to be prepared for more stringent laws, regulations and standards centred around environmental matters. We will need to ensure resilience around changes to carbon taxes and ensure readiness to act with nature-based solutions or new markets — such as hydrogen and carbon.

Mitigating climate change will require rapid decarbonisation We will need to focus our efforts to reduce our total annual operational emissions from 315,698 (market based) tonnes CO2e to zero through using less carbon and finding renewable energy alternatives.

Resilience of our approach

In our SDS, we identify priority areas for our business which we believe are key to delivering for our customers, ensuring resilience against the challenges of the future, and fulfilling our wider environmental and societal goals. We will use the finalised SDS to both inform and guide our future strategy and long-term investment plans, and to set the over-arching tone and approach for future price review submissions – and in particular, to shape our adaptive pathways and long-term delivery strategies which Ofwat is seeking as part of PR24 and beyond.

Our Sustainability Report, net zero ambition, SDS and this Annual Report outline the activities being undertaken to ensure we succeed in our eight priority areas. Further information can also be found on our website stwater.co.uk.

Find out more

The latest version of our Strategic Direction Statement is available on our website at stwater.co.uk/about-us/our-other-plans/strategic- direction-statement/

Climate-related metrics and targets

TCFD RECOMMENDATION

PROGRESS THIS YEAR

Disclose the metrics and targets used to assess and manage relevant climate-related risks and opportunities where such information is material.

Severn Trent has reported against the Metrics and Targets TCFD recommendations in full within the 2022 Annual Report.

This year, we are continuing to improve our understanding and measurement of all of our GHG emissions, and are disclosing more information about our net zero plans.

- Our Net Zero Transition Plan
- Sustainability Report
- Annual Performance Report

Our SBTs, in line with a 1.5°C pathway, were approved this year.

We have published a Sustainable Finance Framework under which the Severn Trent Group can raise debt to support the financing and/or refinancing of assets and expenditures of a sustainable nature across its activities. The Framework takes into account, where possible, the technical screening criteria of the EU Taxonomy.

We have held the Carbon Trust Standard continuously since 2009, which recognises our consistent emissions reductions and effective carbon management processes. We were one of the first organisations to participate in the Carbon Trust new route to Net Zero Standard as an important step in working with others to ensure our journey to net zero is credible and rigorous.

We were awarded an A rating from the Carbon Disclosure Project ('CDP'). Our climate change information is publicly accessible. CDP requests information about climate change from companies on behalf of investors and scores each company on the quality and completeness of responses.

Measuring our progress

We measure and manage a wide range of metrics which help us assess how well we are doing to minimise our risks in a changing future. These include a range of metrics that measure our ability to provide and take away water, our influence and impact on natural capital, our adaptation measures and any changes in the regulatory environment. These are reported annually in our Annual Performance Report to Ofwat which provides a transparent assessment of our performance. Further information on the time-specific and quantitative targets can be found on pages 35. Our metrics go above and beyond what the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board ('SASB') recommends and the table shows how our measures map across. More detail around how our reporting maps to the recommendations of SASB can be found within our Sustainability Report. The following pages outline our Net Zero Transition Plan and current GHG performance.

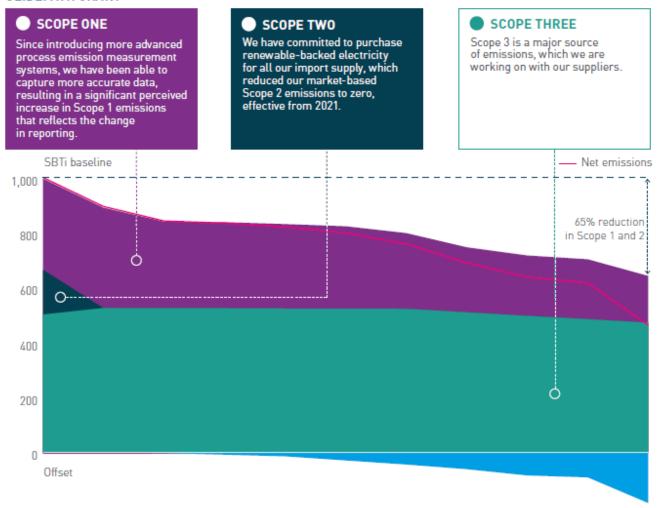
OUR NET ZERO TRANSITION PLAN

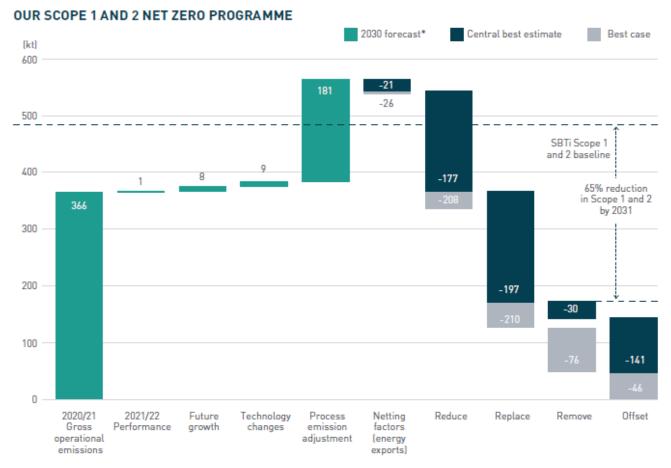
Our Net Zero Transition Plan brings together targets associated with our Triple Carbon Pledge, and our SBTs, creating a comprehensive system for assessing our actions and measuring results, as well as commitments to work with our suppliers on their emissions reduction (Scope 3). We need to achieve these targets whilst continuing to provide the quality and quantity of water our customers expect, at a price they can afford. This is an ambitious undertaking and one which we are proud of.

Achieving our plan will require us to re-think every aspect of our business processes and adopt new ways of working. Our approach is to follow the carbon hierarchy, prioritising solutions to reduce first, replace or remove emissions, and then only offset where we can't remove any residual emissions. Our approach is therefore as follows:

- We Reduce our emissions through process and behaviour changes, innovation and technology.
- Where we need electricity for our facilities or gas for our vehicles, we Replace fossil fuels with green energy, and produce it ourselves where possible.
- We Remove carbon emissions from the atmosphere by facilitating the growth of carbon sinks such as forests and peatbogs on our land.
- Where reduction, replacement or removal is not feasible in the short term, we can Offset any residual emissions we have through accredited removal offsets, preferably through the products we create but, where required, through externally accredited schemes.

GLIDEPATH CHART





* Significantly ear-on-year changes are attributed to improved measurement technology and are not due to increases in actual emissions (this includes our emissions from 2020/21 using the Carbon Accounting Workbook).

Science-Based Targets

Our SBTs are in line with the 1.5°C pathway (defined as holding temperature rises of no more than 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels). These targets will drive an ambitious reduction in our Scope 1 (direct emissions arising from owned or controlled sources) and Scope 2 emissions (indirect emissions arising from energy purchase). We have committed to:

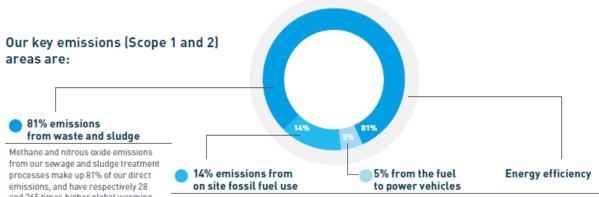
- a 46% reduction in Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions by 2031 from a 2019/20 baseline;
- 70% of our supply chain (by emissions) having set a SBT by 2026; and
- > a 13.5% reduction in emissions from the use of sold products by 2031.

To ensure that our plans will deliver net zero, understanding and measuring our impact is essential for helping us to invest in the right areas. Improving the granularity and confidence of our data will take time as we move from estimates to actual data as much as possible across all our scope emissions and is a key priority for us. While our understanding of total emissions is changing due to better data, and some areas of emissions are rising due to operational requirements, we are building a plan of action that we believe can deliver a net zero business.

Innovation and new technologies are central to the challenges we face, so we are conducting multiple trials, with the understanding that no-one can guarantee results so we are building a portfolio of innovations and solutions, and engaging with our supply chain.

While we do not have definitive results across the board as yet, it is important that we are transparent about our efforts and the rationale behind each project.

For some areas of our work, there are no feasible alternatives or technology readily available on the market. Where we cannot develop the solutions alone, we need markets to innovate, adapt and make these available so we can find the best way to adopt the solutions.



Methane and nitrous oxide emissions from our sewage and sludge treatmen processes make up 81% of our direct emissions, and have respectively 28 and 265 times higher global warming potential than CO₂ over a 100-year period. Emissions from waste water treatment represent 1.3% of all anthropogenic emissions.

This issue is one of the major challenges in our path to net zero and requires new science, technology and innovation to understand and solve. Minimising unintended escapes of biogas, and making improvements to processes, would improve the figures only slightly. To make significant headway, we need deeper technological innovation, as well as changes to future asset design and strategy. We are establishing our options, often in partnerships, based on impact, cost, likelihood and timing, with many innovations and solutions not yet ready for full-scale deployment.

We will appraise options and invest to replace fossil fuels before offsetting any remaining emissions. For example, we use diesel generators and gas oil in our anaerobic digesters. Alternatives could include use of biofuels, ground-source and solar-thermal heating and green hydrogen to replace diesel.

We generate equivalent to over half of the electricity Severn Trent Water uses, from our own renewable assets, which include anaerobic digesters, and solar, wind and hydro-power plants.

However, our emissions did go up 24kt CO2e in 2021/22, due to increased use of natural gas in our new thermal hydrolysis plants, which create better quality sludge digestate and additional renewable biogas; as well as natural gas in our combined heat and power ('CHP') engines to manage the impact of rising energy prices.

By 2030, we will have the potential to meet 100% of our electricity needs from our own renewable sources or through Power Purchase Agreements that provide capital for new renewable energy projects while guaranteeing stable future energy prices.

All new company cars will now be electric and we have begun to replace ourvans. Electric HGVs and tankers may not be available by 2030, so we are looking into alternative low-carbon options such as hydrogen and biogas. We have now installed over 352 charging points at 70 sites. We continue to join global and UK industry partnerships to both learn from and support other companies with a similar approach for their fleets. We encourage efficient driving, eliminating unnecessary journeys, and have launched a scheme to encourage employees to switch to electric vehicles.

We are transitioning our fleet from fossil fuels to electric vehicles with the aim of 100% by 2030, where available. 17% of our company cars and 1% of our company vans are now electric and we continue to deploy more dedicated site charging points.

We continually invest in improving energy efficiency and we have a dedicated Energy Management Team focused on driving operational change to reduce energy. This is supported by a network of energy champions across our business, overseen by an Energy Steering Group.

We have invested £6.2 million over 2021/22 and £32 million over the last seven years in energy efficiency. This includes proactive maintenance on our energy-intensive assets, such as pumps and air blowers, and investment in improved controls and monitoring to reduce energy use.

Our energy management policy and programme follows the best practice laid down in ISO50001, the international energy management standard.

To reduce our operational emissions further, we will continue to focus on improving our energy efficiency to offset the additional demands of a growing population.

Mitigating climate change - reducing our greenhouse gas ('GHG') emissions

We have been committed to reducing our carbon emissions since 2002 and continually improve on emissions reductions processes.

For Severn Trent Group, we have committed to our Triple Carbon Pledge to achieve net zero operational carbon emissions by 2030; generate or procure 100% renewable electricity and move our fleet to 100% electric vehicles by 2030. We have also set Science Based Targets to reduce Scope 1 and 2 emissions by 46% by 2031 in line with a 1.5c pathway, for 70% of our supply chain (by emissions) to have set a Science Based Target by 2026, and to reduce emissions from sold products by 13.5% by 2031.

More information about the activities we are undertaking to minimise our impact can be found in both our TCFD disclosure and Net Zero Transition Plan sections of this report, and our separate Sustainability Report. Details of how sustainability focused performance measures are included in our LTIP can be found on pages 128 of the Severn Trent Plc Directors Remuneration Report.

Assessing our progress

The methodology behind how we report on, account for, and gain assurance on our GHG emissions is outlined Greenhouse Gas Performance. We continue to go beyond mandatory requirements and now report on ten Scope 3 categories, including our supply chain emissions. Our full emissions reporting, including Scope 3 emissions reporting, can be found within the Greenhouse Gas Performance and Energy Performance section of this report.

Adapting to climate change

We know that we need to play our part in both mitigating and adapting to climate change. The impacts of climate change are closely linked to many of the key risks faced by our business. Over the next 25 years, we anticipate a period of increased investment across the sector to build a more resilient and flexible infrastructure that can cope with greater overall demand and volatility, and lessen our impact on the natural environment.

Our third Adaptation Report, published in December 2021 describes how the climate impacts our operations, how we assess climate risks and how we plan to manage them. Together with reports across a range of sectors, it helps the UK Government to understand the level of risk that society is exposed to nationally and informs the level of response being taken to manage these risks. It also provides visibility to our stakeholders of the actions we are taking to understand our risks and the steps we are taking to be resilient to a changing climate.

The report details the actions we are taking, including increased focus on nature-based solutions in our catchments, such as landscape initiatives slowing the flow of floodwater and reducing the need for expensive hard engineered downstream solutions. By expanding the climate modelling we are undertaking, we can better assess risks to our assets and to water services in general.

Report on greenhouse gas ('GHG') emissions

This is the ninth year Severn Trent Water has been required to report GHG emissions. Severn Trent Water accounts for 96% of our total Group emissions and we have been publicly reporting on our emissions since 2002.

Operational Greenhouse Gas Emissions (Tonnes	2021/22		
CO₂e)	Location based	Market based	
Scope 1 Emissions (Combustion of Fossil Fuel on Site)	46,932	46,932	
Scope 1 Emissions (Process Emissions)	292,848	292,848	
Scope 1 Emissions (Transport Fleet)	16,702	16,702	
Scope 2 Emissions (Electricity Purchased for Own Use)	154,592	-	
Scope 3 Emissions (Business Travel)	615	615	
Scope 3 Emissions (Outsourced Sludge Tankers)	2,424	2,424	
Scope 3 Emissions (Electricity Transmission and Distribution)	13,681	-	
Total Annual Gross Operational Emissions	527,794	359,521	
Emissions benefit of the renewable electricity we export	-4,671	-4,671	
Emissions benefit of the renewable biomethane we export (for which we retire green gas certificates)	-25,649	-25,649	
Total Annual Net Operational Emissions	497,474	329,202	

Our GHG emissions are reported in tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent (tCO2e), for the period 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022. We report our location-based and market-based emissions separately. The GHG data we report is reported internally during the year to the Corporate Sustainability Committee and to the Board. We have subjected our GHG data and processes to external assurance by Jacobs.

Our approach to reporting is subjected to the GHG Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard. In Scope 1 and 2, we have included the emissions from the assets which we own and operate and which we can directly influence and reduce, known as the financial control boundary. Emissions from our supply

chain and from assets which we do not own but operate on others behalf are included in our Scope 3 category.

For our net operational carbon footprint, we include the benefit of renewable electricity which we export and also a carbon benefit from the biomethane we export to the grid, but only where we have not sold an associated green gas certificate. Where we have sold a green gas certificate, we do not include the carbon benefit in our net number overleaf.

Our emissions are calculated primarily using the updated 'Carbon accounting in the UK Water Industry: methodology for estimating operational emissions, Version 15' (released April 2021). This is a peer reviewed calculation tool developed and used by all the major water companies in the UK. It is updated each year to include the latest available emissions factors. All emissions arise in the UK.

The most significant change to our GHG emissions reporting this year results from the industry-leading monitoring programme, which has improved our understanding and reporting of process emissions from the treatment of sewage and sludge. These emissions have historically been broadly estimated using an industry-standard factor. Our work,

combined with a review of the available international science, shows that our process emissions are substantially higher than the previous UKWIR Carbon Accounting Workbook calculations. We are therefore reporting a value based on our own work for the first time this year. Details of this method are included in our Greenhouse Gas Performance and Sustainability Report published on our website.

Report on energy

We report on our consumption of energy at group level in our STplc Annual report.

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICERS REVIEW

Our financial performance in the year reflects our robust recovery from the impacts of COVID-19 in the previous year. Non-household revenue returned to pre-pandemic levels and while there was upward pressure particularly on energy and chemical costs, our PBIT grew in line with expectations.

With rising inflation, partly driven by higher energy costs, impacting our business, employees and our customers, we face new challenges as we move into the third year of the AMP. We are ready to face these, having already invested in the capacity, across the Severn Trent Group, to generate over 50% of our energy needs, and keeping in line with our totex allowance for the first two years of the AMP. We are entering the final year of a three-year pay deal that we agreed at the outset of the pandemic. For our customers, we're expanding our financial support to an additional 100,000 customers who struggle to pay their bills through a £30 million package of help, enabled by improved efficiencies in our retail operations, including better management of void properties and more efficient use of our existing assistance programmes, with the balance being contributed by the Group.

We have a strong balance sheet, well positioned to deliver real RCV growth over AMP 7 of 10.8%, equivalent to 28.3%¹ nominal growth. Severn Trent Plc successfully raised £245 million (net of issue costs) in the first half of the year from an equity placing to fund our Green Recovery programme and end the second half with regulatory gearing of 59.5% (down from 64.5%). Our net pension deficit is £138 million (2021: £359 million). down more than £400 million since 2017, reflecting strong asset performance and an effective investment hedging strategy.

Higher inflation has increased the cost of our index linked-debt but our cash interest cost (which excludes the non-cash indexation adjustment) was in line with the prior year, due to active treasury management and our strategy to switch to a greater weighting of fixed rate debt as we moved from AMP 6 into AMP 7. We issued £500 million of new debt in the year, all at rates below the iBoxx index.

Our ODI rewards of £79 million, tight control of totex and financing outperformance of 300 bps, helped by higher inflation and a relatively low level of index linked debt, led to a strong annual RoRE of 8.8%.

A summary of our financial performance for the year is set out below:

	2022	2021	Chang	е
	£m	£m	£m	%
Turnover	1,808.9	1,699.5	109.4	6.4
PBIT	490.8	457.9	32.9	7.2
Net finance costs	(259.0)	(177.6)	(81.4)	(45.8)
Gains/losses on financial instruments and reduction of				
expected credit loss on loans receivable	52.8	9.7	43.1	444.3
Profit before tax	284.6	290.0	(5.4)	(1.9)
Tax	(349.9)	(51.1)	(298.8)	(584.7)
(Loss)/profit for the year	(65.3)	238.9	(304.2)	(127.3)

Our turnover was at the top of our expected range as non-household consumption returned to pre COVID-19 levels. We also saw an increase in diversions income, due mainly to HS2, of £26 million. This revenue represents the recovery of costs incurred and is entirely offset by a corresponding increase in infrastructure renewals expenditure.

PBIT was up to £490.8 million. The increase in revenue was partially offset by increases in operating costs, particularly energy and chemicals.

¹ Nominal RCV is measured using the Office for Budget Responsibility's March forecast for CPIH.

Our net finance costs rose as higher inflation in the period increased the cost of our index-linked debt. Our effective interest cost was 140 bps higher at 4.8% (2020/21: 3.4%) but our effective cash cost of interest, (which excludes the inflation uplift on index-linked debt) was in line with the prior year at 3.1% (2020/21: 3.1%).

Our full effective tax rate excluding the exceptional deferred tax charge this year was 21.9% (2020/21: 18.8%) and our adjusted effective tax rate was (0.8)%, down from 10.8% in 2020/21. In his 2021 Budget, the Chancellor introduced the 'super deduction' of 130% capital allowances. As expected, the benefit of this reduced our current tax payable in the year to nil. An increase in the corporation tax rate to 25% from FY24 was also announced and this resulted in an exceptional deferred tax charge to the income statement of £289.2 million from recalculating our opening deferred tax balances at the new rate, which is included in our reported tax charge of £349.9 million. Deferred tax is an accounting adjustment that reflects differences in timing between when profits are recorded in financial statements and when they are subject to tax. Because of the nature of our business, including our significant rolling capital programme and the long lives of our assets, these timing differences will not reverse for the foreseeable future, and may never do so.

As a result of the exceptional deferred tax charge there was a reported Group loss after tax of £65.3 million (2020/21: profit of £238.9 million).

Operational cash flow was £813.5 million, (2020/21: £794.2 million). EBITDA increased by £53.3 million but our pension contributions increased by £23.5 million. Cash capex was £578.3 million, in line with the prior year. Net cash inflow before changes in net debt was £222.8 million, reflecting the £250 million cash raised from shares issued (2020/21: outflow of £60.9 million).

Our net debt was £6,065.8 million (2021: £6,174.0 million) and regulatory gearing was 59.5% (2021: 64.5%) reflecting strong capital management, the benefit of the recent equity placement and higher inflation on our RCV. Our cash flow requirements are now funded to February 2024.

Our RoRE for the year was 8.8%, 490 bps above the base return of 3.9%. Outperformance came mainly from our customer ODIs, with 88% of our measures in reward, and financing, reflecting our continued low cash interest cost and the impact of higher inflation in the year compared to Ofwat's assumption in the Final Determination.

Although in the current year we have seen the adverse impact of higher inflation on our operating and finance costs, in the longer term we expect to see the benefits of higher inflation through indexation of our RCV, revenue growth and lower gearing, all of which underpin our inflation-linked dividend policy for AMP7.

Profit before interest and tax

	2022	2021	Better/(wo	rse)
	£m	£m	£m	%
Turnover	1,808.9	1,699.5	109.4	6.4
Net labour costs	(166.7)	(160.1)	(6.6)	(4.1)
Net hired and contracted costs	(190.2)	(188.0)	(2.2)	(1.2)
Power	(113.9)	(100.0)	(13.9)	(13.9)
Raw materials and consumables	(67.2)	(62.0)	(5.2)	(8.4)
Bad debts	(24.8)	(39.9)	15.1	37.8
Other costs	(171.7)	(175.6)	3.9	2.2
	(734.5)	(725.6)	(8.9)	(1.2)
Infrastructure renewals expenditure	(198.2)	(151.0)	(47.2)	(31.3)
Depreciation	(385.4)	(365.0)	(20.4)	(5.6)
PBIT	490.8	457.9	32.9	7.2

Turnover was £1,808.9 million (2021/22: £1,699.5 million) and PBIT was £490.8 million (2021/22: £457.9 million).

Turnover increased by £109.4 million with the main movements being:

- A £62.0 million net increase from higher non-household consumption and lower household consumption, returning to more normal patterns following the easing of COVID-19 restrictions earlier in the year;
- An increase of £25.9 million in diversions income largely due to the increased activity related to HS2; an offset is seen in higher infrastructure renewals (see below);
- An increase of £4.7 million in non-household revenue due to additional properties successfully being brought into charge under the Voids and Gaps Incentive Scheme; an offset is seen in higher operating costs (see below);
- An increase of £12.1 million in renewable energy income in our Bioresources business; and
- Other net increases of £4.7 million, including higher miscellaneous sales and the adjustment for inflation in the year.

Net labour costs of £166.7 million were 4.1% higher year-on-year. Gross employee costs increased due to the annual pay award of 2.3% and an increase in FTE due to insourcing activity and mobilisation of the Green Recovery programme. This was partially offset by higher capitalisation of employee costs, largely related to insourcing activity.

Net hired and contracted costs increased by £2.2 million (1.2%). An increase in biodiversity and catchment spend, along with additional cloud storage costs and increased debt management activity were partly offset by the reduction from insourcing activity.

Power costs were £13.9 million (13.9%) higher than the previous period, much less than the average market wholesale energy price increase of more than 250% year-on-year. We benefited from self-generation in Bioresources and hedges with the Severn Trent Group's non-regulated Green Power business.

Raw materials and consumables increased by £5.2 million. Higher chemical and fuel costs during the period resulted in an increase of £2.9 million

Bad debt charges reduced by £15.1 million and represented 2.1% of household revenue. The outlook for unemployment has improved, and we have not seen a deterioration in our collection performance. However, pressure on household budgets from increasing energy bills, other cost of living inflation and higher national insurance has led us to retain most (£8.2 million) of the forward-looking provision taken since the start of the pandemic at the balance sheet date.

Other costs decreased by £3.9 million mainly due to an increase of £3.6 million in the profit on disposal of fixed assets.

Infrastructure renewals expenditure was £47.2 million higher in the period, reflecting the planned step up in the programme and diversions activity related to HS2 referred to above.

Depreciation was £20.4 million higher year-on-year in line with the growing asset base.

Return on Regulated Equity (RoRE)

RoRE is a key performance indicator for the regulated business and reflects our combined performance on totex, customer ODIs and financing against the base return allowed in the Final Determination.

RoRE for the year ended 31 March 2022 and for the two years ended on that date is set out in the following table:

	2021/22	AMP7 to
	%	date
		%
Base return	3.9	3.9
Enhanced RoRE reward ¹	0.3	0.2
ODI outperformance ²	1.5	1.6
Wholesale totex performance	0.1	_
Retail cost performance	(0.1)	(0.3)
Financing outperformance ³	3.0	1.7
Land sales	0.1	0.1
Regulatory return for the year⁴	8.8	7.2

- 1 Fast track reward taken over the first two year AMP7
- 2 ODI performance includes PCC and forecast C-MeX and D-MeX outturn.
- 3 Includes 1.0% for the variance on tax from the benefit of super deduction capital allowances and a prior year tax credit.
- 4 Calculated in accordance with Ofwat guidance set out in RAG 4.10, which excludes Ofwat's AMP7 tax true-up mechanism.

We have delivered RoRE of 8.8% in the year, outperforming the base return by 4.9% as a result of:

- ODI performance of 1.5%, driven by strong performance across the majority of measures, with 88% meeting or exceeding regulatory targets;
- Our neutral totex position reflecting good cost control and efficient spend over the year; and
- Financing performance of 3.0%, driven by our AMP7 financing strategy of maintaining a low level of index-linked debt and the tax benefit of super deduction capital allowances.

Net finance costs

Net finance costs for the year were £81.4 million higher than the prior year at £259.0 million. Average net debt decreased by 1% to £5,977.4 million (2020/21: £6,036.5 million) but higher inflation in the year increased the cost on our index-linked debt by £85.3 million. Our effective interest cost was 4.8% (2020/21: 3.4%).

We issued £500 million of new debt at rates consistently below the iBoxx index and as a result our effective cash cost of interest (excluding the RPI uplift on index-linked debt and pensions-related charges) was in line with the prior year at 3.1% (2020/21: 3.1%).

Capitalised interest of £34.2 million was £3.8 million higher year-on-year, due to the higher effective interest cost compared to last year. Our earnings before interest, tax depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA) interest cover was 3.5 times (2020/21: 4.8 times) and PBIT interest cover was 1.9 times (2020/21: 2.7 times). See note 43 for further details.

Gains/losses on financial instruments

We use financial derivatives solely to hedge risks associated with our normal business activities including:

- Exchange rate exposure on foreign currency borrowings;
- Interest rate exposures on floating rate borrowings;
- · Exposures to increases in electricity prices; and
- Changes in the regulatory model from RPI to CPIH.

We hold interest rate swaps with a net notional principal of £623 million floating to fixed, and cross currency swaps with a sterling principal of £141 million, which economically act to hedge exchange rate risk on certain foreign currency borrowings.

We revalue the derivatives at each balance sheet date and take the changes in value to the income statement, unless the derivative is part of a cash flow hedge.

Where hedge accounting is not applied, if the risk that is being hedged does not impact the income statement in the same period as the change in value of the derivative, then an accounting mismatch arises and there is a net charge or credit to the income statement. During the year there was a gain of £51.4 million (2020/21: loss of £8.2 million) in relation to these instruments.

Note 12 to the financial statements gives an analysis of the amounts charged to the income statement in relation to financial instruments.

As part of our power cost management strategy, we have fixed the wholesale price for around 90% of our estimated wholesale energy import for 2022/23 through energy hedges.

Taxation

We are committed to paying the right amount of tax at the right time. We pay a range of taxes, including business rates, employer's national insurance and environmental taxes such as the Climate Change Levy as well as the corporation tax shown in our tax charge in the income statement.

Further details on the taxes and levies that the Severn Trent Group pays can be found in our report, "Explaining our Tax Contribution 2021/22", which is available at www.severntrent.com/sustainability-strategy/reports-and-publications/tax/

The corporation tax charge for the year recorded in the income statement, before exceptional taxes, was £60.7 million (2020/21: £51.1 million) and we received net corporation tax payments of £61.3 million in the year (2020/21: paid £26.9 million). The difference between the tax charged and the tax received/paid is summarised below:

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Tax on profit on ordinary activities before exceptional taxes	60.7	51.1
Tax effect of timing differences	(67.8)	(26.2)
Current tax credits recorded in Other Comprehensive Income	_	(0.4)
or equity	_	(0.4)
Overprovisions in previous years	3.9	3.4
Corporation tax payable for the year	(3.2)	28.3
Overpayments in prior years offset in the current year	(58.1)	(1.4)
Net tax (received)/paid in the year	(61.3)	26.9

Net tax received in the year of £61.3 million includes a refund of group relief paid in previous years £62.5 million and payments to Water Plus for consortium relief £1.2 million (2020/21: £4.9 million paid to Water Plus).

Note 13 in the financial statements sets out the tax charges and credits in the year, which are described below.

The current tax credit for the year was £7.1 million (2020/21: charge of £24.9 million) and the deferred tax charge (before the exceptional charge arising from the change of rate) was £67.8 million (2020/21: £26.2 million).

Our effective tax rate excluding the exceptional deferred tax charge this year was 21.9% (2020/21: 18.8%), which is higher than the UK rate of corporation tax (19%), mainly due to deferred tax on temporary differences arising during the year charged at 25%, partly offset by the permanent difference that arises from the additional 30% deduction included in the super deduction (2020/21: broadly in line).

Our adjusted effective current tax rate was (0.8)% (2020/21: 10.8%) (see note 43).

UK tax rules specify the rate of tax relief available on capital expenditure. Typically this is greater in the early years than the rate of depreciation used to write off the expenditure in our accounts. And in the current year, this has been enhanced by the super deduction for certain for certain capital expenditure, which gives a 100% tax deduction in the year of spend plus an additional allowance of 30%.

The impact of this timing difference applied across our significant and recurring capital programme tends to reduce our adjusted effective current tax rate and corporation tax payments in the year. By the same token we make a provision for the tax that we will pay in future periods, when the tax relief on the capital expenditure has already been received and we receive no allowance for the depreciation charge arising on that expenditure. This is the most significant component of our deferred tax position.

Profit for the year

Total loss for the year, after the exceptional deferred tax charge of £289.2 million was £65.3 million (2020/21 profit: £238.9 million).

Cash flow

	2022	2021	
	£m	£m	
Operational cash flow	813.5	794.2	
Cash capex	(578.3)	(584.6)	
Net interest paid	(179.3)	(179.4)	
Net proceeds on swap cancellations	5.6	0.2	
Tax received/(paid)	61.3	(26.9)	
Free cash flow	122.8	3.1	
Dividends	(150.0)	(64.0)	
Issue of shares	250.0		
Change in net debt from cash flows	222.8	(60.9)	
Non-cash movements	(117.7)	(21.9)	
Change in net debt	105.1	(82.8)	
Net debt disposed with Hafren Dyfrdwy	3.1	_	
Opening net debt	(6,174.0)	(6,091.2)	
Closing net debt	(6,065.8)	(6,174.0)	
	2022	2021	
	£m	£m	
Cash and cash equivalents	77.8	12.1	
Bank overdraft	(7.7)	_	
Net cash and cash equivalents	70.1	12.1	
Loans due from parent company	226.2	52.0	
Bank loans	(755.7)	(980.8)	
Other loans	(5,525.9)	(5,177.4)	
Lease liabilities	(108.8)	(111.8)	
Cross currency swaps	28.3	` 31.9 [´]	
Net debt	(6,065.8)	(6,174.0)	

Operational cash flow was £813.5 million (2020/21: £794.2 million). Increased PBIT and higher depreciation and amortisation were more than offset by increased pension contributions and a large decrease in working capital in the prior year.

Net cash capex of £578.3 million (2020/21: £584.6 million) was within our expected range.

Our net interest payments of £179.3 million (2020/21: £179.4 million) were broadly in line with the previous year as the impact of higher net debt was largely offset by the lower effective cash cost of interest, and most of the increase in interest costs was due to non-cash index-linked indexation. Our net tax received was £61.3 million as a result of a refund of an intra-group overpayment in a previous year and the impact of the super deduction which resulted in an overall loss position for tax in the current year.

The share issue in July 2021 raised net proceeds of £250 million. Our dividends paid increased in line with our policy, which is set out in our Annual Performance Report.

These cash flows, together with accounting adjustments to the carrying value of debt, resulted in a reduction of £222.8 million in net debt (2020/21: increase of £60.9 million) and net debt of £3.1 million was transferred as part of the dividend in specie of the investment in Hafren Dyfrdwy.

At 31 March 2022 we held £70.1 million (2021: £12.1 million) in net cash and cash equivalents. Average debt maturity was around 13 years (2021: 13 years). Including committed facilities, our cash flow requirements are funded until February 2024.

Net debt at 31 March 2022 was £6,065.8 million (2021: £6,174.0 million). Regulated gearing (net debt of our regulated businesses, expressed as a percentage of estimated RCV) was 59.5% at 31 March 2022 (2021: 64.5%).

The estimated fair value of debt at 31 March 2022 was £1,039.3 million higher than book value (2021: £1,470.6 million higher). The decrease in the difference to book value is largely due to the impact of higher interest rate expectations.

Our policy for the management of interest rates is that at least 40% of our borrowings should be at fixed interest rates, or hedged through the use of interest rate swaps or forward rate agreements. At 31 March 2022 interest rates for 69% (2021: 67%) of our gross debt of £6,398.1 million were fixed; 4% were floating and 27% were index linked. We continue to carefully monitor market conditions and our interest rate exposure.

Our long-term credit ratings are:

Agency	Long-term rating	Outlook
Moody's	Baa1	Stable
Standard and Poor's	BBB+	Stable

We invest cash in deposits with highly rated banks and liquidity funds. We regularly review the list of counterparties and report this to the Treasury Committee.

Pensions

We have two defined benefit pensions arrangements ('the Schemes'), which are closed to future accrual:

the Severn Trent Pension Scheme ('STPS'), which is by far the largest of the schemes; and the Mirror Image Pension Scheme ('MIPS'), which represents around 4% of the Group's defined benefit liabilities.

During the year the Group also included the Dee Valley Water Scheme ('DVWS'), which is in Hafren Dyfrdwy.

The most recent formal actuarial valuations for the Schemes were completed as at 31 March 2019. The agreement reached with the Trustee for, included:

- Inflation-linked payments of £15.0 million per annum through an asset-backed funding arrangement, potentially continuing to 31 March 2031, although these contributions will cease earlier should a subsequent valuation of the STPS show that these contributions are no longer needed:
- Payments under another asset-backed funding arrangement of £8.2 million per annum to 31 March 2032; and
- Annual deficit reduction payments of £32.4 million, increasing in line with inflation through to 31 March 2027.

In addition to these payments, the Company will directly pay the annual PPF levy incurred by the STPS (£1.0 million in 2021/22).

The Schemes have entered into additional hedging arrangements to reduce the impact of fluctuations in interest rates and inflation on the Schemes' liabilities without adversely impacting the expected return from the Schemes' assets.

In June 2021 we executed a bulk annuity buy-in for the MIPS. Under the buy-in, the liabilities of this scheme are met by an insurance policy and as a result the Group's risk is substantially reduced.

On an IAS 19 basis, the net position (before deferred tax) of all of the Group's defined benefit pension schemes was a deficit of £137.6 million (2021: £359.4 million). To calculate the pension deficit for accounting purposes, we are required to use corporate bond yields as the basis for the discount rate of our long-term liabilities, irrespective of the nature of the scheme's assets or their expected returns.

On an IAS 19 basis, the funding level increased to 95% (31 March 2021: 88%).

The movements in the net deficit during the year were:

	Fair value of scheme assets	Defined benefit obligations	Net deficit
	£m	£m	£m
At start of the period	2,600.4	(2,959.8)	(359.4)
Amounts credited/(charged) to income statement	49.0	(59.5)	(10.5)
Actuarial gains/(losses) taken to reserves	68.9	119.5	188.4
Disposal of Hafren Dyfrdwy	(64.1)	46.6	(17.5)
Net contributions received and benefits paid	(58.9)	120.3	61.4
At end of the period	2,595.3	2,732.9	(137.6)

The income statement includes:

- Current service costs of £0.2 million on the DVWS, which is open to further accrual but is closed to new members.
- Scheme administration costs of £3.8 million; and
- Net interest on scheme liabilities and expected return on the scheme assets together a cost
 of £6.5 million.

Higher interest rate expectations increased the discount rate, which is derived from yields on high quality corporate bonds, by 80bps. Inflation expectations have also increased by around 40bps since the previous year end. The impacts of these changes are offsetting and resulted in a net decrease in the scheme liabilities of around £193 million.

Changes to demographic assumptions reduced scheme liabilities by around £6 million. This included an update to the most recent CMI data tables and also a weighting to allow for the high mortality experienced in 2021.

The actual outturn in the year for inflation and other assumptions was worse than expected and this increased scheme liabilities by £79 million.

The scheme assets increased in value by around £69 million more than the return included in the income statement in the year.

Contributions paid to the STPS in the year included:

- The amounts due under the asset-backed funding arrangements (£25.6 million); and
- A deficit reduction payment of £35.6 million that was deferred from March 2021 to April 2021.

There were also normal contributions of £0.2 million to the DVWS.

In April 2022 the deferred deficit reduction payment originally scheduled for March 2022 of £32.4 million was paid.

RISK MANAGEMENT

OUR APPROACH TO RISK

Severn Trent has a robust risk management framework in place to effectively identify, assess and mitigate risk. Our risk management framework enables us to meet our strategic objectives and optimise our risk exposure within our risk appetite.

2021/22 risk landscape

2021/22 has been a year in which COVID-19 and its economic and societal consequences have continued to evolve. The global economic outlook remains weaker than it would have been without the pandemic. Geopolitical instability, including the conflict in Ukraine, cyber crime, rising inflation, commodity and energy prices, and debt levels, have all disrupted the world economy, and have introduced new risks that need to be considered.

At a local level, we have seen an acceleration in changing stakeholder attitudes to climate, nature and the environment, and the part corporations play in protecting them, all relevant to our sector.

Risk appetite statement

Severn Trent's Purpose is 'taking care of one of life's essentials'. No business is free of risk and to achieve our strategic objectives we often need to take calculated risks. We will, however, only take risks that are consistent with our Purpose, Values and strategy and are well understood, so that they can be managed effectively.

Our sector has inherent risks, particularly due to the nature and scale of our operational infrastructure and the importance of our activities to the health, safety and wellbeing of our people and the communities we serve. The sector is also subject to political, regulatory and financial market risk, as well as risks arising from developments in technology, stakeholders' evolving expectations and climate change.

Within the Severn Trent Group, we operate both regulated and non-regulated businesses, which have different risk profiles and tolerances. Our regulated water and waste water businesses are monopoly providers that are economically regulated and characterised by relatively stable, inflation-linked cash flows.

Our risk priorities

In addition to managing the inherent risks associated with our business, we prioritise the following:

The health, safety and wellbeing of our people and the communities we serve and maintaining our essential operational services are our top priorities, and we have no appetite for risks brought on by unsafe actions.

Protecting the environment is a key long-term commitment. We aim to enhance the water environment and improve biodiversity.

Adherence to laws and regulations is a fundamental requirement and we are committed to ensuring compliance with all UK water regulations and to operate within our licence permits; therefore, we have no appetite for compliance-related risks.

Our approach to financing is to take measured risk consistent with providing resilience and delivering sustainable outperformance for the best long-term value for our customers and stakeholders.

We are determined to play a leading role in addressing the impact of climate change through mitigating our own impact and that of our supply chain, and adapting to the challenges that climate change may bring in the future.

The Board has overall responsibility for determining the nature and extent of the risks Severn Trent takes and for ensuring that risks are managed effectively across the Group.

Overseeing risk

Our approach to risk management is designed to enable the business to deliver its strategic objectives. We have an established Enterprise Risk Management ('ERM') process and internal control framework that help us to identify, evaluate and manage risks to influence decision making. Our approach cannot eliminate all risk entirely, but ensures we have the right structure to effectively navigate the challenges and opportunities we face, and only take risks that are within our risk appetite.

We operate a top-down and bottom-up model of risk management in line with the three lines of defence model that ensures both a clear articulation of risk appetite, and a comprehensive and structured process of risk identification, assessment and management. Our risk management framework on the next page shows the groups involved in risk across Severn Trent.

Top-down

The Board has overall responsibility for oversight of risk and for maintaining a robust risk management and internal control system. The Board recognises the importance of identifying and actively monitoring our strategic, reputational, financial, and operational risks, and other longer-term threats, trends and challenges facing the business.

The Audit and Risk Committee supports the Board in the management of risk and is responsible for reviewing the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control framework during the year.

The Executive Committee reviews strategic objectives and assesses the level of risk taken in achieving these objectives.

The Strategic Risk Forum ('SRF') assists the Executive Committee, the Board, and the Audit and Risk Committee to effectively oversee the risk framework and its processes of risk identification, risk assessment and risk mitigation to ensure that the Company meets its strategic objectives.

This top-down risk process helps to ensure the bottom-up risk process, described below, is aligned to our current strategy and objectives.

Bottom-up

Operating in the water sector means risk management is embedded throughout our processes, from day-to-day asset operation and monitoring, medium-term deployment of capital investment to long-term modelling of asset health, performance, and societal and environmental changes.

Our strong continuous improvement culture ensures that risk discussions happen at all levels of the business, resulting in risks being identified, categorised, assessed and entered into the ERM system.

Risk reporting

The ERM process is operated by the Central ERM Team and underpinned by a standardised methodology to ensure consistency.

ERM Champions and Co-ordinators operate throughout the business, with support and challenge from the Central ERM Team, continually identifying and assessing risks in their business units and reporting on a quarterly basis. Standardised criteria are used to consider the likelihood and velocity of occurrence and potential financial and reputational impacts.

The potential causes, impacts and mitigating controls related to each risk are well documented. This assessment allows us to put in place effective risk response strategies to mitigate the risk to an acceptable level and, following governance checks, to remediate any defective controls or implement additional controls as required.

Risk information from our business units is combined to form a consolidated view of risk across the Group. Our significant risks form our Group risk profile which is reported to the Executive Committee and SRF for review and challenge. This is then reported to the Audit and Risk Committee and Board on a six monthly basis. The report provides an assessment of the effectiveness of controls over each risk and action plans to improve controls where necessary.

We have made significant progress in the year in integrating the elements of our risk system with other compliance programmes within the Company. This has also had the benefit of improving the reporting to the Board and Audit and Risk Committee.

OUR PRINCIPAL RISKS

The Directors have carried out a robust assessment of the Principal Risks facing the Company, including those that would threaten its business model, future performance, solvency, or liquidity, to identify risks that could:

- > adversely impact the safety or security of the Group's employees, customers and assets;
- > have a material impact on the financial or operational performance of the Group;
- > impede achievement of the Group's strategic objectives and financial targets; and/or
- > adversely impact the Group's reputation or stakeholder expectations.

This list does not comprise all the risks that the Group may face, and they are not presented in order of importance. The nature and profile of these risks are updated each year to reflect the changing risk landscape.

There may be additional risks that emerge in the future, and we undertake regular horizon scanning to identify and report these to the Board.

Our Principal Risks reported in 2021/22 includes:

- > examples of risk mitigation (these mitigation examples are not exhaustive, opportunities have been consolidated within this section);
- the risk exposure level movement at year end;
- a risk update; and
- key risk indicators are used as a metric for measuring the probability of an event and its consequences. They reflect the level of risk exposure, and the effectiveness of key controls. Key risk indicators play an important role in the Severn Trent ERM function, providing advance notice of potential risks that could harm Severn Trent, insight into possible weaknesses in the monitoring and control tools, and ongoing risk monitoring between the formal risk assessments and reporting.



HEALTH AND SAFETY

RISK 1

Due to the nature of our operations, we could endanger the health and safety of our people, contractors, and members of the public.

INFRASTRUCTURE FAILURE AND ASSET RESILIENCE

RISK 2

We do not provide a safe and secure supply of drinking water to our customers.

Strategic outcomes







Examples of risk mitigation

- The Group's Goal Zero policy clearly sets out our target that no one should be injured or made unwell by what we do.
- We have a well-established Health, Safety and Wellbeing Framework to ensure all our operations and processes are conducted in compliance with Health and Safety legislation and in the interests of the safety of our people and our contractors. The Framework is subject to regular review.
- We employ a competency framework and compliance with mandatory training is regularly monitored.
- Monitoring of our supply chain through Site Manager Forums and on site inspections, including Health and Safety reviews to ensure compliance.
- Health and safety bulletins are cascaded throughout the Group, including the supply chain.
- A dedicated Health, Safety and Wellbeing toolkit, called Safety Net, allows real time data recording to capture, analyse and report on all Health, Safety and Wellbeing incidents and implement targeted interventions in a timely manner.
- We monitor and investigate relevant health and safety incidents from other sectors

Strategic outcomes



Stakeholders



Examples of risk mitigation

- We have developed comprehensive resilience plans, such as our WRMP and Drought Plan to inform our capital investment programme and Business Plan.
- Key operational employees are required to complete mandatory Water Quality Competency training.
- We have invested in in-house capability to bolster repair teams and facilitate accelerated response times.
- We operate a 24/7 control centre monitoring of our operations and assets, including real-time telemetry coverage from our loggers. See Principal Risk 3.
- We run strategic modelling to assess potential changes to supply and demand on our water network and the impact of climate change. See Principal Risk 9.
- We regularly review and update processes, standards, and operational procedures.

Change in year



- In 2021/22, we did not experience any major safety incidents or fatalities. During the year we recorded 19 incidents where our colleagues were temporarily unable to work. This is a rate of 0.14 per 100,000 hours worked.
- We have approval to establish a central Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations Compliance Team.
- We have made progress and are on track to complete improvement actions against some of our higher-risk activities.

Change in year



- Our CRI performance in 2021 was adversely impacted by a coliform failure at Strensham in January 2021 (with a 1.1 CRI impact). Despite this, our underlying CRI performance has been industry-leading for a company of our size, with performance this year at 2.43.
- Our Distribution Service Reservoirs ('DSR') failures have also reduced again in calendar year 2021, marking three years of year-on-year reduction in coliforms at DSRs.
- The DWI has complimented us for the continued reduction in the number of recommendations since 2019 and the success of Severn Trent's water quality performance improvement.

Key risk indicators

Lost Time Incident ('LTI') rate target¹

Key risk indicators

- Supply interruptions (no. of minutes)1
- Leakage % (Ml/d) target¹
- CRI (index)¹
- Water Quality Competency training completed target
- Priority Services Register ('PSR') (percentage)¹





Refer to KPIs p20-27

INFRASTRUCTURE FAILURE AND ASSET RESILIENCE

RISK 3

We do not transport and treat waste water effectively, impacting our ability to return clean water to the environment.

SUPPLY CHAIN AND CAPITAL PROJECT DELIVERY

RISK 4

Key suppliers cannot meet contractual obligations causing disruption to capital delivery (cost and quality) and/or critical operational services.

Strategic outcomes



Stakeholders



Examples of risk mitigation

- We run strategic modelling to assess potential changes to supply and demand on our waste network, to reduce service issues and potential damage to the environment. See Principal Risk 9.
- Our 24/7 control centre monitors our asset performance, including real-time telemetry coverage. We operate an in-house Waste Network Response Team.
- Key operational employees are required to complete mandatory training programmes to ensure continued competence with evolving standards.
- We run educational programmes for customers promoting safe use of the waste water system, including appropriate disposal of wet wipes and cooking fat.

Strategic outcomes



Stakeholders



Examples of risk mitigation

- We have framework agreements covering multiple contractual partners, to provide a flexible and diverse supply chain.
- We use a gated capital process to provide assurance around design and delivery.
- We have dedicated quality and assurance teams who perform in-depth quality reviews.
- We review contracts regularly and contract performance meetings, including KPI reviews and proactive supplier and market assessments.
- Appropriate regular training for contract management teams.
- We regularly check the stability of the Severn Trent supply chain; we have a methodology in place to assess financial stability with lead measures.
- We have regular management reviews with our strategically material suppliers through to CEO level where needed.

Change in year



- As part of our continuous improvement activity, in early 2021
 we reviewed site flow to full treatment ('FFT') performance,
 which led to several site improvements. We have enhanced
 our site performance monitors with the installation of Event
 Duration Monitors ('EDM') on both storm weirs and discharges
 to the environment which have given an improved view of site
 performance, not previously available.
- We have a regular review schedule for refreshing our contingency plans to ensure that they remain appropriate for the risk posed by an asset failure.

Change in year



- The risk of supply chain disruptions has increased worldwide resulting from the effects of COVID-19 and the current geopolitical climate as well as an associated increase in the cost of global commodities.
- We have made improvements to our immediate payment terms for our contracted SME partners.
- One of our supply chain partners entered administration this year.
 We were able to seamlessly transition to a new partner, protecting the Severn Trent deliverables and obligations in AMP7.

Key risk indicators

- Internal sewer flooding (no. of incidents)¹
- External sewer flooding (no. of incidents)¹
- Public sewer flooding (no. incidents)¹
- Pollutions incidents (no. of incidents)¹
- Blockages (no. of incidents)

Key risk indicators

- Number of project milestones completed on time (no. of projects)
- Ratio of critical single source supplier (%)



CYBER SECURITY AND TECHNOLOGY RESILIENCE

RISK 5

Our critical technology capabilities are not maintained due to cyber threats or system failures, impacting the services we deliver through our key infrastructure assets or core systems.

Strategic outcomes







Examples of risk mitigation

- Dedicated Information Security Team and Data Privacy Officer responsible for monitoring information security and cyber threats.
- Mandatory annual cyber security training for all employees.
- A robust operational security programme, including physical access controls, on site system protection and remote system protection. A programme of regular internal and third party testing of our security network and systems.
- An effective vulnerability management system, including penetration testing of publicly accessible systems, behavioural alerts, patching processes, data disposal and access control, including Multi-Factor Authentication.
- We work closely with third party IT service partners to manage risk and improve technical standards.
- Migration to cloud platforms improving the resilience of our disaster recovery and business continuity plans.
- All operational and office sites have business continuity and crisis management plans in place, which are tested on a regular basis.
- We have developed disaster recovery plans that are stress tested.

Change in year



- There has been a general increase in the risk of cyber-attacks due to geopolitical instability.
- We continue to make good progress on the delivery of our NIS-R Programme, which is improving cyber security both generally and within the operational technology environment.

Key risk indicators

Number of high and medium priority incidents (no. of incidents)

POLITICAL, LEGAL AND REGULATORY

RISK 6

Changing societal expectations, resulting in stricter legal and environmental obligations, commitments and/or enforcements, increase the risk of non-compliance.

Strategic outcomes

Stakeholders





Examples of risk mitigation

- Our fast-tracked Final Determination provided early sight over the AMP7 period enabling a prompt start on our plans.
- We are preparing for early engagement with key stakeholders for PR24 planning
- We actively engage with the UK Government, MPs, the Welsh Government, regulators and other stakeholders about the future shape and direction of the water sector, sharing our experience where possible.
- We operate an established Governance Framework, policies and training ensuring our ongoing compliance with all applicable laws and regulations, including Competition Law and General Data Protection Regulations, for the operation of separate Wholesale and Retail business and between our Group businesses. This is subject to regular review.
- Investment plans are subject to regular review, on at least an annual basis, to take account of changes to legislation, regulation and our business.
- External legal advisers provide detailed reviews in respect of upcoming legislation that may affect the Group.
- As part of our Licence to Operate process, we ask relevant managers, strategic leaders and Directors to complete a self-declaration twice a year.

Change in year



- We have made improvements to our site performance monitors with the installation of EDM on both storm weirs and discharges to the environment, giving an improved view of site performance not previously available.
- Ofwat and the Environment Agency have each issued their own investigations in the waste water industry to investigate compliance; these investigations are ongoing.

Key risk indicators

- Changes in regulatory framework

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

RISK 7

We fail to fund our Severn Trent defined benefit pension scheme sustainably.

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

RISK 8

We are unable to ensure sufficient liquidity to meet our funding requirements.

Strategic outcomes

Stakeholders





Examples of risk mitigation

- Our deficit recovery plans are agreed by the Company setting out the cash contributions required from Severn Trent to the Scheme.
- The Company agreed the triennial actuarial valuation as at 31 March 2019, including repair payments of c.£60 million per annum until 2022.
- Interest rate, inflation and equity risk are managed through appropriate hedging strategies to manage downside risks, with regular monitoring in place.
- We continue to work with the Trustee in considering The Pensions Regulator's consultation on its funding code of practice.
- The Company is represented on the Investment Committee of the Scheme and the investment policy is formally approved by the CFO.

Strategic outcomes

Stakeholders







Examples of risk mitigation

- The Group's Treasury activity is overseen by our Treasury Committee with support from dedicated advisers.
- The Group has a diversified capital structure, in both tenor and access to global debt capital markets to mitigate risks.
- The Group maintains liquidity headroom of at least 15 months.
- The Group has committed credit facilities for five years.
- The Group cash balances are deposited across a range of investment grade counterparties to spread and mitigate risk.
- The proportion of the Group's debt maturing in any AMP period does not exceed 40% of the Group's total debt to reduce refinancing risks.
- Treasury policy statements and procedure manuals are in place and operating effectively. These are reviewed at least annually.

Change in year



- Our IAS 19 deficit has reduced to £128 million as of March 2022.
- We are £140 million ahead of the journey plan agreed as part of the 2019 valuation.

Change in year



- We use a diverse range of funding sources with access to a variety of markets.
- During 2021/22 we completed a £250 million equity placement (to fund the Green Recovery programme), agreed £1.1 billion of new committed debt facilities, and raised £500 million of new debt (a £400 million bond and two £50 million private placements).

Key risk indicators

Pension deficit (£m)²

Key risk indicators

Available liquidity²

2 Refer to CFOs Report

CLIMATE CHANGE, ENVIRONMENT AND BIODIVERSITY

65

RISK 10

We fail to influence positively the natural capital in our region.

CLIMATE CHANGE, ENVIRONMENT AND BIODIVERSITY

RISK 9

Severn Trent's climate change strategy does not enable us to respond to the shifting natural climatic environment and maintain our essential services.

Strategic outcomes

Stakeholders





Examples of risk mitigation

- We utilise scenario modelling and data modelling, to understand the impact climate change could have on our essential services (see Principal Risks 2 and 3).
- We have introduced new climate monitoring³.
- Our AMP7 Business Plan supports increased resilience against the potential impacts of climate change through capital scheme delivery. See Principal Risk 4.
- Our climate change strategy.
- Our Triple Carbon Pledge committing us to net-zero carbon emissions, 100% renewable energy and an all-electric fleet (where available) by 2030.
- We have committed to significantly reducing our greenhouse gas emissions by 2030³.

Change in year



- Securing water supplies as part of our Green Recovery programme, we are improving the biodiversity of an additional 46 hectares, helping to protect customers' water supplies during the longer, drier summers we can expect in the future.
- We will be creating a new low-carbon/reduced-chemical treatment capacity for 65 Ml/day, in the East Midlands.
- We are also installing more than 157,000 smart meters across our network through Coventry and Warwickshire, helping to increase water efficiency and reduce leakage, and with a potential for customers to save money.

Key risk indicators

EMERGING RISKS

We define Emerging Risks as upcoming events which present uncertainty but that we currently are unable to fully quantify.

Emerging Risk management ensures potential risks are identified, with budget plans evaluated and stress tested as if they were to materialise. Our processes aim to identify new and changing risks at an early stage and analyse them thoroughly to deduce the potential exposure to Severn Trent. We continually identify and monitor Emerging Risks using our top-down and bottom-up processes. Our network of ERM Co-ordinators, ERM Champions and risk owners use techniques such as crossfunctional workshops and PESTLE ('Political, Economic, Social, Technological, Legal and Environmental') analysis. This culminates in an Emerging Risk horizon map reported annually to the Audit and Risk Committee and Board.

We closely monitor Emerging Risks that may, with time, become either complete ERM risks, incorporated into the existing corporate risk reporting process, have potential to be superseded by new Emerging Risks, or cease to be relevant as the internal and external environments in which we operate evolve.

The Directors have carried out a robust assessment of the Company's Emerging Risks and consider the following to be risks that have the potential to increase in significance and affect the performance of the Group.

TITLE	DETAIL	AREA / FACTOR	TIME HORIZON
ENERGY MARKET	Increasing energy prices impacting both our costs and the total household bills of our customers.	POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC	SHORT – Medium
GEOPOLITICAL TENSIONS	The ongoing conflict in Ukraine and resulting sanctions could increase commodity prices and result in an economic slowdown. We have seen an increase in cyber threats following the Russian invasion of Ukraine earlier in 2022.	ECONOMIC	SHORT – Medium
SUPPLY CHAIN DISRUPTION	Post COVID-19 recovery and disruptions caused by the ongoing conflict in Ukraine may cause critical supply chain shortages and resource security pressures resulting in increased commodity prices globally. We are dependent on our supply chains, including foreign suppliers, which could be impacted by ongoing global matters.	OPERATIONAL	SHORT – MEDIUM
ACCELERATING CUSTOMER EXPECTATIONS	We have already experienced a shift in the expectations of customers and regulators in recent years and this is likely to evolve further and place different demands on our plans. We will need to be flexible in adjusting our plans over the coming years to meet the changing expectations of our key stakeholders.	REPUTATIONAL	SHORT – Medium

STATEMENT ON THE CONFLICT IN UKRAINE

At the time of writing, geopolitical events in Ukraine continue to be the focus of the world. While not previously recorded as a Principal Risk, such events do feature on our horizon scanning and associated risks are captured within our ERM framework.

Management continues to assess the impact of the conflict, and the sanctions imposed on Russia, on the Company's operations and finances, including within our supply chain.

The potential impacts that we have considered are as follows:

➤ Energy prices higher for longer. Gas and electricity prices were already at historically high levels before the Russian invasion of Ukraine. This has only been exacerbated by the conflict. If the EU moves to extend sanctions against Russia, this would likely lead to higher energy

prices for a more sustained period. However, current forward prices indicate prices returning to their

- > pre-crisis levels in the medium term.
- Customers' household incomes squeezed further. Higher energy prices, together with higher interest rates, tax increases and general inflation, were already squeezing our customers' household incomes. The potential higher energy prices referred to above would add to this. We set out the anticipated impact of lower household incomes on our customers' ability to pay their bills in note 4 to the financial statements.
- Economic slowdown. The impact on the global economy of sanctions on Russia and loss of key commodities from Ukraine might result in lower economic growth in the UK economy, leading to lower revenue from our non-household customers.

We have considered specific risks as part of the scenarios modelled for our Viability Statement. Details of the scenarios considered and the results of our modelling, together with the underlying assumptions, are set out in our Viability Statement.

The Board continues to receive regular updates on the Group's response in order to assess, monitor and promptly respond to the impact of evolving geopolitical events in Ukraine on our operations and our stakeholders.

VIABILITY STATEMENT AND GOING CONCERN

Assessment of Current Position and Long-term Prospects

The directors' assessment of the Group's current financial position is set out in the Chief Financial Officer's review on pages 48 to 57. Important aspects of that assessment that are most relevant to the assessment of viability are:

- The Group's regulatory gearing is 59.7%, close to Ofwat's assumed gearing of 60% for the notional company on which the regulatory allowances for this AMP are based.
- The Group has sufficient cash and available facilities to fund its financial commitments, including returns to debt and equity investors, operating and capital expenditure until February 2024.
- The Group's credit ratings from two agencies (S&P and Moody's) are above the investment grade base level and are stable.
- The defined benefit pension deficit reduced to £138 million in the year. The next triennial valuation is underway and we do not anticipate a significant increase in contributions as a result.

The Company is a regulated long-term business characterised by multi-year investment programmes and relatively stable revenues. The water industry in England and Wales is currently subject to economic regulation rather than market competition and Ofwat, the economic regulator, has a statutory obligation to secure that water companies can (in particular through securing reasonable returns on their capital) finance the proper carrying out of their statutory functions. Ofwat meets this obligation by setting price controls for five-year Asset Management Periods (AMPs) including mechanisms that reduce the risk of variability in revenues from the regulated business in the medium term by adjusting future revenues to balance over or under recovery compared to the original plan.

AMP7 runs to 31 March 2025 and the Company has developed its plans to deliver the operational and financial performance set out in the Ofwat's determination, We have based our assessment of prospects for the next three years on these plans.

When considering the Group's prospects beyond 2025, it is necessary to make assumptions about the price review process for the period 2025 – 2030 (PR24), which will take place in 2024. In making this assessment we have taken account of:

- Ofwat's statutory duty to secure that companies can finance the proper carrying out of their functions;
- The Company's financial structure, which is close to the Ofwat notional capital structure and our plan to retain this; and
- The Company's plans for AMP7, the successful execution of which would deliver benefits to all stakeholders and financial incentives that would help to further strengthen our financial resilience in the period beyond 2025.

We have significant investment programmes, largely funded through access to debt markets. Our strategic funding objectives reflect the long-term nature of the Company's business and we seek to obtain a balance of secure long-term funding at the best possible economic cost. Our Treasury Policy requires us to maintain sufficient liquidity to cover cash flow requirements for a rolling period of at least 15 months in order to limit the risk of restricted access to capital markets. Our Group treasury team actively manages our debt maturity profile to spread the timing of refinancing requirements and to enable such requirements to be met under most market conditions. The weighted average maturity of debt at the balance sheet date was 13 years.

We have an established process to assess the Group's prospects. The Board undertakes a detailed assessment of the Group's strategy on an annual basis and the output from this assessment sets the framework for our medium-term plan, which we update annually.

Our medium-term plan reflects the Group's prospects and considers the potential impacts of the principal risks and uncertainties. We perform stress tests to assess the potential impact of combinations of those

risks and uncertainties. The plan also considers mitigating actions that we might take to reduce the impact of such risks and uncertainties, and the likely effectiveness of those mitigating actions.

Impact of COVID-19 on the Group's Prospects

As expected, the consumption and revenue from the Company's non-household customers recovered to close to their pre-pandemic levels in the year. We have also seen continued strong collection performance on our household customers as unemployment did not reach the levels forecast at the outset of the pandemic. The cost of living pressures now being experienced by our customers are expected to have some impact on cash collection, notwithstanding our additional support to help make bills affordable for our customers most in need. We have made allowance for this in our balance sheet at 31 March 2022 and in our medium-term plan.

Period of Assessment

The Board considered a number of factors in determining the period covered by the assessment. The long-term nature of the Company's business, together with relatively stable revenues and a model of economic regulation that places a duty on the regulator to secure that water companies can finance the proper carrying out of their functions, support a longer period of assessment.

However, the changing nature of regulation of the Water industry and the uncertain geopolitical and macroeconomic outlook increase the uncertainty inherent in our financial projections. We have an established planning and forecasting process and the Board considers that the assessment of the Group's prospects is more reliable if based on an established process. Our latest medium-term plan extends in detail to the end of the AMP7 period in 2025, with less detailed projections looking beyond this.

A longer period of assessment introduces greater uncertainty because the variability of potential outcomes increases as the period considered extends.

Bearing in mind the long-term nature of our business; the enduring demand for our services; our established planning process; and the changing nature of the regulation of the Water industry in England and Wales, the Board has determined that seven years is an appropriate period over which to assess the Group's prospects and make its viability statement this year.

Assessment of Viability

In assessing our future prospects, we have considered the potential effects of risks and uncertainties that could have a significant financial impact under severe but plausible scenarios. The risks and uncertainties considered were identified in the Group's ERM process, which is described on pages 58 to 60, and from the key assumptions in the financial model.

While we have estimated the size of each of the severe but plausible scenarios described below, we have grouped scenarios with similar impact types together and performed stress testing for the scenario with the greatest impact. Where the scenario occurs at a point in time, we have assumed that it occurs at the point in the plan with the lowest headroom.

The risks and scenarios tested are described below.

Risk Assessed	Severe but Plausible Scenario	Stress Test Applied
We endanger the health	Serious injury, ill health or death of	An extreme one off
and safety of our people,	employees, contractors or	event.
contractors and	members of the public as a result	
members of the public.	of what we do.	

Risk Assessed	Severe but Plausible Scenario	Stress Test Applied
We fail to provide a safe	Catastrophic breach of a large	An extreme one off
and secure supply of drinking water.	raised reservoir (>25,000 cubic metres).	event.
	Service failure leads to increased operating expenditure or failure to meet performance commitment targets.	Totex underperformance in each year of the forecast. ODI penalty in a single
We fail to effectively transport and treat wastewater.	An extreme breach in sludge lagoons at a large sewage treatment works.	An extreme one-off event.
	Service failure leads to increased operating expenditure or failure to meet performance commitment targets.	Totex underperformance in each year of the forecast. ODI penalty in a single
		year.
Key suppliers are unable to meet contractual obligations causing disruption to capital delivery and/or critical	Significant increase in capital programme costs. Service failure leads to increased operating expenditure or failure to	Totex underperformance in each year of the forecast. ODI penalty in a single
operational services.	meet performance commitment targets.	year.
We fail to maintain our critical technology capabilities due to cyber threats or system failures.	A cyber-attack results in a critical loss of personal data leading to regulatory action.	An extreme one-off event.
Changing societal expectations, resulting in stricter legal and environmental obligations, commitments and/or enforcements, increase the risk of noncompliance.	A breach of law or regulations results in a significant one-off penalty.	A financial penalty.
We fail to fund our defined benefit pension obligations sustainably.	Increasing pension deficit leading to higher deficit reduction contributions.	Increased pension contributions.

We also applied stress tests relating to economic factors: higher and lower inflation; and higher interest rates, and a combined scenario taking into consideration Totex underperformance, ODI penalties and a financial penalty.

The amounts of the stress tests applied were:

Stress Test Applied	Amount Modelled	
An extreme one-off event	A one-off impact of £250 million at the point in the forecast with the lowest headroom.	
Totex underperformance	An increase in Totex of £200 million in each year of the forecast.	
ODI penalty	A penalty of £100 million in a single year.	
Financial penalty	A penalty of £100 million in a single year.	
Increased pension contributions	Contributions increase by £47 million per annum.	
Combined scenario	An increase of Totex of £150 million in each year, and An ODI penalty of 1.5% in one year, and A financial penalty of £50 million in one year.	
Higher inflation in one year	Increase of 3% in CPIH.	
Lower inflation in one year	Decrease of 3% in CPIH.	
Higher interest rates	New debt financed at 2% above the iBoxx index.	

We assessed the impacts of the scenarios on our financial metrics, credit metrics and debt covenants. Where the result of the stress test indicated more than a limited impact, a risk of a downgrade of credit rating or a breach of a bank covenant, we considered what mitigating actions would be available and whether they would be sufficient to mitigate the potential impact of the stress test.

The table below sets out the potential impacts of the stress tests and the mitigating actions that would be available to address the impacts.

Stress Test Applied	Potential Impacts on Viability without Mitigating Action	Mitigation Available (See Below)				
An extreme one-off event.	Increased gearing and deterioration in credit metrics that, without mitigating action, might lead to a downgrade in ratings although still at investment grade.	Engage with ratings agencies to discuss the short-term nature of the impacts. Manage liquidity by temporarily reducing working capital. Close out derivative financial instruments in asset positions to generate cash. Consider new sources of funding, including hybrid debt. Reprofile capital programme to ease short-term pressure on ratings.				
		Consider reducing dividend in the year or downgrading the dividend policy.				
Totex underperformance	Earnings in the year are lower than the dividend indicated by our policy. Increased gearing and	Cost reduction programme focused on reducing discretionary expenditure to support profitability.				
	deterioration in credit metrics that, without mitigating action might lead to a downgrade in ratings although still at	Manage liquidity by temporarily reducing working capital. Close out derivative financial				
	investment grade. Headroom against debt	instruments in asset positions to generate cash.				
	covenants significantly reduced.	Consider new sources of funding including hybrid debt.				
		Consider reducing dividend in the year or downgrading the dividend policy.				

Stress Test Applied	Potential Impacts on Viability without Mitigating Action	Mitigation Available (See Below)
ODI penalty	The penalty would flow through revenue two years after the performance commitment was breached.	Accelerate recognition of accumulated ODI rewards not yet taken.
	Earnings in the year are lower than the dividend indicated by our policy	Engage with ratings agencies to discuss the short-term nature of the impacts.
	Increased gearing and deterioration in credit metrics that, without mitigating action,	Manage liquidity by temporarily reducing working capital.
	might lead to a downgrade in ratings although still at investment grade.	Consider reducing dividend in the year.
Financial penalty	Lower profits lead to dividend cover less than one.	Engage with ratings agencies to discuss the short-term nature of the impacts.
	Deterioration in credit metrics that, without mitigating action, might lead to a downgrade in ratings although still at	Manage liquidity by temporarily reducing working capital.
	investment grade.	Consider reducing dividend in the year.
Increased pension contributions	Deterioration in credit metrics that, without mitigating action, might lead to a downgrade in	Manage liquidity by temporarily reducing working capital.
	ratings although still at investment grade.	Close out derivative financial instruments in asset positions to generate cash.
		Consider new sources of funding including hybrid debt.

Stress Test Applied	Potential Impacts on Viability without Mitigating Action	Mitigation Available (See Below)
Combined scenario	Significant reduction in profitability and cash flow.	Engage with ratings agencies and banks to discuss the impacts on ratings and covenants.
	Earnings in the year are lower than the dividend indicated by our policy Significant increase in gearing	Manage liquidity by temporarily reducing working capital.
	leading to risk of downgrade below investment grade in credit rating and breach of	Close out derivative financial instruments in asset positions to generate cash.
	covenants.	Cost reduction programme focused on reducing discretionary expenditure to support profitability.
		Reprofile capital programme.
		Consider downgrading the dividend. policy
Higher inflation in one year	Short-term adverse impact to profit, dividend cover and cash.	Engage with ratings agencies to discuss the short-term nature of the impacts.
	However, in the longer term higher inflation increases revenue and RCV leading to	Manage liquidity by temporarily reducing working capital.
	higher profits and lower gearing.	Close out derivative financial instruments in asset positions to generate cash.
Lower inflation in one year	Sustained pressure on profit and cash.	Engage with ratings agencies to discuss the short-term nature of the impacts.
	Increased gearing and deterioration in credit metrics that, without mitigating action might lead to a downgrade in ratings although still at investment grade.	Cost reduction programme focused on reducing discretionary expenditure to support profitability.
	mirodinoni grado.	Reprofile capital programme.
		Our dividend policy is index- linked and therefore low inflation would reduce the dividend payable. We would also consider downgrading the dividend policy if necessary.

Stress Test Applied	Potential Impacts on Viability without Mitigating Action	Mitigation Available (See Below)
Higher interest rates	Reduction in profitability. Deterioration in credit metrics that, without mitigating action, might lead to a downgrade in ratings although still at investment grade.	Engage with ratings agencies to discuss the impacts and the regulatory true-up mechanism that would mitigate the impacts in the longer term. Cost reduction programme focused on reducing discretionary expenditure to support profitability. Manage liquidity by temporarily reducing working capital. Consider reducing dividend in the year or downgrading the dividend policy.

The mitigating actions available are described in more detail below:

Mitigating Action	Details
Engage with ratings agencies and banks	While ratings agencies and banks apply formulaic calculations as part of their ratings and covenant assessments, judgment is also applied. Where a threshold for a particular rating is breached or a covenant ratio not met, a downgrade might not be applied or a temporary covenant waiver might be granted if the agency/bank considers the situation to be temporary and likely to reverse in the near future.
Manage liquidity by temporarily reducing working capital	We would seek to accelerate collection of amounts receivable with particular focus on overdue accounts. We would work with our suppliers to negotiate longer credit terms where appropriate.
Cost reduction programme	We would review discretionary expenditure to identify costs that could be avoided or reduced without a detrimental impact to customer service.
Reprofile capital programme	By deferring elements of capital expenditure we could mitigate the impact of significant events on our cash flow and smooth the effect on key ratios over a number of years, reducing the size of the impact in any one year.
Close out derivative financial instruments in asset positions	Derivative financial assets such as swaps can be closed out with the agreement of the counterparty, generating cash in the short term.

Mitigating Action	Details			
Consider new sources of funding including hybrid debt	The Group has access to a wide range of capital markets and maintains a diverse range of funding sources. However, there are instruments that we do not currently use that would be available when more traditional funding was not. Hybrid debt instruments are a form of debt that has some of the characteristics of equity, for example a bond that features an option to convert to equity.			
Consider reducing dividend in the year	Severn Trent Plc's dividend policy for AMP7 is to grow the dividend by CPIH each year. The majority of ST Plc's dividend is funded by distributions from the STW Group. If necessary, we would consider diverging from this policy to deal with short term pressure on credit metrics or ratings.			
Consider downgrading the dividend policy	In circumstances where the pressure on metrics, ratings or covenants was sustained, we would consider amending our dividend policy for the AMP to relieve the pressure.			

In selecting which mitigating actions to apply, we would seek to balance the interests of all stakeholders and, in particular, would prioritise mitigating actions that would not lead to a breach of our commitments to customers.

We have significant funding requirements to refinance existing debt that falls due for repayment during the period under review and to fund our capital programme. Under all scenarios considered, the Group would remain solvent and have access to sufficient funds in normal market conditions. Our Treasury Policy requires that we retain sufficient liquidity to meet our forecast obligations, including debt repayments for a rolling 15 month period.

In making its assessment, the Board has made the following key assumption:

 Any period in which the Group is unable to access capital markets to raise finance during the period under review will be shorter than 15 months.

On this basis, the stress tests indicated that none of these scenarios, including the combined scenario, would result in an impact to the Group's expected liquidity, solvency or debt covenants that could not be addressed by mitigating actions and are therefore not considered threats to the Group's viability.

Governance and Assurance

The Board reviews and approves the medium-term plan on which this viability statement is based. The Board also considers the period over which it should make its assessment of prospects and the viability statement. The Audit and Risk Committee supports the Board in performing this review. Details of the Audit and Risk Committee's activity in relation to the Viability Statement are set out in the Audit and Risk Committee report in the Severn Trent Water Ltd Annual Report.

This statement is subject to review by Deloitte, our external auditor. Their audit report is set out on page 134.

Assessment of Viability

The Board has assessed the viability of the Company over a seven-year period to March 2029, taking into account the Company's current position and principal risks.

Based on that assessment, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company will be able to continue in operation and meet its liabilities as they fall due over the period to 31 March 2029.

Going Concern statement for STW Group's 2021/22 ARA

In preparing the financial statements the Directors considered the Company's ability to meet its debts as they fall due for a period of one year from the date of this report. This was carried out in conjunction with the consideration of the Viability Statement above.

The Directors have reviewed the cash and committed facilities available to the Group alongside a cash flow forecast extending beyond the period considered for this going concern statement.

The Directors have considered the potential impacts, in the period of one year from the date of this report, resulting from the scenarios described in the viability statement set out above.

The Directors are satisfied that the Group will have sufficient funds to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements, and that the severe but plausible downside scenarios considered indicate that the Group will be able to operate within the amount and terms (including relevant covenants) of existing facilities.

On this basis the Directors considered it appropriate to adopt the Going Concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Stakeholder Engagement is Central to our Strategy

We are focused on driving long-term sustainable performance for the benefit of our customers, shareholders and wider stakeholders.

This section provides insight into how the Board engages with our stakeholders to understand what matters to them and further inform the Board's decision making and the actions taken as a consequence. You can read more in our formal Section 172 ('S172') Statement on pages 88 to 91, which sets out our approach to S172 and provides examples of decisions taken by the Board, including how stakeholder views and inputs have been considered in its decision making.

The principles underpinning S172 are not only considered at Board level, they are part of our culture. They are embedded in all that we do, and impacts on stakeholders are considered in the business decisions we make across the Company, at all levels, strengthened by our Board setting the right tone from the top. Pursuant to the Companies Act, this information is incorporated by cross reference in the Governance Report from page 102. You can also read more in our separately published Sustainability Report, which can be found on our website from mid-June. Our Engagement in Action section showcases some of the exciting opportunities we have had throughout the year to engage with our key stakeholders. We welcome any feedback from our stakeholders.



Our Customers



In serving our customers, we want to provide both value and a great experience. Our consultation with customers helped our Severn Trent Water Limited 2020-25 Business Plan to be fast-tracked by Ofwat.

How we engage at Board level

- Customer delivery performance is discussed at every Board meeting.
- Customer perceptions of value for money are reported to our Corporate Sustainability Committee.
- Our Board-approved extensive customer engagement shapes our strategy and Business Plan.

How we engage across the Company

- Quarterly meetings with CCW at management level.
- Frequent discussion and consultation with our online customer community.
- Quarterly tracking of customer perceptions against key indicators including trust and satisfaction.
- Online self-service options for customers have made it easier to check for and report problems through our 'Check My Area' app and 'Report a Problem' services.
- Customers can contact us 24/7 including through two-way messaging functionality through SMS, WhatsApp, and Apple Chat channels.

Outcomes from engagement

- Improved ODI performance scores during the year with c.88% of ODIs (across water, waste, environment, customer and communities) having met or exceeded target
- Improvements in our C-MeX ranking
- Helped over 150,000 customers through our financial schemes (2020/21: 150,000)
- Launched our Affordability Strategy in order to support an additional 100,000 customers in water poverty by 2025
- 5.7% of our customers signed up to our Priority Services Register
- Year-on-year we're supporting 13% more customers through our Help to Pay When You Need It Scheme

Link to KPI

- Value for money
- Help to Pay When You Need It
- Priority Services Register
- C-MeX
- D-MeX
- CRI
- Drinking water quality
- Supply interruptions
- Leakage
- Internal sewer flooding
- Internal sewer flooding

What they tell us matters to them

- Customer service and performance
- Leakage and supply reliability
- Affordability and value for money
- Assistance in times of need
- Responsible investment

How we delivered on feedback this year

- Established our Money Adviser
 Network customer programme
- C-MeX customer campaign 'Caring for you'
- Water scarcity TV advertisement
- New digital billing opportunities

Link to strategic outcomes











Our Colleagues



Our greatest asset is our experienced, diverse, and dedicated workforce. Our relationship with them is open and honest, and they are appropriately supported, developed and rewarded to encourage them to be their best in all that they do.

Link to KPI

- Employee engagement
- LTIs

How we engage at Board level

- Our second dedicated virtual employee engagement event, 'Ask Our Board', was held in May 2022.
- The Chair, Non-Executive and Executive Directors attend Company Forum meetings and provide feedback at Board meetings.
- Company Purpose and culture, talent development and our people are discussed at Board meetings.
- The Remuneration Committee reviews workforce policies and practices and makes recommendations to the Board.
- The Board considers our employee engagement survey – QUEST – results and steps taken to address feedback.

What they tell us matters to them

- Health, safety and wellbeing

Diverse and inclusive workplace

Open and honest environment
 Fair pay and reward

Opportunities to reach full potential

How we engage across the Company

- Employees are invited to attend the 'Ask Our Board' events.
- In addition to Board attendance, our Company Forum brings together employee representatives at quarterly meetings, including Trade Union representatives.
- Continual communication to employees on COVID-19 impacts and mental and physical health awareness.

Outcomes from engagement

- 8.2 out of 10 for employee engagement in our QUEST results
- 10% reduction in LTIs compared with 2020/21
- 793 attendees at our 2021 Leadership event
- c.15% of our graduates and apprentices are from Black, Asian or other minority ethnic backgrounds

How we delivered on feedback this year

- Established a Women in STEM and Ops advisory group
- Three menopause education events held with a total of over 80 attendees
- 2021 leadership event
- New diversity groups
- YuLife new wellbeing app
- Continued to narrow our gender pay gap

Link to strategic outcomes





Our Communities



Our aim is to be a force for good in the communities we serve and, in doing so, create value for all our stakeholders.

How we engage at Board level

- Employees who live and work in our communities could also engage with the Board through the employee engagement virtual event, 'Ask Our Board', held in May 2022.
- Corporate responsibility, community activities and volunteering programmes are discussed at Board meetings.
- Environmental matters are regularly considered by the Board.
- Business Community Representatives presented to the Board.

How we engage across the Company

- Our Employability Scheme inspires our people and makes a real difference to people's lives.
- Regular engagement with Government officials and elected representatives on water and environment-related issues.
- Our people volunteer through our Community Champions programme, working to improve our communities and environment.

Outcomes from engagement

- Financial support was given to care leavers through our Big
 Difference Scheme
- Donated c.£2 million to 73 projects through our Severn Trent Community Fund
- Donated £103,000 to 34 projects through our COVID-19 Emergency Fund
- 466,745 trees planted to date
- Over 340 'Kickstarters' across the business as part of the Government Kickstart scheme
- Improved the biodiversity of over 4,600 hectares of land over the last two years

Link to KPI

- Education programme
- Biodiversity
- External sewer flooding
- Public sewer flooding
- Pollution

What they tell us matters to them

- Operational impact and disruption
- Local employment
- Economic contribution
- Protection of the environment

How we delivered on feedback this year

- Welcomed 77 new apprentices and graduates in 2021
- Official sponsor for Coventry City of Culture
- 40 years of WaterAid celebrated
- Welcomed four new Hereford college interns this year (22 across six years)
- Hosted a 'Walk in COP26' event
- 100,000 Employability Hours Scheme
- 1,360 employee volunteering days
- Sustainability Partner for the Commonwealth Games
- 80,656 commitments made to change our behaviour following our bespoke customer education programme

Link to strategic outcomes









Our Suppliers and Contractors



Along with our employees, our suppliers support us in delivering for our customers. Strong supplier relationships ensure sustainable, high-quality delivery for the benefit of all stakeholders.

How we engage at Board level

- Commercial performance is discussed at every Board meeting, including an update on relationships with suppliers.
- Supplier representatives attend the Employee Forum alongside Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors.
- Our Corporate Sustainability
 Committee regularly monitors progress on sustainability in our supply chain.
- Board has oversight of our Supplier Code of Conduct and approval of our Anti-Slavery and Human Trafficking Statement.

How we engage across the Company

- Meetings with suppliers at the outset of the relationship to agree on performance metrics and ensure continual monitoring of performance; supplier questionnaires and satisfaction surveys/stakeholder materiality surveys.
- Regular meetings with our suppliers, including training on modern slavery, and our Code of Conduct, Doing the Right Thing.
- Audits and inspections of suppliers.
- Periodic performance and commercial reviews.
- Supplier whistleblowing hotline.
- Our supplier conference in 2021: Thinking Differently'.

Outcomes from engagement

- Registered by the Chartered Institute of Procurement and Supply ('CIPS') with the Ethics Mark
- 78 pledges from suppliers at our 'Thinking Differently' supplier conference in 2021
- 35 suppliers signed up to EcoVadis, our online Sustainability Assessment Platform
- Leadership status with the Carbon Disclosure Project
- All contracts now require a net 15% biodiversity gain for site construction works clause

Link to KP

As at 31 March 2022, the average time Severn Trent Water Limited took to pay supplier was

28_{days}

What they tell us matters to them

- Fair engagement and payment terms
- Collaboration
- Responsible supply chain
- Sustainable procurement
- Reputation

How we delivered on feedback this year

- Hosted 'Thinking Differently: Supplier Conference 2021'
- Net-zero engagement with supply chain
- Executive Safety Forum with our Tier 1 capital supply chain

Link to strategic outcomes





Regulators and Government



The policy framework for the water sector in England and Wales is set by the English and Welsh governments, respectively. We seek to engage constructively to achieve the best outcomes for customers and the environment.

Below the policy framework, our industry is regulated by Ofwat and others. We agree commitments with our regulators and report our performance against these. We work closely with our regulators to shape our industry to help ensure the right outcomes for customers and the environment.

How we engage at Board level

- To deepen Board level understanding of our Regulators, our Chair and Non-Executive Directors formally met with Ofwat during the year.
- Regulatory matters are regularly considered by the Board, including Price Review Plans, the Water Resources Management Plan and the Scheme of Wholesale Charges.
- Regulatory stakeholders attend Board meetings, including from Ofwat, the DWI, the EA, CCW and Defra.
- Regulatory consultation updates are considered by the Board.

How we engage across the Company

- Regular meetings with our regulators at management level including the EA, Natural Resources Wales, Natural England, Ofwat, the DWI and Defra.
- Regular engagement with Government officials and elected representatives on water and environment-related issues.

ink to KPI

£79m

net ODI reward

2021: £77m

What they tell us matters to them

- Outcomes for customers, the environment and long-term resilience
- Performance against regulatory targets
- Trust and transparency
- Governance and compliance
- Environmental impact
- Sustainable procurement

Outcomes from engagement

- Maintained top-ranking position in the Tortoise Responsibility 100 Index
- £566 million (2017/18 prices) of Green Recovery investments

Link to strategic outcomes







ENGAGEMENT IN ACTION - Our Customers

Customers are at the heart of everything we do, and our continuous engagement with them ensures that we are truly able to understand what matters to them and deliver improvements in service.

Caring for our customers campaign

In August 2021, we started our six-week long 'Caring for our Customers' campaign, focusing on how we want to be there to help and put our care at the heart of our communities, whether that is through financial support for those struggling to pay their bills or the projects we help through our Community Fund. You can read more about how we are here to help you at: stwater.co.uk/my-account/help-when-you-need-it/

Enhancing our digital engagement

Throughout the year we have increased our focus on being there for our customers – 24 hours a day, seven days a week – through whatever channel they choose, always providing easy, friendly, personable and affordable customer service. A number of our customers choose to contact us through digital channels and, as such, we have set ourselves the ambition of leading the water industry in 'digital'. Customers can contact us via social media (Facebook, Twitter, Instagram), WhatsApp, Apple Chat and Webchat. Throughout the year we have focused on connecting our people to our customers on a deeper level through our cultural programme, Connected Customer Culture.

35% of the feedback we receive from customers about their web experience tells us that they still struggle to find what they are looking for, and helping our customers navigate our website is the first step in our next stage of improvements and one of our priorities for improving customer experience online. As part of our strategy this year, we have given digital billing a makeover with new and improved email templates, introduced more direct links for customers clicking through via emails, and improved our technology to include speech analytics and better call handling to improve our services even further.

We continue to learn and adapt to ensure our digital offering continues to meet customers' changing needs and provide the best experience possible for them.

Introducing Wavemakers

In March 2022, we introduced our exciting Wavemakers initiative, a brand new annual ideas challenge that is looking to nurture talent and create innovation in our communities. The project, specially created to find unique and innovative ideas in the world of water, will turn to local talent to help develop new ideas that could be rolled out across the Midlands. We believe that working collaboratively is the best way to create innovative ideas that have the potential to change the lives of individuals within our communities.

The first round of Wavemakers will give potential future innovators aged 16+ the opportunity to develop ideas on how to reuse and/or save water, and in return could potentially see a participant rewarded with either a one-year university course or a £2,000 cash prize towards supporting their development. Read more at www.severntrent.com/wavemakers

Keeping connected to our customers

We were delighted to receive a Gold Award at the European Contact Centre and Customer Service awards ceremony, coming out on top in the 'Most Effective Application of Technology' category for 'keeping connected to our customers during the height of the pandemic'.

Water Scarcity TV AD

In November 2021, we launched our Water Scarcity TV advert, talking about the important (but often tricky) topic of water scarcity and how we can all do our bit to save water for generations to come. Customers were also able to find out how nature has a huge part to play, and what every one of us can do to reduce the effects of climate change.

Emma Bird, the Campaign and Content Officer who led the campaign, said: "We were super excited to partner with ITV's Home Planet as part of their Climate Action week! It was a brilliant opportunity for us to show how we're caring for nature in our region to reduce the effects of climate change and protect our future supply, and of course inspire our customers to do their bit by saving water and getting involved in planting trees."

ENGAGEMENT IN ACTION - Our Colleagues

Providing opportunities for our employees to be involved in business decisions is a key part of our culture.

Ask Our Board

As part of our response to COVID-19, we enhanced the already significant dialogue we have with our employees through the introduction of a virtual employee engagement event, 'Ask Our Board'. This year we hosted our second 'Ask Our Board' event and employees were invited to pose questions to the Board in a live Q&A environment, without management present or scripted briefings, in order that the Board could listen to the views of the workforce first-hand. Questions included performance highlights over the year, the Commonwealth Games, innovation, river quality and affordability initiatives.

QUEST

Our annual employee engagement survey, QUEST, helps us to understand what is going well and where we can improve. QUEST is conducted by an independent research company to ensure the results are anonymous. We were delighted that our employee engagement score achieved 8.2 out of 10 this year, placing us in the top 10% of utility companies globally, and we were thrilled to receive a score of 8.2 out of 10 when colleagues were asked if they would recommend Severn Trent as a workplace to a friend.

As important as the range of opportunities provided is how our colleagues feel about them. We continue, therefore, to ask colleagues several questions relating to their feelings about learning, careers and growth at Severn Trent. We are really pleased that all topics scored above benchmark, recognising our delivery and focus in these areas. On Career Paths, employees scored the question, 'I see a path for me to advance my career in our organisation' as 7.2 out of 10, 1.0 above benchmark. When asked whether their job enables colleagues to develop and learn new skills, 8.1 agreed. It is truly lovely to see how our teams feel supported in their development and see pathways to develop and progress.

Company Forum

Providing opportunities for our employees to be involved in business decisions is a key part of our culture and the Board's selected workforce engagement mechanism, our Company Forum, helps to facilitate this.

The Company Forum meets at least four times a year and attendees are invited from Trade Unions, all leadership levels, the Executive Committee and Board. Through this Forum we engage with employees on all ways of working. It is jointly chaired by the Managing Director of Customer Operations and the Joint Secretaries. A different Board Director is invited to attend and participate at each meeting and, over the last twelve months, John Coghlan, Christine Hodgson and Kevin Beeston have all attended meetings, in addition to Liv Garfield, to listen to the discussions and to talk about their areas of responsibility and interests. Directors also provide a written report to the Board following each meeting.

The agenda is wide-ranging and topics for discussion this year have included workforce learning and development through our Severn Trent Academy, the Green Recovery investment programme, executive remuneration, diversity and inclusion in the wider workforce and at the Board, and progress towards the Group's net-zero commitments. The Company Forum attendees consistently feed back on the value that they get from Board attendance and the national officers highlight how different this is to the experience that they have in other organisations.

Engagement with all employees

We know that coming together and taking time to connect with our company strategy and ambitions is important to our colleagues and drives engagement and curiosity in our teams. We take pride in delivering engaging leadership events each year, that bring our leaders together to build networks and performance opportunities. This is an important foundation of our culture.

With restrictions largely lifted, we have been able to run in-person events once again and to provide more opportunities for colleagues to comment on our strategy and to ask questions and engage on our focus areas.

In September 2021, we held our leadership events at Draycote Water, with 793 attendees from across the business, and in March 2022, we held our annual Business Leaders event. Sessions included Getting River Positive and Keeping our Promises to our Customers. The event was hugely engaging, with colleagues saying that it was a positive use of their time, and they were confident in being able to communicate the message to their teams. To ensure that the messages reached across the whole organisation, a cascade pack was provided for managers to use with their teams.

ENGAGEMENT IN ACTION – Our Communities

We work hard to make our water wonderful and keep our millions of customers 'on tap' every day. But there is more to Severn Trent than that. We think it is important to give back to the communities where our customers live.

Not because we have to, but because we think we should. Whether that means caring for the environment, supporting the next generation, or just making our region a better place to live, we want to make a positive difference in our communities.

Our 100,000 Employability Hours Scheme

In October 2021, we officially launched our 100,000 Employability Hours Scheme, aimed at helping some of our customers struggling to get back into work following the pandemic. As part of the scheme, we have opened the doors of our Severn Trent Academy to offer our communities 100,000 hours of free, valuable skills and training. By making the most of our amazing trainers and facilities, we are able to provide a full range of sessions that will really help to make a difference to people's lives, whatever situation they might find themselves in.

Whether it is building self-confidence, finding work, or developing skills to make themselves more employable, we know that our courses will really make a difference in the communities that we serve. Our training team will deliver the sessions in person at the Academy, virtually and out in our communities. This will support social mobility across our region and make a huge difference to people's lives.

Severn Trent Career Discovery Days at our Severn Trent Academy

We were thrilled to run a number of pilot Career Discovery Days at our Academy that have been open to young people who want to find out more about careers at Severn Trent. We have worked in partnership with local schools and colleges so that students can come along for the day and have a hands-on experience trying out some more of our technical roles. The Career Discovery Days have been so successful that we now have a programme of events planned throughout 2022, which started with the National Apprentice Week in February. We are also working on extending our offer into work experience programmes for interested students across our partner schools.

STEM Women's Online Careers Fair

In February 2022, we attended the STEM Women's Online Careers Fair, giving a presentation and taking part in the panel interview. The New Talent Team was on hand to support individuals with career coaching, job application support and interview preparation. 915 women attended the event and, as a result, over 50 applications to work at Severn Trent were received.

Getting River Positive

Rivers transform the communities around them, and although we have improved the health of our region's rivers significantly in the last 30 years, we recognise that as a sector there is more we need to do. As a leading environmental company, it's our commitment that we will Get River Positive by 2030. Our five pledges are underpinned by a range of measures and metrics developed with partners and stakeholders, addressing our customers' concerns and taking a leading role in ensuring our region's rivers are as healthy as possible.



ENGAGEMENT IN ACTION - Our Suppliers and Contractors

We recognise that supplier engagement is integral to our success.

Benefits from our strong supplier engagement include ensuring a resilient supply chain; being able to share knowledge and expertise to find the right solutions for our customers; ensuring continuous sustainable development; and developing responsible business strategies.

Our enduring relationships with our suppliers in turn help us to reduce the risks we face as a business, all for the benefit of our wider stakeholders, including our customers and communities.

Thinking differently with our suppliers

On 11 November 2021, we brought together 100 of our suppliers at our Severn Trent Academy and shared with them our current priorities and future ambitions. Faced with fresh supply-chain challenges in a post-COVID-19 and post-Brexit environment, the conference provided a great opportunity to speak directly with our suppliers about our vision and how they play a crucial part, and to have meaningful discussions and debates about how we can work closer and better together.

The agenda for the day included our vision on customer, sustainability, digital, and health and safety, communicating our passion on why it is so important to 'think differently' about these four areas, and how engagement with our suppliers can help us unlock new ways of working with our supply chain and pave a stronger foundation upon which new opportunities and collective success can be realised. The event was a brilliant success, with 78 pledges collected from suppliers, particularly around improving customer service and experience.

Our Sustainability Team introduced our SBTs and how they can bring operational and financial benefits to our business and suppliers.

Engaging with our suppliers to cut Scope 3 emissions

Emissions from our supply chain make up a significant part of our overall emissions and so collaborative engagement with our suppliers is critical to achieving success in reducing our impact. We engage directly with our supply chain to measure and improve carbon emissions. We have aligned to SBTs and, as part of this, we set a target to engage with our top 70% of suppliers, by emissions, to set an SBT by 2026. We have made great progress against this target, with 38% already committing to set targets by 2023.

We approach supplier engagement in a number of ways, including one-to-one sessions to discuss the importance and benefits of setting an SBT. We also encourage our suppliers to sign up to our online sustainability assessment platform, EcoVadis, which provides an objective assessment of how sustainable each of our suppliers are.

We were delighted that our supplier engagement approach recently received recognition through the Carbon Disclosure Programme, for which we were awarded Leadership status. The award was a glowing endorsement of the work we have done over the last twelve months to help tackle climate change.

Notwithstanding this excellent progress, we will increase further direct engagement with our high carbon impact suppliers and continue to utilise the increased insights which the EcoVadis platform offers; for example, by agreeing corrective action plans with individual suppliers.

Engaging on modern slavery

Collaboration is key to mitigating modern slavery, so we actively engage with other organisations to gain insight and maintain best practice. We entered our second three-year partnership with the Slave-Free Alliance in 2021, which has been instrumental in our approach and in the progress we have made in identifying and mitigating modern slavery risk. We continue to sit on the Steering Group of Utilities Against Slavery, formerly known as the Utilities Modern Slavery Working Group. The group continues to grow, with over 24 utilities organisations actively participating.

In 2021, we also partnered with the Supply Chain Sustainability School, which provides access to a wide range of learning resources, including dedicated modern slavery awareness training for all organisations within the Group's supply chain.

ENGAGEMENT IN ACTION – Regulators and Government

Our relationships with the Government, our regulators, and other agencies support us in ensuring that we meet the highest customer service and environmental standards, while offering our customers the lowest prices.

We continue to maintain a positive relationship with our economic regulator, Ofwat, grounded in our sector-leading performance for customers and investors. We are the only water company in the sector that Ofwat rated in the top three for both performance and financial resilience in its latest reports (on 2020/21 performance). Ofwat also awarded Severn Trent 66% of the sector's Green Recovery funding in summer 2021.

Engagement with the Environment Agency

John Curtin was appointed Executive Director for Local Operations of the Environment Agency in early 2021 and visited us in July. We took the opportunity to show him a broad overview of the work we do, with particular focus on our approach to innovation and in protecting the environment.

The visit started at our Spernal waste water treatment works with a presentation from our Chief Engineer Team on our innovation projects and the benefits they could bring. A number of our innovation projects are being tested at Spernal, so a site tour was conducted to see them in action.

We then visited a farm in the Leamington Spa area to see first-hand the catchment management work our agricultural advisers undertake with local farmers. This activity included increased biodiversity habitats through wildflower buffer strips along the edges of fields, together with investment in agricultural machinery to reduce drift when applying chemicals. This not only saves farmers money, but also protects the wider environment and water courses. The final part of the visit was to see our

new Thermal Hydrolysis Process ('THP'), which was being installed at Finham waste water treatment works. This process takes the biosolids that are a product of the waste water treatment process, and puts them under pressure and high temperature to improve the amount of green energy that can be generated.

Engaging with the Treasury Net Zero Minister

In August 2021, we hosted Treasury Net Zero Minister Kemi Badenoch MP at our Severn Trent Academy and our Finham waste water treatment works in Coventry. During the course of the visit, we showcased the innovations we were trialling to combat process emissions in the waste water process as we work towards delivering our ambitious plan to be net zero by 2030 and included a site visit to see the new THP. During the visit, we also updated the Minister on our catchment management work with farmers to protect and enhance the environment and shared our ambitious regional investment plans through our Green Recovery projects.

Winner in Ofwat's Water Breakthrough Challenge

We were delighted to have secured funding for three ground- breaking projects, after being named a winner in Ofwat's latest Water Breakthrough Challenge, and having been awarded a total of £1.6 million through Ofwat's flagship innovation programme.

This trio of projects, which will be delivered with multiple partners, collectively, could deliver significant benefits for our customers, society and the environment. The projects include the following:

- Catalysing a net-zero future looking to develop innovative techniques for capturing bacteria
 that could potentially help reduce greenhouse gas emissions during the waste water treatment
 process.
- The Home Energy Recovery Unit ('HERU') a waste recovery system developed to manage domestic and commercial waste on site and turn it into recycled energy.
- Tap water forensics aiming to develop the use of genetic sequencing in drinking water treatment, which, unlike current tests, can determine every bacterial species present in water. This new approach could significantly improve the speed and accuracy of water quality investigations in the future.

Section 172 Statement

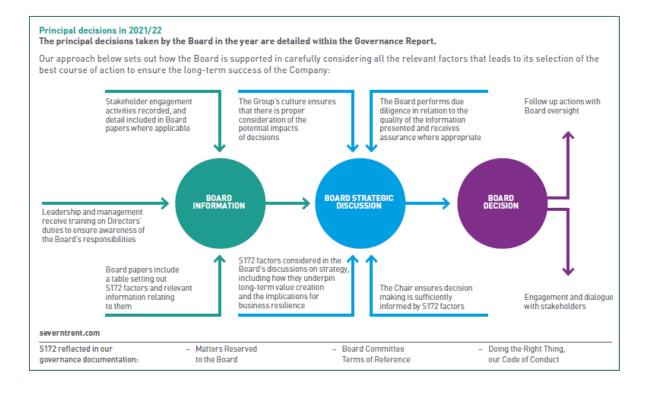
Stakeholder engagement is central to the formulation and execution of our strategy and is critical in achieving long-term sustainable success. The needs of our different stakeholders as well as the consequences of any decision in the long term, are well considered by the Board.

It is not always possible to provide positive outcomes for all stakeholders and the Board sometimes has to make decisions based on balancing the competing priorities of stakeholders. Our stakeholder engagement processes enable our Board to understand what matters to stakeholders and consider carefully all the relevant factors and to select the course of action that best leads to high standards of business conduct and success of Severn Trent in the long term. The principles underpinning S172 are not only considered at Board level, they are part of our culture. They are embedded in all that we do as a company.

The differing interests of stakeholders are considered in the business decisions we make across the Company, at all levels, and are reinforced by our Board setting the right tone from the top. All of the Board's significant decisions are subject to a S172 evaluation to identify the likely consequences of any decision in the long term and the impact of the decision on our stakeholders.

In performing their duties during 2021/22, the Directors have had regard to the matters set out in S172 of the Companies Act 2006. You can read more on how the Board had regard to each matter, during the year, as follows:

S172 factor	Relevant disclosure
The likely consequences of any decision in the long term	Company Purpose, p3 Business model, p6 Performance review, p19 Sustainability, p31
The interests of the Company's employees	Performance review, p19 Our people, p92 Diversity and inclusion, p93 Employee engagement, p83
The need to foster business relationships with suppliers, customers and others	Responsible payment practices, p131 Performance review, p19 Modern slavery, p86 Sustainability, p31 Business model, p6
The impact of the Company's operations on the community and the environment	Company Purpose, p3 Sustainability, p31 TCFD, p31
The desirability of the Company maintaining a reputation for high standards of business conduct	Company Purpose, p3 Internal controls, p129 Sustainability, p31
The need to act fairly as between members of the Company	Stakeholder engagement, p79



STRATEGIC DIRECTION STATEMENT

Context

At its Board Strategy Day, the Board considered the requirement for the Company to refresh its Strategic Direction Statement, which had last been published in 2007. The Board discussed initial thoughts on key trends and identified emerging priority areas. Using this insight, the Strategy and Regulation Team developed a draft Strategic Direction Statement for the Board's consideration and feedback.

Additionally, Ofwat reinforced the necessity for such a document within its PR24 guidance, including that companies' future delivery plans should be set in the context of long-term strategies.

The Board reviewed the priorities set out in the Strategic Direction Statement, particularly the proposals to deliver for customers and wider stakeholders.

Consideration of \$172 impacts by the Board in its decision making

The Board was satisfied that the Strategic Direction Statement was focused on the Company's priority to provide safe and consistently high-quality drinking water to customers, ensure that supply interruption and low-pressure events were effectively managed and ensure that bills remain affordable and represent good value. The Board also considered that the Strategic Direction Statement would facilitate a continued high-quality customer experience.

Environment and the Communities:

The Board reviewed the appropriateness of the Strategic Direction Statement to support the continued protection and improvement of our region's natural environment, and the creation of new community resources – through supporting local community projects, giving support to vulnerable and disadvantaged members of society and, crucially, increasing the availability of jobs and training opportunities.

Employees:

The Board considered that the Strategic Direction Statement would also provide clarity to employees on its strategic priorities which would in turn support internal planning activity. The Strategic Direction Statement also provided clarity on the skills and capabilities required to deliver upon the priorities outlined, increased employee engagement through creating an aligned Purpose for employees at all levels of the organisation, giving back to the communities in which we serve and reinforcing the Group's socially purposeful culture.

Regulators:

The Board has a strong track record of engagement with its regulators in respect of strategic topics. As such, the Board engaged with key regulators (including Ofwat) on the intended approach. The Board considered that releasing the Strategic Direction Statement as a consultation document provided an invaluable opportunity to engage with the Company's regulators and broader stakeholders, and reinforce that the Company's thinking process was maturing but not fixed. This approach would also allow incorporation of areas of interest from regulators and wider stakeholders.

Outcomes and impact on the long-term sustainable success of the Company

As we enter a period of potentially increased investment across the water sector to meet higher resilience and environmental standards, it is critical that we have a clear view of our long-term direction. This will enable us both to plan investments more effectively, but also to optimise our drivers of value creation across AMPs. Our Strategic Direction Statement defines the Company we want to be in 2050 and the supporting 30-year investment roadmap required to achieve it.

In December 2021, the Strategic Direction Statement was published for consultation to ensure the consideration of stakeholder views were factored into its final form.

AFFORDABILITY STRATEGY

Context

We have a range of support measures in place to help support customers who are experiencing affordability pressures. Recent events have compounded the financial pressures faced by our customers and communities - including high energy prices, rising inflation, falling Universal Credit, and rising National Insurance contributions. As a socially-responsible company that genuinely cares about its customers and the communities it serves, the Board determined that the Company's Affordability Strategy should be reviewed. The review focused on how the Company could further improve its approach and outcomes for customers, including increasing the number of households supported overall and improving the way in which support is targeted. In developing our refreshed approach, the Company engaged with all of its stakeholders, including customers, shareholders, Ofwat, CCW and local communities, to listen to and understand their views and the affordability challenges they face. The Company's strategy was then developed in full consideration of these discussions, with the objective of addressing affordability in the immediate term and proposing a multi-AMP strategy to eradicate water poverty in our region

Consideration of \$172 impacts by the Board in its decision making

The Board considered the Company's Affordability Strategy in view of its existing commitment to keep absolute bills as low as possible for all customers whilst also delivering improved resilience, sustainability, and good customer outcomes, by ensuring that every pound is spent wisely and efficiently. Following careful analysis, the Board determined that the combined impact of the affordability initiatives would provide both: immediate support to customers experiencing affordability pressures, through the creation of a £30 million fund to support to households in water poverty (customers that spend more than 5% of their income after housing costs on water); and optimisation of our social tariff, the Big Difference Scheme, to improve support provided to customers. Together these will result in support being available for an additional 100,000 customers. Potential impacts to customer bills were central to Board discussions and, as such, the Affordability Strategy was structured so as not to increase costs to any non-water poor customers above the level assumed in the Company's Final Determination.

Communities:

The Board considered the role that the Company should play in reducing water poverty in our region by changing life chances of people in our communities and equipping them with the experience and skills that will stand them in good stead as they look to find employment opportunities. As such, it was determined that the Affordability Strategy should also focus on bolstering skills capability in our region, utilising the Academy training facility to support this activity and improve skills across the region we serve. It was also considered that promotion of the support programmes should be enhanced at a community level to ensure those in difficulty are aware of our support schemes and also reduce issues around access or social stigma.

Investors:

The Board carefully considered the need to deliver value for customers and shareholders. As such, the Board determined that the Affordability Strategy should be funded within the existing Business Plan revenue in AMP7, whilst still delivering benefits to customers five years ahead of the Company's 2030 commitment and delivering the Company's five-year plan, strong RoRE performance and, crucially, with no increase in cost to any non-water poor customers above the level assumed within the Final Determination.

Regulators:

The Board has a strong track record of engaging with its regulators in respect of strategic topics. As such, the Board engaged with key regulators (including Ofwat and CCW), who indicated their support to the affordability proposals. The Company also engaged with local Government and MPs in respect of the proposals.

Outcomes and impact on the long-term sustainable success of the Company

Our Affordability Strategy will provide financial support for the most financially vulnerable customers in our region. The combined impact of these initiatives will mean that we will be able to support around an additional 100,000 of our customers and help lift them out of water poverty, at no increase in costs above those assumed in our Final Determination to our non-water poor customers.

GETTING RIVER POSITIVE BY 2030

Context

Waste water systems provide an essential service, supporting the day-to-day routines of our customers and protecting the environment, public health, and homes from flooding. These systems are facing increased stresses from climate change and population growth, and there is growing public, media and political attention on the water quality of the nation's rivers. There is also a shift in communities attitudes towards rivers, evidenced through an increased focus on river quality, and the main contributors to river health, and the desire for more recreational use.

As a socially-responsible company that genuinely cares about the environment and the communities it serves, the Board reviewed the Company's Cleanest Rivers Programme, with the objective of bringing together the people and activities involved in river protection, driving the rapid evolution of our river management activities and improvements, and ensuring that capacity and capabilities are in place to manage the magnitude and pace of change required to become River Positive in the future.

Consideration of S172 impacts by the Board in its decision making Environment and the Communities:

The Board considers updates in respect of environmental performance at every Board meeting. The Board also considered dedicated River Quality updates throughout the year and, further to these, agreed that a Cleanest Rivers Programme should be considered, with the objective of developing a strategy to protect our region's rivers, create more opportunities for communities to enjoy our region's rivers, and provide new habitats so wildlife can thrive.

The Board also reviewed the arrangements for the dedicated NGO advisory body being constituted to oversee this activity, with the objective of ensuring that the river quality information stakeholders wanted was in place and available on the Company's website by the end of 2022.

Company employees:

Our people are passionate about making a positive impact on the communities and the environment where we live and work, including rivers within our region. Our River Ranger Team is now established and is already proving an invaluable resource in helping monitor river quality, being the eyes and ears on key aspects of our asset base and establishing strong community relationships to help challenge customer perceptions and behaviour. Additionally, employees regularly participate in river health campaigns through our established volunteering programme.

The Board and Remuneration Committee considered potential mechanisms to align employees' interests with our river health commitments and determined that these should be incorporated into company-wide remuneration arrangements to align the activities of all employees to support delivery of the Cleanest Rivers Programme. After careful consideration, the Remuneration Committee approved changes to the Annual Bonus Scheme measures and targets to align with the Company's river health commitments. You can read more about these changes on page 141.

Regulators:

The Board has a strong track record of engaging with its regulators in respect of strategic topics. As such, the Board consulted extensively with NGOs, regulators, and other key stakeholders and river user groups to capture their views in respect of the Company's approach to river health. The views of these stakeholder groups were considered by the Board in the development of the Company's River Pledges. The Company also engaged with other companies within the sector, including Anglian Water, to develop a shared approach and learn from the experiences of other companies.

Outcomes and impact on the long-term sustainable success of the Company

Our Get River Positive commitments have been developed in full consideration of our stakeholders – including customers, local communities and campaign groups – through establishing the following five pledges:

- Ensure storm overflows and sewage treatment works do not harm rivers;
- Create more opportunities for everyone to enjoy our region's rivers;
- Support others to improve and care for rivers;
- Enhance our rivers and create new habitats so wildlife can thrive; and
- Be open and transparent about performance and our plans.

Our five pledges are underpinned by a range of measures and metrics developed with partners and stakeholders, addressing our customers' concerns and taking a leading role in ensuring that our region's rivers are as healthy as possible. You can read more on page 17.

CLIMATE CHANGE - PROGRESS AGAINST NET ZERO PLAN

Context

Climate change is at the centre of many Board considerations and its decision making throughout the year. Sustainability-related discussions take place at all Board meetings and the Chair of the Corporate Sustainability Committee provides a detailed update on sustainability matters at every Board meeting, through a standing agenda item. Throughout theyear, the Board held seven sessions dedicated to climate-related risks and opportunities and sustainability-related topics.

At the April 2022 Board meeting, the Board considered an update in respect of the Company's Net Zero Transition Plan, including the leading role taken within the sector and UK economy to drive down GHG emissions. At that time, the Board discussed progress made during the year – including improving our understanding of the key drivers of our process emissions, creating credible, innovative solutions to reduce, replace, remove, and offset GHGs. The Board scrutinised the Company's plans to deliver its net-zero commitments within the required timeframe, and the innovative trials underway to bring GHG reduction activity into operations.

Consideration of \$172 impacts by the Board in its decision making Customers:

Our customers have told us that they expect us to protect and improve the environment and that our response to climate change is important to them. The Board took this response into account when approving the Strategic Direction Statement in which we identify priority areas for our business that we believe are key to delivering for our customers, ensuring resilience against the challenges of the future, and fulfilling our wider environmental and societal goals. The Strategic Direction Statement both informs and guides our future strategy and long-term investment plans, and shapes our adaptive pathways and long-term delivery strategies, ensuring we continue to deliver safe and consistently high-quality services to our customers.

Environment and the Communities:

The Board considers updates in respect of environmental performance and the Company's activity to achieve its Net Zero Transition Plan commitments at every Board meeting. The Board also considered a dedicated Net Zero Transition Plan update during the year.

Company employees:

Our people are passionate about making a positive impact on the communities and the environment where we live and work, including delivery of our Net Zero Transition Plan commitments. This is supported by our transparent remuneration framework that aligns reward and incentive structures throughout our business from our front-line operatives through to our Executive Team, ensuring that every employee is incentivised and rewarded to deliver the same objectives. In order to align delivery of our Net Zero Transition Plan with the interests of our employees, sustainability-based performance measures are built into the Group's remuneration policies. You can read more on page 130.

Regulators:

The Board has a strong track record of engaging with its regulators in respect of strategic topics. As such, the Board consulted extensively with regulators, suppliers and other key stakeholders to understand their views in respect of the Company's Net Zero Transition Plan. The views of these stakeholder groupswere considered by the Board in consideration of progress made during the year. The Company also engaged with other companies within the sector and our supply chain to develop and share ideas and learn from the experiences of other companies in developing its approach.

Investors

Investors demand that our external commitments stand up to scrutiny when benchmarked against the best companies globally and our approach to achieving net zero is credible to our stakeholders, including expert climate bodies and our investors, who voted in favour of our approach to climate change at the 2021 AGM.

Outcomes and impact on the long-term sustainable success of the Company

As we enter a period of potentially higher investment across the water sector, it is critical that environmental and climate change factors are incorporated into investment decisions. Many of our intended delivery activities are still in relative infancy. Innovation and collaborative working across the globe will be required to tackle some common problems, as well as co-operation from our supply chain partners. Broader macro and geopolitical considerations will have a bearing on potentially competing Government priorities for net zero and energy security. Continual oversight of the Company's plans in consideration of these factors is built into the Board forward plan.

OUR PEOPLE

Our people are fundamental to taking care one of life's essentials and we believe our culture is what makes us special. Our teams are passionate about the positive role they can play in helping customers and communities thrive and they care that we create an environment where everyone can feel comfortable to bring their whole self to work.

Keeping our people safe and well

We believe passionately that no one should be hurt or made unwell by what we do, and our people have done a great job of keeping themselves and those around them safe, with a total of 19 LTIs this year, our best ever performance. Though 19 of our colleagues getting hurt whilst working is still too many, we delivered a 10% reduction in LTIs compared with the last performance year.

We have seen consecutive year-on-year improvement since 2018/19 following the refresh of our already established Goal Zero strategy. We have delivered a 50% reduction in LTIs since the launch of our refreshed strategy, and a 42% reduction in all incidents since 2019/20, giving us confidence that our strategy will continue to drive improvement in performance year-on-year.

At the start of the COVID-19 pandemic, we committed to no furloughing, no redundancies, honouring of our all-employee bonus and agreeing a 2.3% annual pay increase for three years for our front-line teams, with 2022 being the final year of that deal.

Our Severn Trent colleagues have been remarkable throughout the pandemic and we have continued to support them through a comprehensive approach to health, safety, mental wellbeing and financial security as they have returned to our offices.

If there are any positives to come from a global pandemic, it seems that we are all more aware of our wellbeing than ever before. Following the success of our 'Caring for our Colleagues' campaign and 'Share a Smile' initiative over the last two years and having received great engagement from our colleagues, this year we launched our 'Tap into Wellbeing' programme, designed to showcase the five key ways that our colleagues could all help to look after their wellbeing.

In August 2021, we launched YuLife, a new free wellbeing app offering our employees 24/7 virtual GP services, mental wellbeing support, nutritionist consultations and rewards for daily healthy activities. Since we launched the app, a quarter of our employees have now downloaded it, with the figure continuing to grow month on month.

In April 2022, we introduced our new Severn Trent Elective Treatment Fund, a temporary, short-term solution aimed at offering financial support for our colleagues, for a range of elective treatments that have been significantly and disproportionately affected by the increased NHS waiting lists as a result of the pandemic.



Introducing our first specific PPE headscarf

We were delighted to support and welcome the addition of our (industry first) personal protective equipment ('PPE') headscarf, designed by our very own Aminah, when she found there was no PPE headscarf option for her to wear when visiting operational sites.

We have made the product available to our 7,000 plus workforce to have as part of their usual PPE kit and are pleased to see others in the industry following suit.

Aminah said, "It's really important that to run a successful business there's different people from all walks of life who bring different experiences and knowledge. That's why it's really vital that people know they can be themselves at work, which is why something like the PPE headscarf will hopefully show others that, working at a place like Severn Trent, you will feel included."

Wonderfully You – providing a diverse and inclusive place to work

At Severn Trent, we positively celebrate diversity and inclusion, and embrace individuals' contributions, no matter what their age, gender, race, ethnicity, disability, sexual orientation, social background, religion or belief. Having a culture that enables individuals to be really comfortable in being themselves is a vital part of our future success.

Our Diversity and Inclusion ('D&I') strategy is included within our Sustainability Framework under the 'Providing a Safe, Inclusive and Fair Place to Work' pillar. In September 2021, we launched 'Wonderfully You', our new D&I ambition, which for the first time also includes targets.

Our diversity ambition is to reflect the communities we serve. Success means we can feel comfortable that we are tapping into every available talent pool in our community, and that we can best serve our customers because we understand all their needs. Our plans to achieve that include widening our outreach programmes so that we attract more applications from under-represented groups, breaking down some of the historical stereotypes that might prevent people from considering certain career paths, and making sure that we have a level playing field at the selection stage.

Our ambition for inclusion is to develop and maintain a fair working environment where everyone can succeed. We measure our progress through our engagement survey and monitor the parity or disparity between different ethnicities and genders. Reverse mentoring and our employee advisory groups have also helped to give our employees a voice across the organisation so that we can educate each other about our differences and have a say in our company policies and procedures.

Over the last year, we have put particular focus on championing the voices of colleagues from diverse backgrounds. We now have four active employee advisory groups for LGBTQ+, Ethnicity, Disability, and the new addition of our Women in STEM and Ops group.

Each group is sponsored by an Executive Committee member and has a voluntary employee Chair. They work alongside external experts like the Disability at Work Charter and Stonewall to help shape our policies and interventions. They have been fundamental to our progress so far and, going forward, we see them playing an even more active role.

We are proud of our track record on gender diversity. We were delighted to be recognised as the top FTSE100 utility company for both representation of women on the Board and combined Executive Committee and direct reports in the FTSE Women Leaders Review 2022. Severn Trent remains just one of four companies in the FTSE100 to have a female CEO and Chair, and is just one of eight to have a female CEO at the helm.

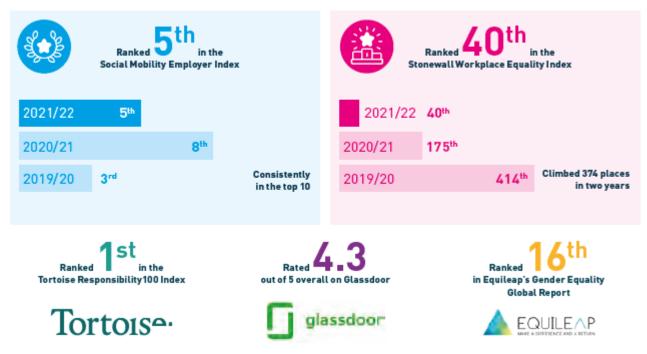
As at 31 March 2022, our Executive Team comprised four female and five male members (44% and 56% respectively). 17 members (44%) of our senior leaders were female and 22 were male (56%). Female representation in the Company was 29% (2,121 women), with male representation at 71% (5,248 men]. Five members of our Board were female (50%) and five were male (50%). Page 105 sets out a gender breakdown of Directors (as defined in the 2018 UK Corporate Governance Code and Companies Act 2006).

Our November 2021 employee engagement survey results showed that we are still well ahead of benchmark on both engagement (8.2 against a benchmark of 7.6), and our equality measures (8.7 against a benchmark of 8.1). Females now score higher than males, at 8.8 compared with 8.7, but we still have work to do on minority ethnic inclusion parity where there is still a gap. To tackle this, we have developed and piloted a package of measures, including extensive D&I engagement sessions for our leaders.

Wonderfully You D&I Champions Event at the Academy

During the year, we hosted our first Wonderfully You D&I Champions event at the Severn Trent Academy. Over 75 colleagues from the business came together to understand our current D&I position, our targets and how they could help us create a truly inclusive workplace. It was a hugely moving and powerful event as colleagues openly shared their stories and the overwhelming support they have felt working at Severn Trent.





Attracting and retaining talent

An inclusive environment is the foundation of a truly diverse organisation, with all of the rewards that brings. Whilst the recruitment market has been buoyant after COVID-19 and Brexit, our in-house recruitment model has proven beneficial, enabling us to continue to attract and retain quality talent. Our team of in-house recruiters are able to work directly with candidates, demonstrating our Purpose and culture first-hand and attracting individuals who embody our Values. Our successful in-house model has also enabled us to ensure our D&I ambitions remain a priority.

Long term, one of our greatest opportunities to improve diversity is through our New Talent Programmes. While not all our graduates and apprentices come straight from school, our work in schools and colleges is helping to improve the diversity of our intakes. Our apprentice ethnicity is above the sector average of 7%, at 9.4%, and we have almost tripled the number of females in apprenticeship roles during the year. We have made female appointments for the first time in our Leakage and Farm Liaison Teams, and have an 'all female' intake in the Visitor Experience Team. We are committed to making our apprentice intake much more diverse in the future, with a specific focus on attracting more women into the mainly operational apprenticeships that we have for 2022.

As part of the #10000BlackInterns programme, we will welcome 72 students on 8-12 week internships this summer. We are working with the business to ensure we provide the optimal experience for all of our interns and will be keeping in touch with them in the hope that some will join us permanently once they complete their degrees.

In 2021, we announced that we had embraced the Government Kickstart Scheme with our ambitious plans to support 500 unemployed 16 to 24 year-olds into employment with paid work experience and skills development – our first set of 'Kickstarters' joined us in January 2021. We are delighted that to date 340 'Kickstarters' have joined us, with 40% of those having secured jobs or gone back into education. We have also offered an additional 77 graduate and apprentice placements this year, our widest intake ever and across the widest range of roles.

Green Recovery recruitment event

In October 2021, we were pleased to run a recruitment event to support our Green Recovery programmes at the NEC in Birmingham. We publicly promoted the event as well as approaching potential candidates on LinkedIn to invite them along. Each of our Green Recovery project leads gave presentations, with our wider resourcing team engaging with potential candidates and capturing their details so that we could follow up with them on relevant vacancies.

It has been our most successful recruitment event to date, with over 100 people attending, resulting in 37.5% of the hires being female and 18.75% being from a minority ethnic background. Appointments have been made for a wide variety of roles from engineers, customer liaison officers, frontline operatives and project management roles.

Fairly rewarding our people

In 2021, we published our Gender Pay Gap Report highlighting a continued reduction in the median gender pay gap between women and men for the fifth consecutive year. The Report shows a median pay gap of 9.1%, down from 9.3% in 2020, as it continues to be positively impacted by a high proportion of women within our management and senior management roles. Severn Trent is proud to have such strong female representation throughout our senior management team, and we believe we have created an environment where women can thrive, develop their careers and act as role models to others looking to join the industry.

Over the same period, we have seen a slight increase in our mean gender pay gap, partly due to small changes within our Executive population. Our total number of employees grew by 2.1%, with the number of women growing by 2.3%, and men by 2.0%. As the fastest growing quartiles were the lower middle quartile for women, and the upper quartile for men, this also contributed to the higher mean gender pay gap this year.

We have been working hard to create a consistent framework which includes transparent pay ranges to support us in measuring our fair pay processes. The full Gender Pay Gap Report can be found on the Severn Trent Plc website and further information regarding employee pay can be found in our Directors' Remuneration Report.

We look forward to sharing our ethnicity gender pay gap once Government legislation is published, to ensure that our reporting is consistent with best practice.

Developing our people

This year we celebrated the first official birthday of our Severn Trent Academy at Hawksley Park. The Academy opened in February 2021, supporting our ambition to be a socially purposeful company in all that we do, giving back to the communities we live and work in, and providing opportunities for people to learn, retrain and develop with us in our industry.

During the past year, over 17,000 learners have passed through the doors, we have hosted over 2,600 events and we have committed to delivering 100,000 hours of free employability training for our communities. We have made some wonderful partnerships in the delivery of our community offer. An example of true collaboration is our relationship with the charity Sense, helping to ensure our learning is accessible to all. You can read more about our partnership in the case study below.

Everyone learns in different ways and that is why the Academy goes beyond classroom learning, using a combination of the latest technology, with virtual reality, simulation and online learning.

We have developed some exciting virtual reality learning solutions for manual handling, sewage treatment and chemical deliveries, offering a safe place for individuals to practice and build essential practical skills.

As part of our Academy offering, we also facilitate mentoring and coaching, helping employees develop or giving them the chance to help develop others. To continue to build long-term skills resilience, we remain one of only two water companies who are fully accredited and delivering apprenticeships as an employer apprenticeship provider, meaning we can add Ofsted to our list of regulators and can now deliver our own apprenticeship pathways for waste treatment and water networks.

Future Leaders Programme

We have recently designed and implemented our six month Future Leaders Programme, designed to help those who do not have line management experience develop their skills in a practical way so they can successfully step into their first manager role within twelve months of completing the programme. Since its launch in July 2021, we have completed two cohorts consisting of 32 people, with four people having already been promoted to a line management position.

Senior management development

Having assessed the collective strengths and development areas of our Senior Management Team ('SMT'), we have been hosting a series of masterclasses as part of our SMT Development Pathway. These sessions focus on a range of areas, including regulation; sustainability; financial management; coaching, and personal growth and development. The masterclass approach, run by SMT members for their peers, has received positive feedback.

Listening to our people

Providing opportunities for our employees to stay connected to the direction of the Company and be involved in business decisions is a key part of our culture, and we are always looking for new and different ways for the Board to engage with employees from across the business. You can read about how we have engaged with our employees throughout the year in our dedicated stakeholder engagement section entitled 'Engagement in Action – Our Colleagues'.



Sense

In October 2021, we partnered with the national UK charity Sense, to help ensure the learning that we provide to colleagues and communities is more accessible and to provide us with resources to be able to better support and provide learning around disability awareness. Through this exciting partnership, Sense will help Severn Trent deliver workshops on Different Assistive Technologies, Disability Awareness and Deaf Awareness, as well as e-learning modules such as Introduction to Different Communication Styles and Basic BSL learning videos. Although in the early stages of our partnership, we have already been shortlisted in the Partner of the Year category for the Sense Awards.

Zoe Bates, Employment and Benefits Co-ordinator at Sense, said, "It has been a great privilege to work with Severn Trent, and assist them in their learning and training programmes, specifically working to make them accessible to people with complex disabilities. It is an excellent opportunity for both Sense and Severn Trent to collaborate to improve the employment gap of people living with complex disabilities in the local community."

NON-FINANCIAL INFORMATION STATEMENT

This section of the strategic report constitutes the non-financial information statement of Severn Trent Water Limited, produced to comply with sections 414CA and 414CB of the Companies Act. The information listed in the table below is incorporated by cross reference.

Reporting Requirement	Policies and standards which govern our approach Additional information				
	9	and risk management (pages)			
STAKEHOLDERS	 Our Customer Policy outlines how our people are responsible in ensuring we keep our promises and deliver great customer service. Our Group Data Protection Policy supports our people in protecting our employee and customer data when performing their work and making decisions. Our Group Commercial Policy outlines what is expected of those involved in procurement activities, enabling them to uphold our Values and maintain proper standards of fairness and integrity in our relationships with all stakeholders. 	Stakeholder Engagement, pages 79 - 87 s.172 Statement, pages 88-91 Key Activities of the Board, pages 112			
ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS	Our Group Environment Policy supports our environmental plans and our commitment to environmental leadership. It sets out guiding principles of how we as a Group operate to protect the environment and the commitments our people need to consider when performing work activities and when making decisions.	Sustainability Framework, pages 31 Sustainability Report, severntrent.com Our TCFD Disclosures, pages 31-47 Stakeholder Engagement, pages 79-87 Section 172 Statement, pages 88-91			
EMPLOYEES	 Group Health, Safety and Wellbeing Policy – We believe no one should be hurt or made unwell by what we do and this policy outlines expectations of all employees to ensure we achieve our Goal Zero. Group Speak Up Policy – Our Values are an essential part of Severn Trent, and we take seriously any reports about illegal practices or inappropriate conduct. We encourage our colleagues to Speak Up if they are worried about wrongdoing affecting our company, customers, colleagues or suppliers. Our Group HR Policy outlines our commitment to maintaining a work culture that is diverse and inclusive, supportive and nurturing, and which makes the most of everyone's growth potential. 	Our People, pages 92 to 96 Stakeholder Engagement, pages 79-87 Gender Pay Gap, page 95 Culture, page 3 Governance Report, pages 102 to 127 Directors' Remuneration Report, pages 124 to 127			
RESPECT FOR HUMAN RIGHTS	 Anti-Slavery and Human Trafficking Statement, available on our website Diversity and Inclusion Policy – Wonderfully You 	Governance Report, pages 102 to 127			
ANTI-CORRUPTION AND BRIBERY	 Our Group Financial Crime and Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy outlines acceptable and non-acceptable behaviours to ensure compliance with anti-bribery and anti-fraud laws. Our Group Conflicts of Interest Policy provides guidance around managing conflicts of interests arising from obligations pursuant to the CA2006, the 2018 Code and FCA rules and guidance. Our Group Security Policy aims to minimise the likelihood of a threat being realised through the use of appropriate security solutions. Group Competition and Competitive Information Policy – We take our position within the market, and our compliance with competition and antitrust laws, seriously. In everything we do, we strive to do it with openness, fairness and honesty. 	Governance Report, pages 102 to 127			

SOCIAL MATTERS	 Doing the Right Thing, our Code of Conduct, helps us put our Values into practice and embody the principles by which the Group operates, and provides a consistent framework for responsible business practices. Group Environment Policy Customer Policy 	Sustainability Framework, page 31 Directors' Report, pages 128 to 132 Sustainability Report, severntrent.com Stakeholder Engagement, pages 79-87
DESCRIPTION OF PRINCIPAL RISKS AND IMPACT OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY		Our Approach to Risk, page 58 to 60 Principal Risks, pages 61 to 66 Emerging Risks, pages 67 to 68 Our Business Model, page 6
DESCRIPTION OF THE BUSINESS MODEL		Business Model, page 6
NON-FINANCIAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS		Strategic Report, pages 3 - 98 Our Performance and Key Performance Indicators, pages 19 to 27

The policies mentioned above form part of Severn Trent's Group policies, which act as the strategic link between our Purpose and Values and how we manage our day-to-day business. During the year, the Board determined that the policies remain appropriate, are consistent with the Company's Values and support its long-term sustainable success.

Approval

This Strategic Report was approved by the Board. By order of the Board.

Bronagh Kennedy

BOASA WHURY

General Counsel and Company Secretary 14 July 2022

For the year ended 31 March 2022

CHAIR'S INTRODUCTION TO GOVERNANCE

"Behind the headline, our Purpose has remained consistent and deeply embedded throughout the COVID-19 pandemic, enabling us to focus on the long term, whilst adapting to the new world around us in order to make a positive difference for all of our stakeholders".

Board focus areas in 2021/22

- Scrutinised operational performance at every meeting.
- Considered the Company's approach to addressing society's expectations in relation to river quality.
- Reviewed the Group's strategy, five-year plan and budget.
- Scrutinised progress against the Board's objectives and ensured they continued to align with the Company's Purpose and Values.
- Discussed and reviewed regular updates on the Group's culture and employee engagement, including satisfying itself that workforce policies and practices were consistent with the Company's Values and culture.
- Considered our Affordability Strategy to ensure the Company continues to support our most vulnerable customers in the post-pandemic environment.
- Reviewed the role the Company must play in the Levelling Up agenda, including opportunities within under-invested areas of our region.
- Discussed and reviewed regular updates on the Group's Green Recovery programme and individual projects.
- Appointed Gillian Sheldon and Tom Delay as Independent Non-Executive Directors and ensured the Severn Trent Plc Nominations Committee oversaw that effective induction programmes were designed and delivered.

Read more about the key activities of the Board on page 112.

This year has taught us some valuable lessons and underlined the importance of our Purpose in everything we do. Our strategy is working and we are confident that we are in a strong position for the challenges and opportunities ahead. As the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic continue to present themselves, the Board remains focused on ensuring that Severn Trent is a successful, socially-purposeful company, making long-term decisions for the benefit of all our stakeholders.

The development of our Board objectives during the year has strengthened our commitment to our Purpose of 'taking care of one of life's essentials', which comes to life through our Values of Having Courage, Embracing Curiosity, Showing Care and Taking Pride. Our Values are integral to the way we behave and the way we do business, in order for us to promote the long-term success of the Company. The Board spent time considering a number of important strategic topics during the year, and you can read more about the key activities of the Board on pages 106.

Corporate governance

The Group's long-term success depends on our commitment to exceptional corporate governance standards, which underpin the confident delivery of everything outlined within this Annual Report. We do not see governance as something we do because we have to. We see it as something that is ingrained in the way we behave, how we make decisions, how we run our business and, ultimately, how we build trust. The Board is fully committed to open and transparent reporting and we welcome enhancements to the corporate governance landscape, including any future outcomes from the Department of Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy ('BEIS') consultation on 'Restoring trust in audit and corporate governance'. Two themes in particular remain central to our governance approach – living our Purpose and culture, and balancing the interests of our stakeholders.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Living our Purpose and culture

As outlined within my Chair's Statement the opportunity to meet employees throughout the year has highlighted the clear sense of Purpose we have at all levels of our organisation – from our frontline operational teams to the Boardroom. Our Purpose of 'taking care of one of life's essentials', forms the foundation of our relationships with stakeholders – including our customers, communities, suppliers, investors, regulators and our people. And this Purpose has remained consistent throughout the COVID-19 pandemic, enabling us to focus on the long term, whilst adapting to the new world around us, in order to deliver mutual benefits for our stakeholders. I was fortunate to be able to meet many of our people this year, and when listening to them, it is clear that they are wholly connected to our Purpose – evident in the dedication they have shown in delivering for our customers and the loyalty they have shown to Severn Trent in a challenging labour market.

The Board places great importance on ensuring that our culture is established throughout the Group, aligned across directorates and demonstrated within teams. Our participation in the Company Forum (our workforce engagement mechanism), our review of QUEST engagement results, our 'Ask Our Board' session and the range of site visits we undertook throughout the year are all crucial to understand our culture and how this flows through into the essential services we provide, the environment we protect and the communities we support. Page 102 set out in more detail how our culture is interwoven in all we do.

In addition, the Board recognises the need to foster an inclusive culture and encourages all colleagues to bring their whole selves to work, fulfil their potential and perform at their best. The COVID-19 pandemic has shone a light on issues such as mental health, racial equality and the importance of maintaining work-life balance.

The Board and Executive Team have applied focus to these topics during the year. This important work is focused on careers and career progression for colleagues from minority ethnic, LGBTQ+ and disabled groups and women working in Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics ('STEM') and Operational roles. We have also embraced the Government Kickstart Scheme, with ambitious plans to support 500 unemployed 16 to 24 year-olds into employment with paid work experience and skills development. The Board enjoyed an engaging and informative visit to the new Severn Trent Academy in April 2021 to observe the range of programmes available to develop and support our people and nurture leaders of the future, with a particular focus on careers and career progression, and creating a working environment where everyone can thrive.

Stakeholders and sustainability

The Board values the insight gained from stakeholder engagement and places significant importance on maintaining close relationships with stakeholders, taking account of and responding to their views. I am pleased that following the easing of restrictions, I have been able to meet with our key regulators over the year, including Ofwat, DWI, CCW, Defra and the EA during the year, and many of our regulators also attended our Board meetings. We continue to listen to these stakeholders and their insights help shape our strategy and the decisions we take as a Board. It is not always possible to provide positive outcomes for all stakeholders and the Board sometimes has to make decisions based on competing priorities. Our stakeholder engagement processes enable Board members to understand what matters to stakeholders and carefully consider all the relevant factors and select the course of action that best leads to the highest standards of business conduct and success of Severn Trent in the long term. Our approach to Section 172 ('S172') of the Companies Act 2006 is set out on pages 88 to 91 and provides examples of decisions taken by the Board and how stakeholder views and inputs as well as other S172 considerations have been taken into account in its decision making.

During the year, I have also enjoyed meeting customers and individuals from our local communities who undoubtedly share our views on prominent sustainability topics such as the environment, river quality, Levelling Up and affordability.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

The Board is responsible for overseeing the delivery of the Group's Sustainability Framework and, as such, sustainability is a key theme of Board and Committee discussions. The role and responsibilities of the Board and each of its Committees in relation to sustainability is set out within our dedicated Sustainability Governance Framework on page 31.

Our bold sustainability ambitions are deeply rooted and owned across the whole of the Company and placed right at the heart of our governance. We strive for excellence in these areas and we welcome collaboration with our employees, suppliers, customers and external partners to learn from each other and achieve our ambitions in an efficient and effective way. Our partnership with the Birmingham 2022 Commonwealth Games is one example, as is the work we are continuing to undertake in relation to river quality.

The Board

My ongoing focus is to maintain a strong, value-adding Board, with a diverse range of professional backgrounds, skills and perspectives. Angela Strank retired from the Board on 31 March 2022, having served on the Board for over eight years. On behalf of the Board, I would like to thank Angela for her service to Severn Trent and her valuable contribution to the Board's work, and also in her capacity as the Chair of our Corporate Sustainability Committee.

We continued to make good progress with succession planning and the evolution of the Board and its Committees this year, and were delighted that Gillian Sheldon and Tom Delay joined the Board in November 2021 and January 2022 respectively. Their extensive induction programmes are underway and further detail can be found on pages 121 to 123. Diversity remains a key consideration in our succession planning and whilst our female representation on the Board dropped following Angela Strank's retirement from the Board in March 2022, we still exceed our Board Diversity Policy target of 40% female Board Directors. Further detail on Board changes made during the year and Board diversity can be found in our Severn Trent Plc Nominations Committee Report.

The Severn Trent Plc Nominations Committee also considers succession planning for the Executive Committee and other key roles within the senior leadership team, as well as initiatives underway to develop talent internally. The Group has robust succession plans in place, with credible succession plans in place for all key roles. Our annual Board Effectiveness evaluation concluded that the Board continues to operate effectively. You can read more about the process and outcomes of this year's evaluation on pages 118 to 120.

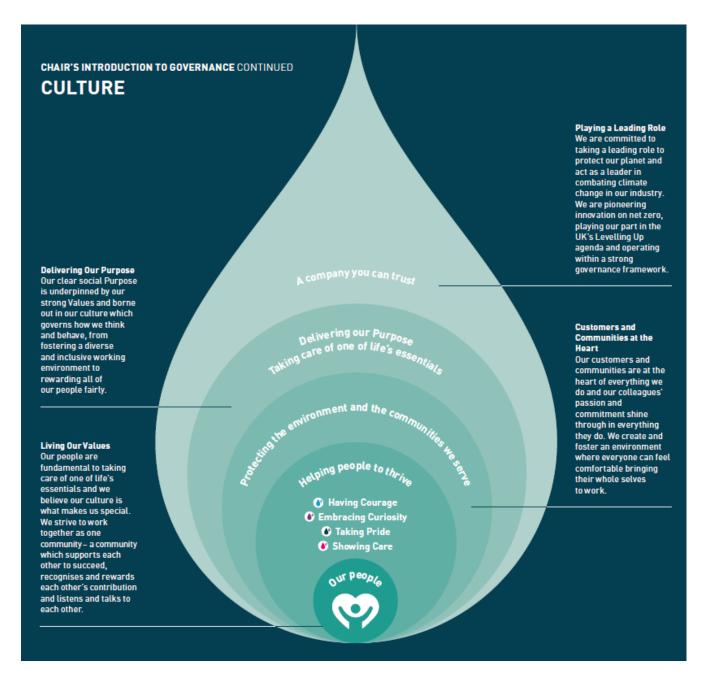
Looking forward

Throughout its discussions this year, the Board has spent a significant amount of time considering the important role the Company must play to thrive in the post-pandemic economic recovery. As a Board, our overarching objective is to ensure that Severn Trent remains a successful, socially purposeful company, making decisions for the benefit of all our stakeholders and promoting the long-term success of the Company. I would like to thank all of our stakeholders again this year — our customers, communities, shareholders, my fellow Board members and, of course, our inspiring colleagues, who continue to show unfaltering commitment to fulfil our Purpose of 'taking care of one of life's essentials' for our customers and the communities we serve.

Christine Hodgson

Chair 14 July 2022

For the year ended 31 March 2022



Our people are fundamental to our success and critical to us being a company you can trust. Our people have told us that they work best together, in an environment of collaboration and innovation. Our culture of empowerment and accountability, with a focus on skills, talent and career development, not only ensures we continue to deliver great performance but also that we continue to make Severn Trent a truly awesome place to work. This is borne out by our excellent engagement score of 8.2 out of 10, putting us in the top 10% of utility companies globally.

Our Values of Having Courage, Embracing Curiosity, Taking Pride and Showing Care are brought to life in our culture and are integral to the way we behave and the way we do business. Our Values are demonstrated by our people every day – 24 hours a day, 365 days a year – as they work determinedly to deliver our essential service. This is evident in the dedication they show in delivering for our customers and communities. Our people are also supported by the systems and processes we have in place that enable us to deliver consistently outstanding operational performance. This consistency has created capacity for our talented people to do even more to make a positive difference for all of our stakeholders.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Our unique footprint connects the interests of our stakeholders – with many shareholders also being our customers, employees and pensioners – and this is evident in our bold ambitions to support the Government's Levelling Up agenda through our Green Recovery, affordability and employability initiatives. The role we can play in the UK's post-pandemic recovery presents an exciting opportunity to accelerate the pace on these really fundamental topics. We are not at all complacent in this endeavour, and many lessons will be learned and shared with others along the way, but through being bold and taking action on the fundamental issues our customers and communities care about, we will play our part in society and, in doing so, support the creation of long-term value for the mutual benefit of our shareholders, employees, customers and communities we serve. You can read more in the Our People section on pages 92 to 96.

The Board understands the importance of collectively setting the right tone from the top, with each Director leading by example to promote a culture of inclusivity. Great emphasis is placed by the Board on ensuring that our unique culture is aligned to the Purpose, Values and strategy that it has established, and as such, one of the Board's key focus areas is to monitor and assess the culture across the Group.

How we engage with colleagues to monitor and assess culture

The Board monitors and assesses the culture of the Group by regularly meeting with the Executive Committee and management, reviewing the outcomes of employee surveys, engaging directly with individual employees throughout the Group and listening to feedback from our stakeholders.

We believe that our strong culture is a unique strength and we see the benefits in employee engagement, retention and productivity. The Board places great importance on employee engagement and regularly reviews its approach to engaging with the workforce, taking into account the provisions of the 2018 UK Corporate Governance Code (the '2018 Code').

For the year ended 31 March 2022



Ask Our Board

As part of its response to COVID-19, the Board enhanced the already significant dialogue it has with the workforce through the introduction of a virtual employee engagement event, 'Ask Our Board', where employees are invited to pose questions to the Board in a live Q&A environment, without management present or scripted briefings, in order that the Board can listen to the views of the workforce first-hand. As a result of the positive feedback from our employees, the 'Ask Our Board' event has become part of the Board's ongoing engagement activity to ensure a direct dialogue with the workforce across the Group. The most recent event in May 2022 saw over 140 colleagues dial in, and feedback from the Board and employees was very positive. Questions included performance highlights over the year, our partnership with the Commonwealth Games, innovation, river quality and affordability initiatives.

QUEST

During the year, the Board has focused on deepening its understanding of the Group's culture even further, through a dedicated Employee Voice session in November 2021. The session was centred on the results of our employee survey, QUEST, and other relevant data. The Board considered the positive and more challenging aspects revealed by the survey and discussed the Company's approach to addressing areas of employee focus. The annual QUEST survey was held in November 2021, and an interim survey was held again this year (ahead of the November survey taking place). The Board takes seriously the results and comments that arise from these surveys and it is a main focus of the Board to make sure that management implements any required interventions in a timely manner. The Board was delighted that our strong employee engagement score was maintained again this year, with an average score of 8.2 (out of 10).

Company Forum

The Board's selected workforce engagement mechanism, our Company Forum, met in person and virtually during the year. The Company Forum provides an opportunity for employee and Trade Union employee representatives to meet with Board members on a regular basis. It ensures that views from a diverse cross section of the workforce – in terms of seniority, gender, ethnicity, tenure of employment and job types – are considered in Board discussion and decision making, and each meeting generates wide-ranging exchanges of opinion and insights.

Members of the Board and Executive Committee attend the Severn Trent Company Forum on a rotational basis, so each Director receives the opportunity to listen directly to what employees have to say and for our employees to hear about matters that the Board is reviewing and considering.

Diversity and inclusion working groups

The Board recognises the importance of ensuring that the Severn Trent culture positively celebrates diversity and inclusion, truly embracing individuals' contributions, no matter what their age, gender, race, ethnicity, disability, sexual orientation, social background, religion or belief. The Board was delighted that Severn Trent was recognised as the top FTSE100 utility company for both representation of women on the Board and combined Executive Committee and direct reports in the FTSE Women Leaders Review 2022.

Board members are looking forward to attending meetings of the four active employee advisory groups – LQBTQ+, Ethnicity, Disability and Women in STEM and Ops roles – over the next twelve months to hear directly about the progress made against the action plans across the business.

Site visits

In addition to the regular programme of Board meetings held at operational sites, a number of site visits were undertaken by Board members this year. Such visits enable the Board to understand the culture of the Group and assist with measuring progress against the Group's People Strategy, which focuses on employee health and wellbeing, diversity and inclusion, and talent development. Site visits also allow the Board to observe the Group's operations in action and reinforce their knowledge. Locations of sites visited by Board during the year are set out on the map.



- 1. ST Searches, Nottingham
- 2. Meriden Reservoir
- 3. Eathorpe 4. Shustoke
- 4. Shustoke 5. Draycote
- 6. Lake Vyrnwy
- 7. Derby
- 8. Finham
- 9. Minworth
- 10. Hartshill, Nuneaton
- 11. Spernal, Redditch

For the year ended 31 March 2022

GOVERNANCE AT A GLANCE

GOVERNANCE AT A GLANCE

Highlights

8.2 (out of 10)

Employee engagement score for 2021/22

Top 10% for utilities globally

1st

The Tortoise Responsibility100 Index

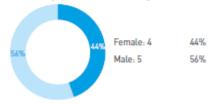
Ranked 1st in the FTSE100 for our commitment to key social, environmental and ethical objectives (October 2021) 11

Visits to operational sites

Undertaken by Board members throughout the year

BOARD COMPOSITION DASHBOARD

Gender Representation as at 24 May 2022



Ethnicity Representation as at 24 May 2022



Board Independence as at 24 May 2022



Non-Executive Director Tenure as at 24 May 2022

Christine Hodgson Kevin Beeston John Coghlan Tom Delay Sharmila Nebhrajani Philip Remnant Gillian Sheldon



For the year ended 31 March 2022

Board CPD Sessions and Major Board Decisions Deep Dive Topics 2021/22 River Quality Action Plan - and incorporation of River Pledges into the Group's all-employee bonus scheme. Affordability Strategy and Societal Strategy. **Board and Committee meetings key** July 2021 September 2021 October 2021 April 2021 May 2021 Strategic Resource Options for submission to Ofwat. B Board **Board and Committee meetings Board and Committee meetings Board Strategy Day Board and Committee meetings** Board and Committee meetings Green Recovery financing. B A N R BACNT BANR BACNRT A Audit and Risk Committee - River Quality, including FFT, CSOs - Affordability Making a Positive Difference in the Strategic Resource Options and Treatment Works Compliance C Corporate Sustainability Committee Community Water Sector Developments The Business of Nature Green Recovery Customer Experience Diversity and Inclusion - Task Force on Climate-related Nominations Committee Financial Disclosures Water Quality R Remuneration Committee Governance improvements T Treasury Committee Link to stakeholders Development of our Governance Strategy. **80 20 70 70 70 ₽ 1 1 2 2 3 3** Updated and approved the Board Committee Terms of Reference and Charter of Expectations to explicitly require consideration of Stakeholders key stakeholders and wider societal expectations. March 2022 February 2022 January 2022 December 2021 November 2021 **Customers** Board and Committee meetings Board and Committee meetings **Board and Committee meetings** Board and Committee meetings Board and Committee meetings **Communities** BANRT $lackbox{\bf B}$ $lackbox{\bf C}$ BART A C - Net Zero Transition Plan Governance Strategy - Cyber Security Innovation Circular Economy **Board changes** - Affordability - Waste Water Cycle - Diversity and Inclusion - Employee Voice The Board spent a significant amount of time considering Employees Board Succession River Quality Pledges - Societal Strategy succession planning during the year, in relation to both Board and Committee membership. Risk Suppliers and Contractors Gillian Sheldon joined the Board as an Independent Non-Executive Director on 1 November 2021. Regulators and Government Tom Delay joined the Board as an Independent Link to stakeholders Non-Executive Director on 1 January 2022. # (B) E) # (F) # (B) **8 8 9 9** B = 3 8 8 8 **7 8 8 (2)** Sustainability and ESG

For the year ended 31 March 2022

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

We have a strong, value-adding Board, with a diverse range of professional backgrounds, skills and perspectives. The collective experience of the Directors and the diverse skills and experience they possess enable the Board to reach decisions in a focused and balanced way, supported by independent thought and constructive debate, crucial to ensuring the continued long-term success of the Company. Integrity and mutual respect are the cornerstones of relationships between our Directors, with a Board dynamic that supports open and honest conversations to ensure decisions are taken for the long-term success of Severn Trent in full consideration of the impact on all stakeholders. Succession planning during the year has complemented the existing composition of the Board, with an emphasis on sustainability and strategic corporate finance experience to ensure that we continue to build upon the excellent progress we have made in delivering for all of our stakeholders.

			Auditand	Corporate			
			Risk	Sustainability		Remuneration	Treasury
Director	Position	Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	Committee	Committee
Christine Hodgson	Chair	7/7	-	4/4	5/5	6/6	-
Liv Garfield	Chief Executive	7/7	-	-	-	-	-
James Bowling	Chief Financial Officer	7/7	-	-	-	-	-
Kevin Beeston	Senior Independent Non-Executive Director	7/7	7/7	-	5/5	6/6	5/5
John Coghlan	Independent Non-Executive Director	7/7	7/7	-	5/5	-	5/5
Tom Delay	Independent Non-Executive Director	2/2	-	1/1	1/1	-	_
Sharmila Nebhrajani¹	Independent Non-Executive Director	6/7	5/7	3/4	5/5	2/3	-
Philip Remnant	Independent Non-Executive Director	7/7	7/7	-	5/5	6/6	5/5
Gillian Sheldon	Independent Non-Executive Director	3/3	1/1	-	1/1	-	2/2
Angela Strank ²	Independent Non-Executive Director	7/7	-	4/4	5/5	5/6	-

- 1 Sharmila Nebhrajani was unable to attend the November and December 2021 Board and Committee meetings due to illness and extended hospitalisation.
- Angela Strank was unable to attend a Remuneration Committee meeting due to a long-standing personal commitment. Angela was provided with all relevant papers and provided comments on the matters to be considered to the Committee Chair.

For the year ended 31 March 2022



BSc (Hons), FCA Chair



Appointed:

Non-Executive Director on 1 January 2020, Chair on 1 April 2020.

Skills competences and experience:

Christine brings extensive board and governance experience to the Company as well as a deep understanding of business finance and technology leadership. She is a committed advocate of the need for companies to serve all of their stakeholders effectively and deliver their social purpose. Until her appointment as Chair of the Severn Trent Board, she was the Executive Chair of Capgemini UK Plc, one of the world's largest technology and professional services groups. Christine joined Capgemini in 1997 and built her career in a variety of roles including CFO for Capgemini UK Plc and for the Global Outsourcing business, CEO of Technology Services North West Europe and the Global Head of Corporate Social Responsibility

Christine was also previously an Independent Non-Executive Director of Ladbrokes Coral Group PLC. She is a fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales

In January 2020, Christine was appointed Commander of the Order of the British Empire ('CBE') in the Queen's New Year Honours for services to education

External appointments:

- Senior Independent Director of Standard Chartered Plc
- Chair of The Careers and Enterprise Company Limited
- Senior Pro-Chancellor and Chair of Loughborough
- University Council External Board Adviser to
- Spencer Stuart Management Consultants NV



Liv Garfield, CBE BA (Hons) Chief Executive



Appointed:

Chief Executive on 11 April 2014.

Skills competences and experience:

Liv brings to the Board a wealth of experience of customer service delivery, complex infrastructure and organisations in a regulated environment. Before joining Severn Trent, Liv was Chief Executive Officer of Openreach. part of the BT Group, where she spearheaded and oversaw the commercial roll-out of fibre broadband to two-thirds of the country. She joined BT in 2002 and held the pivotal roles of Group Director of Strategy and Regulation, Managing Director of Commercial and Brands, Global Services and UK Customer Services Director, From 1998 to 2002, Liv worked for Accenture as a consultant in the Communications and High Tech Market Unit, designing and implementing business change solutions across a number of

In October 2020, Liv was appointed Commander of the Order of the British Empire ('CBE') in the Queen's Birthday Honours for services to the water industry.

External appointments:

industry sectors.

- Non-Executive Director of Water UK
- Chair of the Council for
- Sustainable Business for Defra Member of the Takeover Panel. and its Hearings Committee and Nomination Committee
- Director of Water Plus Limited - joint venture with United Utilities
- Member of The 30% Club
- Member of the UK Investment Council
- Chair of the West Midlands Regional Business Council



James Bowling BA (Hons) Econ, ACA Chief Financial Officer



Appointed:

Chief Financial Officer on 1 April 2015.

Skills competences

and experience: James is a chartered accountant. who started his career with Touche Ross and brings significant financial management, M&A and business transformation expertise to the Board. Prior to ioining Severn Trent, James was interim Chief Financial Officer of Shire Plc, where he had been since 2005

James has recent and relevant financial experience as a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales.

External appointments:

- Director of Water Plus Limited - ioint venture with United

Kevin Beeston **FCMA** Senior Independent Non-Executive Director



Appointed:

Independent Non-Executive Director on 1 June 2016, Senior Independent Non-Executive Director on 20 July 2016

Skills competences and experience:

Kevin has significant commercial. financial and high-level management experience. Kevin spent 25 years at Serco plc until 2010, where he held the roles of Finance Director, Chief Executive and finally Chairman, Kevin subsequently served as Chairman of Taylor Wimpey plc, Equiniti Group plc, Elysium Healthcare Limited Domestic & General Limited and Partnerships in Care Limited, and he was also a Non-Executive Director of IMI Plc, Marston Corporate Limited and

Kevin has recent and relevant financial experience as a fellow of the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants, was previously Finance Director at Serco Plc and has served as both Chair and a member of a number of audit committees.

External appointments:

The Premier League.

 Chair of Turnstone Equityco 1 Limited (Trading as Integrated Dental Holdings)

John Coghlan BCom, ACA Independent Non-Executive Director



Appointed:

Independent Non-Executive Director on 23 May 2014.

Skills competences and experience:

John has a wealth of experience in financial and general management He spent eleven years at Exel PLC as Chief Financial Officer and ultimately as Deputy Chief Executive Officer until retiring in 2006. Since then, he has been a Director of publicly-quoted and private companies across several sectors.

John has recent and relevant financial experience as a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales

External appointments:

- Non-Executive Director of O.C.S. Group Limited
- Non-Executive Director, Vice Chair and Senior Independent Director of Clarion Housing

Director serving for part of the year



Dominique Reiniche MBA

Independent Non-Executive Directorship ceased on 8 July 2021.

Dominique stepped down from the Board on 8 July 2021, having served as a Director since 20 July 2016

- - Corporate Sustainability D Disclosure Committee Committee
- Remuneration Committee Denotes Committee Chair
- E Executive Committee



Tom Delay, CBE BSc (Hons), MBA, CEng MIMechE Independent Non-Executive Director



Appointed:

Independent Non-Executive Director on 1 January 2022.

Skills, competences and experience:

Tom brings extensive strategy. sustainability, energy and engineering experience to the Company. He was appointed as the first Chief Executive of the Carbon Trust in 2001. Since then, he has grown the company to become a world leader, advising businesses and governments on carbon emissions reduction and the development of low-carbon technologies, markets and businesses. More recently. he has taken the company's unique capabilities further afield, extending its mission to accelerate the move to a sustainable, low-carbon future

Tom is a chartered engineer with extensive experience of the energy sector. He worked for Shell for 16 years in a variety of commercial and operations roles before moving into management consultancy with McKinsey and Co and then as a Principal with the Global Energy Practice of AT Kearney. Tom is a member of the UK Energy Research Partnership and the advisory boards of the Centre for Climate Finance and Investment at Imperial College London and the Global CO2 Initiative at the University of Michigan. In 2018, he was awarded a CBE by the Queen for services to sustainability in business.

External appointments:

- Chief Executive of the Carbon Trust



Sharmila Nebhrajani, OBE MA (Hons), ACA Independent Non-Executive Director



Appointed:

Independent Non-Executive Director on 1 May 2020.

Skills, competences and experience:

Sharmila brings extensive board and governance experience, gained in a variety of roles spanning the private sector, public sector and NGOs. She brings sectoral experience from a range of regulated sectors including medicine, bioethics, financial services and the media. She is Chairman of the National Institute of Health and Care Excellence ('NICE'), the organisation that assesses clinical and cost effectiveness of drugs, medical devices and interventions in health and social care.

Her previous executive roles include Chief Executive of the Association of Medical Research Charities and Chief Operating Officer at BBC Future Media & Technology, where she managed the business functions of bbc.co.uk, including the launch of iPlayer. Previous non-executive roles include Chair of the Human Tissue Authority, Deputy Chair of the Human Fertilisation and Embryology Authority and Non-Executive of the Pension Protection Fund

Sharmila read Physiological Sciences [Medicine] at the University of Oxford She is a chartered accountant and was awarded an OBE in 2014 for services to medical research.

External appointments:

- Chairman of National Institute of Health and Care Excellence
- Non-Executive Director of ITV Plc
- Non-Executive Director of Halma Plc
- Non-Executive Director of National Savings & Investments (until June 2022)
- Non-Executive Director of Coutts & Co
- Trustee Director of Glyndebourne Productions Limited



Philip Remnant, CBE FCA MA Independent Non-Executive Director



Appointed:

Independent Non-Executive Director on 31 March 2014.

Skills, competences and experience:

Phillip is a senior investment banker and brings substantial advisory and regulatory experience to the Board. A chartered accountant, he now holds a number of non-executive roles. Previously, Philip was Vice Chairman of Credit Suisse First Boston Europe and Head of the UK Investment Banking Department Philip was Director General of the Takeover Panel for two years between 2001 and 2003, and again in 2010, before his appointment as Deputy Chairman in 2012 until 2022. He served on the Board of Northern Rock Plc from 2008 to 2010, and from 2007 to 2012 was Chairman of the Shareholder

Philip has recent and relevant financial experience as a fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales

External appointments:

- Senior Independent Director of Prudential Plc
- Trustee of City of London Endowment Trust
- Director of The Salters' Management Company Limited



Gillian Sheldon BSc (Hons) Independent Non-Executive Director



Appointed:

Skills, competences

corporate finance, risk

management and M&A

broad range of complex

and experience:

Independent Non-Executive Director on 1 November 2021.

Gillian has extensive strategy.

experience. She is currently a

Senior Adviser at Credit Suisse in

the Investment Banking division.

where she provides advice on a

transactions to clients across

a member of the Salesforce

Advisory Board, where she

Royal Academy of Arts.

of Telecoms, Media and

Europe, Middle East and Africa

provides strategic guidance and

supports the company's growth

into international markets, and a

Corporate Board member for the

experience includes roles at N M

Rothschild & Sons and a Trustee

Committee of BBC Children in

Need. Until February 2021, she

Gillian has recent and relevant

through her roles in the banking

was the Senior Independent

financial experience gained

Director at Capita Plc.

and finance sectors.

External appointments:

- Member of the Salesforce

European Advisory Board

- Corporate Board Member

- Royal Academy of Arts

- Senior Adviser at Credit Suisse

- Investment Banking Division

and Chair of the Investment

Gillian joined Credit Suisse in

multiple industries. Gillian is also

Skills, competences and experience:

Angela Strank, DBE

DSc, PhD

Independent Non-Executive Director

Appointed:

FRS, FREng, CEng, FIChemE,

Independent Non-Executive

Director on 24 January 2014.

Retired: 31 March 2022.

Angel a brought a wealth of strategic, technical and commercial experience to the Board. Until July 2020, Angela was BP's Chief Scientist and Head of Downstream Technology at BP Plc with responsibility for delivering the strategic business agenda through the development of differentiated technology advantage across the refining, fuels, lubricants and petrochemicals businesses as well as shaping its transition to a lower-carbon future.

In 2010, Angela was the winner of the UK First Woman's Award in Science and Technology, recognising pioneering UK women in business and industry. In 2017, 1996, and went on to become Head she won the prestigious Energy Institute's Cadman Award for Technology Investment Banking in Europe and then Vice Chairman of outstanding contribution to Investment Banking, Her previous the oil and gas industry. In June 2017, Angela was

recognised in the Queen's Birthday Honours List with the title Dame Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire ('DBE') for services to the Oil and Gas Industry and encouraging women into STEM careers. She is an honorary professor at the University of Manchester and she has been awarded honorary degrees from Bradford and Royal Holloway London Universities

External appointments:

- Non-Executive Director of Rolls Royce Holdings Plc
- Non-Executive Director of SSE Plc
- Non-Executive Director of Mondi Plc

108

For the year ended 31 March 2022

GOVERNANCE FRAMEWORK

We pride ourselves on having a high-functioning, well-composed, independent and diverse Board and being transparent in all that we do.
Maintaining the highest standards of governance is integral to the successful delivery of our strategy. Our Governance Framework ensures
that the Board is effective in both making decisions and maintaining oversight, whilst also adhering to our well-established culture of
Doing the Right Thing.

The Board

The Board's role is to ensure the long-term sustainable success of Severn Trent by setting our strategy through which value can be created and preserved for the mutual benefit of our shareholders, customers, employees and the communities we serve. The Board provides rigorous challenge to management and ensures the Group maintains an effective risk management and internal control system.

INFORMING

TREPORTING

The Board delegates certain matters to its principal Committees – which report to the Board at every meeting

Audit and Risk Committee

Assists the Board in discharging its responsibilities for the integrity of the Company's financial statements, risk management, assessment of the effectiveness of the system of internal control and the effectiveness of Internal and External Auditors.

Corporate Sustainability Committee

Provides guidance and direction to the Company's Sustainability Strategy and reputational matters linked to policies, pledges and commitments made including River Quality, Anti-Slavery and Human Trafficking, the Severn Trent Community Fund and the Triple Carbon Pledge.

Nominations Committee

Assists the Board by keeping the Board composition under review and makes recommendations in relation to Board appointments. The Committee also assists the Board on issues of Executive Director succession planning, conflicts of interest and independence.

Remuneration Committee

Determines the Company's policy on the remuneration of Executive Directors, other members of the Executive Committee and the Chair of the Board. The Committee also reviews workforce policies and practices.

Treasury Committee

Provides oversight of treasury activities in implementing the policies and the funding and treasury risk management plan approved by the Board. The Committee also reviews and approves the Group Treasury Policy Statements.

INFORMING

REPORTING

The Chief Executive and the Severn Trent Executive Committee ('STEC')

Responsibility for the development and implementation of the Group's strategy and overall commercial objectives rests with the Chief Executive, who is supported by STEC.

INFORMING

→

REPORTING

Disclosure Committee

An Executive Committee responsible for overseeing the Group's compliance with its disclosure obligations, considering the materiality, accuracy, reliability and timeliness of information disclosed and assessment of assurance received.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

Board leadership and company purpose

An effective Board

The Board's role is to be effective in securing the long-term success of Severn Trent by ensuring the delivery of our strategy and that its overarching objectives remain aligned with the Company's Purpose and Values. Maintaining the highest standards of governance is integral to this, together with ensuring that the Board takes decisions that create sustainable long-term value for the mutual benefit of our shareholders, customers, employees and the communities we serve. The operation of our Board is supported by the collective experience of the Directors and the diverse skills and experience they possess. This enables the Board to reach decisions in a focused and balanced way, supported by independent thought and constructive debate between the Directors. Trust and mutual respect are the cornerstones of relationships between our Directors, with a Board dynamic that supports open and honest conversations to ensure decisions are taken for the long-term success of Severn Trent in full consideration of the impact upon all stakeholders.

The requirements of the Board are clearly documented in the Severn Trent Water Limited Articles of Association, Charter of Expectations and Schedule of Matters Reserved to the Board. The Board reviewed and approved the Schedule of Matters Reserved to the Board in March 2022. All of these documents are available on the Severn Trent Plc website.

There is a clear division of responsibilities between the roles of Chair and Chief Executive. To allow these responsibilities to be discharged effectively, the Chair and Chief Executive maintain regular dialogue outside the Boardroom, to ensure an effective flow of information.

The Non-Executive Directors have direct access to senior management at all times. Informal as well as formal contact with the wider business is encouraged to develop a deeper understanding of Severn Trent's operations and requests for further information are welcomed. This broadens the Non-Executive Directors' sources of information and enables them to consider the wider impact of any Board decisions on stakeholders more broadly. The effectiveness of the Board is reviewed at least annually and conducted according to the guidance set out in the 2018 Code and Financial Reporting Council ('FRC') Guidance on Board Effectiveness. You can read more about this year's internally facilitated Board Effectiveness evaluation on pages 118 to 120.

Strategy

Responsibility to all of our stakeholders for the approval and delivery of the Group's strategy and for creating and overseeing the framework to support its delivery sits with the Board. As well as standing strategic items at every Board meeting, the Board also holds a dedicated strategy meeting with the Executive Committee to help consider the strategic direction of the Company for the short, medium and long term.

Responsibility for the development and implementation of the Group's strategy and overall commercial objectives rests with the Chief Executive who is supported by the Executive Committee. The Directors present their report and the audited Group financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022. The performance review of the Company can be found within the Strategic Report. This provides detailed information relating to the Group, its business model and strategy, the operation of its businesses, future developments and the results and financial position for the year ended 31 March 2022.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Stakeholder engagement

Stakeholder engagement is central to our strategy. Our dedicated Stakeholder Engagement and S172 statements on pages 88 to 91 respectively set out how the Board engages with and balances the interests of stakeholders. A detailed overview of the Board's engagement with the workforce is set out on pages 83 to 84.

Annual Report

Our Annual Report is available to all shareholders and we aim to make our Annual Report as accessible as possible. Shareholders can opt to receive a hard copy in the post, a PDF copy via email or download a copy from our website. Please contact the Company Secretary to request a copy.

Corporate website

We continually monitor our website, severntrent.com, to ensure it is user-friendly for our stakeholders. The website has a dedicated investor section which includes an overview of Severn Trent Plc and our history, our Company information and results, our Annual Reports, results presentations (including webcasts) and an investor news section containing information which may be of interest to our shareholders.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

KEY ACTIVITIES OF THE BOARD IN 2021/22

Key activities of the Board

The key activities considered by the Board during the year are set out opposite.

The Board recognises the value of maintaining close relationships with its stakeholders, understanding their views and the importance of these relationships in delivering our strategy and the Group's Purpose. The Group's key stakeholders and their differing perspectives are taken into account as part of the Board's discussions. You can read more in our S172 Statement on pages 82 to 84. Board meeting ons are structured using a carefully tailored agenda that is agreed in advance by the Chair, in conjunction with the CEO and Company Secretary. A typical Board meeting will comprise the following elements:

Written Committee reports from the Chairs of our Board Committees on the proceedings of those meetings, including the key discussion points and particular matters to bring to the Board's attention

Following every Company Forum, a report on the topics discussed at the Forum is circulated and the Directors who attended that particular Forum add further context at the Board meeting.

Performance reports, including:

- CEO Overview;
- CFO Review; and Operational Performance Reports.

Deep dive reports into areas of particular strategic importance to evaluate progress, provide insight and, where necessary, decide on appropriate action. Read more about some of the topics covered during the year opposite.

Legal and governance updates, including

- approval of arrangements for delegated financial authority across the Group;
- review of Adequacy of Whistleblowing Procedures; and approval of the Anti-Slavery and Human Trafficking Statement.

Financial

Group Budget



The Board considered performance versus the 2021/22 Group budget and approved a revision to the budget following Ofwat's allocation of £566 million (2017/18 prices) Green Recovery investment. The Board also agreed the 2022/23 Group budget.

Viability Statement



The Board agreed the Viability Statement period to be reported in the Annual Report and Accounts.

Green Recovery Financing



The Board approved the financing of the Group's Green Recovery programme, which comprises six projects that will deliver long-term growth for the Company and support the Group's ESG ambitions. The Board also considered regular updates on progress against the key programme targets.

Results and Regulatory Reporting



On the recommendation of the Audit and Risk Committee, the Board reviewed and approved the half and full year results announcements. Annual Report and Accounts and Annual Performance Report.

Risk Management

Enterprise Risk Management



The Audit and Risk Committee and Board conducted regular reviews of the Group's ERM Risk Register, covering core internal and external risks, risks driven by business change and Emerging Risks, During the year. the Board also took part in a psychometric survey developed to incorporate impressionistic data into the Group's existing quantitative and qualitative ERM data.

Review of Effectiveness of Risk Management and Internal Controls



The Audit and Risk Committee and Board assessed the effectiveness of the risk management and internal controls in place across the Group and determined that the Group's systems had operated effectively throughout the year. Read more on page 118.

TCFD Disclosures



The Board considered and approved the Group's Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures ('TCFD'), in particular the approach to managing risk and climate-

Linked strategic outcomes

- Customers
- Communities

Linked stakeholders

- Shareholders and Investors
- Employees
- Suppliers and Contractors
- Regulators and Government
- Sustainability and ESG

- A company you can trust
- A positive difference
- C Lowest possible bills
- A service for everyone
- An outstanding experience
- Good to drink
 - Water always there
 - Waste water safely taken away
 - A thriving environment

Sustainability and **Environmental**

Our Sustainability Agenda and Our Societal Strategy



Alongside the regular sustainability updates discussed at Board meetings, including progress made in delivering the Group's sustainability agenda, the Board also considered and approved its Societal Strategy during the year.

Innovation Projects





The Board received updates on the evolution of the Group's innovation framework and discussed the potential funding streams available to further advance delivery of customer commitments through use of data and technology solutions whilst also identifying resource and energy recovery to support carbon offsetting.

River Quality



The Board participated in a number of river quality deep dive sessions, which provided an update on the Group's extensive environmental investment programme to date, a full picture of the Company's storm overflow assets and the related performance. and an overview of the data, processes and controls in place to ensure compliance with legal obligations. The Board also agreed a set of River Pledges, which were announced in March 2022, and the Board considers updates on progress at each meeting.

Net Zero Transition Plan Update



The Board considered regular updates on progress made in delivering the Group's Net Zero Transition Plan commitments.

Workforce and Culture

Our Culture





The Board reviewed the results of the annual QUEST survey and identified areas for improvement and appropriate courses of action. The Board also discussed the gender pay gap, the development of women into senior roles and driving greater diversity and inclusion in terms of gender, ethnicity and social background.

Employee Voice and Engagement





The Board discussed the Company's approach to engaging ourworkforce and received an update on progress made on embedding our Purpose and Values.

Diversity and Inclusion





The Board discussed progress against the Group's Diversity and Inclusion ambition to have a workforce that reflects the communities we serve, and to maintain a fair working environment where everyone can succeed. The Board also reviewed the priorities for the year ahead.

Review of Workforce Policies and Practices





The Remuneration Committee and Board reviewed the assessment of the Group's workforce policies and practices, ensuring these are consistent with the Company's Values and are supportive of its long-term sustainable success.

Governance, Legal and Regulatory

Strategic Resource Options ('SR0s')





The Board considered and approved four SROs and the assurance processes ahead of submission to Ofwat

Governance Strategy

8000

®₽₽₽₽**₽**₽

Alongside the regular sustainability updates discussed at Board meetings. including progress made in delivering the Group's sustainability agenda, the Board also discussed the development of its Governance Strategy during the year.

Board Succession Planning and Diversity





On the recommendation of the Nominations Committee, the Board oversaw the arrangements for Board succession planning and, in consideration of the Group's Diversity Policy, approved the appointments of Gillian Sheldon and Tom Delay as Independent Non-Executive

Board Effectiveness Evaluation





Reviewed progress against the action plan for 2021/22 and set the action plan for 2022/23.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

DIVISION OF RESPONSIBILITIES

As at the date of this report, our Board comprised the Chair, six Independent Non-Executive Directors and two Executive Directors. There is clear division between Executive and Non-Executive responsibilities which ensures accountability and oversight. The roles of Chair and Chief Executive are separately held and their responsibilities are well-defined, set out in writing and regularly reviewed by the Board. The Chair and the other Non-Executive Directors meet routinely without the Executive Directors, and individual Directors meet often outside formal Board meetings in order to gain first-hand experience of our operations and engage with our workforce. The Executive Directors meet weekly as part of the Executive Committee to attend to the ongoing management of the Group. Any significant operational and market matters are communicated to the Non-Executive Directors on a timely basis outside of Board meetings. The Board is supported by the Company Secretary, to whom all Directors have access for advice and corporate governance services.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Chair Christine Hodgson

- Leads our unified Board and is responsible for its effectiveness.
- Fosters a culture of inclusivity and transparency by demonstrating the Company's Values, establishing the right 'tone from the top'.
- Sets agendas and ensures timely dissemination of information to the Board, to support sound decision making and allow for constructive discussion, challenge and debate, in consultation with the CEO, CFO and Company Secretary.
- Responsible for scrutinising the performance of the Executive Committee and overseeing the annual Board Effectiveness evaluation process.
- Facilitates contribution from all Directors and ensures that effective relationships exist between them.
- Ensures that the views of all stakeholders are understood and considered appropriately in Board discussion and decision making.
- Responsible for the composition and evolution of the Board, together with the Nominations Committee and SID.

Senior Independent Non-Executive Director ('SID') Kevin Beeston

In addition to his responsibilities as a Non-Executive Director, the SID also carries out the following duties:

- Supports the Chair in the delivery of their objectives.
- Acts as an alternative contact for shareholders should they have a concern that is unresolved by the Chair. CEO or CFO.
- Leads the appraisal of the Chair's performance with the Non-Executive Directors.
- Undertakes a key role in succession planning for the Board, together with the Board Committees, Chair and Non-Executive Directors.

Independent Non-Executive Directors John Coghlan, Tom Delay, Sharmila Nebhrajani, Philip Remnant, Gillian Sheldon

- Promote high standards of integrity and corporate governance, and uphold the cultural tone of the Company.
- Constructively challenge and assist in the development of strategy.
- Monitor the delivery of strategy by the Executive Committee within the risk and control framework set by the Board.
- Satisfy themselves that internal controls are robust and that the external audit is undertaken properly.
- Engage with internal and external stakeholders and feedback insights to the Board, including in relation to employees and the culture of the Company.
- Have a key role in succession planning for the Board, together with the Board Committees, Chair and SID.
- Serve on various Committees of the Board.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Chief Executive ('CEO')

Liv Garfield

- Represents Severn Trent externally to all stakeholders, including the Government, regulators, customers, suppliers and the communities we serve.
- Develops and implements the Group's strategy, as approved by the Board.
- Sets the cultural tone of the organisation.
 Facilitates a strong link between the business and the Board to support
- effective communication.
- Responsible for overall delivery of commercial objectives of the Group.
 Promotes and conducts Group affairs with the highest standards of integrity, probity and corporate governance, in line with our Strategic Framework and

Chief Financial Officer ('CFO')

James Bowling

- Manages the Group's financial affairs.
- Supports the CEO in the implementation and achievement of the Group's strategic objectives.
- Oversees Severn Trent's relationships with the investment community.
 Represents Severn Trent externally to all stakeholders, including the Government and regulators, customers, Pension Trustees for the Company's defined benefit pension schemes, lenders, suppliers and the

COMPANY SECRETARY

Bronagh Kennedy

- Ensures sound information flows to the Board in order for the Board to function effectively and efficiently.
- Advises and keeps the Board updated on Listing and Transparency Rule requirements and on best practice corporate governance developments.
- Facilitates a comprehensive induction for newly appointed Directors, tailored to their individual requirements.
- Ensures compliance with Board procedures and provides support to the Chair.
- Co-ordinates the effectiveness evaluation of the Board in conjunction with the Chair.
- Provides advice and services to the Board.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Board independence

The independence of our Non-Executive Directors is formally reviewed annually by the Severn Trent Plc Nominations Committee, and as part of the Board Effectiveness evaluation. Particular focus is applied to the Directors who have served over six years on the Board. The Nominations Committee and Board consider that there are no business or other circumstances that are likely to affect the independence of any Non-Executive Director and that all Non-Executive Directors continue to demonstrate independence. In accordance with the 2018 Code, all Directors will retire at this year's AGM and submit themselves for appointment or reappointment by shareholders. Each of the Non- Executive Directors seeking appointment or reappointment are considered to be independent in judgment and character.

Conflicts of interest

Severn Trent Plc has a Conflicts of Interest Policy in place for all Group companies. Our Board and its Committees consider potential conflicts at the outset of every meeting and the Board formally reviews the authorisation of any potential conflicts of interest every six months with any conflicts being recorded in the Conflicts of Interest Register. The Conflicts of Interest Register sets out any actual or potential conflict of interest situations which a Director has disclosed to the Board in line with their statutory duties and the practical steps that are to be taken to avoid conflict situations. When reviewing conflict authorisations, the Board considers any other appointments held by the Director as well as the findings of the Board Effectiveness evaluation.

Board members hold external directorships and other outside business interests and we recognise the significant benefits that greater Boardroom exposure provides for our Directors. However, we closely monitor the nature and number of external directorships our Directors hold in order to satisfy ourselves that any additional appointments will not adversely impact their time commitment to their role at Severn Trent, and to ensure that all of our Board members remain compliant with the shareholder advisory groups' individual guidance on 'overboarding'. These requirements impose a limit on the number of directorships both Executive and Independent Non-Executive Directors are permitted to hold. Our Independent Non-Executive Directors commit sufficient time to discharging their responsibilities as Directors of Severn Trent in line with the requirements set out in our Charter of Expectations. Details of the Directors' external directorships can be found in their biographies on page 108.

Before committing to an additional appointment, Directors confirm the existence of any potential or actual conflicts; that the role will not breach their overboarding limit; and provide the necessary assurance that the appointment will not adversely impact their ability to continue to fulfil their role as a Director. Directors are required to obtain formal approval from the Board ahead of undertaking any new external appointments.

The Conflicts of Interest Policy continues to be applied practically throughout the year, such as considering the potential conflict presented by Directors having roles on other Group companies.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Executive Committee



Liv Garfield, CBE BA (Hons) Chief Executive





James Bowling BA (Hons) Econ, ACA Chief Financial Officer





Shane Anderson BA (Hons) Econ Director of Strategy and Regulation

(D)(E)

Appointed Director of Strategy and Regulation in 2020.



James Jesic BEng (Hons), PhD, MIChemE, CEng Managing Director of Customer Operations

Appointed Managing Director of Customer Operations in 2020 after having held the position of Director of Production since 2017.



Bronagh Kennedy BA (Hons) Group General Counsel and Company Secretary

Joined Severn Trent in 2011 as Group General Counsel and Company Secretary.



Helen Miles CIMA Capital and Commercial Services Director

(D(E)

Joined Severn Trent in November 2014 as the Chief Commercial Officer, and in 2020 became the Capital and Commercial Services Director.



Neil Morrison BSc (Hons), FCIPD Director of Human Resources

Joined Severn Trent in 2017 as Director of Human Resources.



Jude Burditt BA (Hons) Director of Customer Retail and Technology

(E)

Joined Severn Trent in November 2021 as Director, Customer Retail and Technology. Jude brings a wealth of experience in operations, IT leadership and service optimisation from 25 years working in utilities sectors.



Bob Stear MEng (Hons), PhD, MCIWEN, CWEN, FWater Chief Engineer

Appointed Chief Engineer in 2018.

Executives serving for part of the year



Andy Smith BTech (Hons) Director of Customer Retail and Technology

Andy retired in December 2021.



For the year ended 31 March 2022

Board composition

As at the date of this report, our Board comprised the Chair (who was independent on appointment), six Independent Non-Executive Directors and two Executive Directors. The details of their career backgrounds, relevant skills, Committee membership, tenure and external appointments can be found within their individual biographies on page 108. Further detail on the role of the Chair and members of the Board can be found on page 113.

The Chair, Senior Independent Director and Non-Executive Directors are appointed for a three-year term, subject to annual re-election by shareholders following consideration of the annual Board Effectiveness evaluation outputs. This term can be renewed by mutual agreement, up to a maximum total tenure of nine years. Directors serving over six years on the Board are subject to a particularly rigorous review. The current Letters of Appointment are available on the Severn Trent Plc website. The composition and effectiveness of the Board is subject to regular review by the Nominations Committee which, in particular, considers the balance of skills, tenure, experience and independence of the Board, in accordance with the Board Diversity Policy, which is available on the Severn Trent Plc website. Any new appointments to the Board result from a formal, rigorous and transparent procedure, responsibility for which is delegated to the Nominations Committee (although decisions on appointments are a matter reserved for the Board).

The Board and the Nominations Committee have spent a significant amount of time considering Board succession during the course of the year to ensure that the Board has the right mix of skills and experience, as well as the capability to provide effective challenge and promote diversity. Further information on the work of the Severn Trent Plc Nominations Committee can be found within the Severn Trent Plc Annual Report and Accounts 2021/22.

Our internal processes

The environment in which we operate is continually changing. It is therefore important for our Executive and Non-Executive Directors to remain aware of recent, and upcoming, developments and keep their knowledge and skills up to date. Our Board Effectiveness process includes training discussions with the Company Secretary and, as required, we invite professional advisers and subject matter experts to provide in-depth updates. These updates are not solely reserved for legislative developments but aim to cover a range of strategic issues including, but not limited to, the economic and political environment and environmental, sustainability, technological and social considerations. Our Company Secretary also provides regular updates to the Board and its Committees on regulatory and corporate governance matters.

The aim of the training sessions is to continually refresh and expand the Board's knowledge and skills. In doing so, the Directors can contribute to discussions on technical and regulatory matters more effectively. The sessions also serve as an opportunity for the Board to discuss strategy and risks with management below Executive Committee level and gain further direct insight into our businesses and management capability. During the year, the Board took part in a number of CPD and deep dive sessions, details of which can be found on page 106.

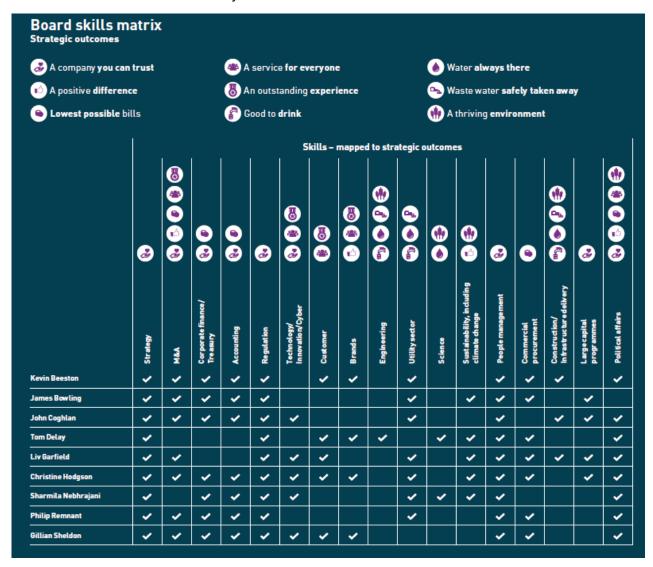
Directors' resources

Directors also have access to our online resource library, which is continually reviewed and updated. The library includes a Corporate Governance Manual, tailored training and CPD content, a Results Centre and Investor Relations section, and briefings on Board training session topics. It also contains a further reading section which covers updates and guidance on changes to legislation and corporate governance best practice.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Directors' skills and experiences

An effective Board requires the right mix of skills and experience. Our Board is a diverse and effective team focused on promoting the long-term success of the Group. The Board skills matrix below details some of the key skills and experience that our Board has identified as particularly valuable to the effective oversight of the Company and execution of our strategy. The Board skills matrix is reviewed at least annually.



UK Corporate Governance Code Compliance Statement

The membership of the Board of Severn Trent Water Limited is the same as that as the listed Company, Severn Trent Plc. This structure was implemented in 2007 to make sure that the highest standards of corporate governance are applied at the regulated subsidiary level and to foster greater visibility and supervision by the Severn Trent Plc Board.

As a listed company, Severn Trent Plc has applied the provisions of the UK Corporate Governance Code (the '2018 Code'), for the year ended 31 March 2021. As Severn Trent Water Limited is not a listed company it is not required to comply with the 2018 Code. Severn Trent Water Limited complies with the 2018 Code. In respect of the Audit and Risk, Remuneration and

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Nomination Committees, the Severn Trent Plc Board Committees operate on behalf of Severn Trent Water Limited.

Further information in respect of the Audit and Risk and Nomination Committees can be found in the Severn Trent Plc Annual Report and Accounts.

Severn Trent Water Limited also complies with Ofwat's Principles of board leadership, transparency and governance, to ensure the highest standards of governance. We are satisfied that current practices and the application of the 2018 Code at both holding company and regulated company levels are entirely consistent with Ofwat principles.

The Code is available on the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC) website (www.frc.org.uk).

For the whole of the financial year ended 31 March 2021, Severn Trent Water Limited was compliant with the 2018 Code, with the following exceptions:

1. Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee at Company level

The Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee at Severn Trent Plc Group level operates on behalf of the Company; and

2. Provisions relating to relations with shareholders

The Company does not comply with the provisions relating to Relations with Shareholders which covers dialogue with Shareholders and Constructive use of the AGM, as it would not be appropriate to do so. However, Severn Trent Plc does fully comply with these requirements.

Board evaluation

Our annual Board evaluation provides the Board, and its Committees, with an opportunity to consider and reflect on the quality and effectiveness of its decision making, the range and level of discussion, and for each member to consider their own contribution and performance. This year, the review was facilitated internally by the Company Secretary, who is well placed as an independent sounding board to the process. Meetings took place during January, February and March 2022, and key themes were shared with the Board and Nominations Committee along with a 2022 action plan.

An externally facilitated evaluation was conducted by Independent Board Evaluation ('IBE') in 2020/21 and the next externally facilitated evaluation will be scheduled in accordance with the 2018 Code provision that the Company should undertake an externally facilitated Board effectiveness evaluation at least every three years.

Severn Trent Water Limited Governance report For the year ended 31 March 2022

2020/21 EXTERNAL EVALUATION

The evaluation concluded that excellent progress had been made in respect of areas for further focus identified in the 2020/21 externally facilitated review, as detailed below.

RECOMMENDATION	PROGRESS		
Board composition and succession planning			
Focus should be applied to future changes to Board membership, including the loss of experience and knowledge of the business, in the context of Non-Executive Director tenure.	One of the key activities for the Board and Nominations Committee during the year was the Committee's plans for the evolution of the Board. An independent search firm was appointed to help with this over the next two to three years and two candidates were identified as preferred candidates for new Non-Executive Director appointments. It was recommended that Gillian Sheldon and Tom Delay were invited to join the Board, with effect from 1 November 2021 and 1 January 2022 respectively, and become members of the Group's Board Committees with effect from 1 January 2022 as follows:		
	Gillian Sheldon Tom Delay - Audit and Risk Committee; - Corporate Sustainability - Nominations Committee; and Committee; and - Treasury Committee Nominations Committee. Following the Ofwat interview process, both appointments were announced on		
	1 November 2021.		
	To bolster succession planning for the Remuneration Committee, Sharmila Nebhrajani was appointed to serve on the Remuneration Committee with effect from 16 September 2021.		
Induction programmes were considered to be excellent and should continue to be tailored to individual Board members, with consideration given to establishing a Board 'buddy' scheme.	A Board 'buddy' scheme has been introduced for new Board appointments to complement the Group's extensive induction approach. The Board buddy arrangements for the most recent appointments were as follows:		
	– Gillian Sheldon – Kevin Beeston – Tom Delay – John Coghlan		
	Both Gillian and Tom have reported that the scheme has formed a valuable part of their inductions.		
Board agenda and focus			
Consideration should be given to agreeing a set of Board objectives and actions for prioritisation	A set of Board objectives and actions were developed by the Board and agreed in April 2021, and the Board has received progress updates on a six monthly basis.		
each year to inform the Board agenda.	At its meetings in March and April 2022, the Board reviewed and agreed its Board objectives for 2022/23.		
Alongside the excellent written reports provided to the Board by each of its Committees, consideration should be given to tabling a report from the Company Forum, the Company's selected workforce engagement mechanism.	Written reports from Company Forum meetings are now tabled at all subsequent Board meetings and the Board members who attended provide oral feedback to add further context and colour to the discussions that took place at the meetings.		
Governance enhancements			
Align membership of the Treasury Committee and Corporate Sustainability Committee to that of other Board Committees, comprising Non-Executive Directors only.	In line with the recommendations of the Board Effectiveness evaluation, the Board refreshed the membership of the Treasury and Corporate Sustainability Committees in 2020/21, so that the membership of both Committees comprises Non-Executive Directors only.		
Notwithstanding the excellent informal interaction between the Board and its Committees throughout the COVID-19 pandemic, consider holding additional private sessions (without management present) for the Board and its Committees during the year.	Private sessions are now held at all Board and Committee meetings at the discretion of the relevant Chair.		

For the year ended 31 March 2022

2021/22 INTERNAL EVALUATION

An outline of the process followed for this year's review and the minor areas for further development of the Board's effectiveness are detailed below.

Step One 2021/22 Process Planning

The Company Secretary undertook a detailed review of the Board Effectiveness evaluation process in 2020/21 and used this to develop the approach for 2021/22, incorporating recommendations from the 2018 Code, Parker Review and FRC Guidance on Board Effectiveness.

Step Two One-to-One Meetings

Board members participated in comprehensive one-to-one meetings with the Company Secretary, with additional input from the Chair and Senior Independent Director. Separate discussions were held to consider the effectiveness of the CEO, led by the Chair. The Chair's performance evaluation was led by the Senior Independent Director. Discussions to consider the effectiveness of Board Committees were led by the respective Committee Chairs.

Step Three Evaluation and Reporting

The Company Secretary compiled the individual responses, including analysis of themes and proposed actions. A detailed report, setting out the findings of the evaluation, was provided to the Chair for consideration. The Company Secretary and Chair met to discuss the findings, with the resulting report being tabled to the Nominations Committee and Board in April 2022.

Step Four Agree Actions and Monitor Progress

The findings of the
evaluation exercise were
fully considered when
making recommendations
in respect of the appointment
and reappointment of
individual Directors and
included an assessment
of their independence,
time commitment and
individual performance.

RECOMMENDATION	PROGRESS		
Board agenda			
Notwithstanding the well-structured agendas which comprise an optimal mix of strategic and operational items, more opportunity could be afforded to allow the Board to discuss bolder strategic moves and opportunities, future likely trends and developments outside of the utilities sector and potential areas of differentiation.	The Board developed and agreed a set of Board objectives for 2022/23, which were reviewed at its meetings in March and April 2022. The Board forward agenda was also reviewed to ensure that all matters are appropriately scheduled for discussion at future Board meetings.		
In addition to the informative oral reports provided to the Board by the Chair on her meetings with shareholders, consideration should be given to include dedicated time on the agenda for all Directors to provide feedback on engagement with stakeholders.	A standing item has been added to the Board agenda to allow Directors to provide individual feedback on their engagement activity with all stakeholders.		
Engagement outside meetings			
Non-Executive Directors should continue to be invited to additional site visits outside the Board meeting rhythm to further build relationships with each other and gain an even deeper understanding of the business.	Alongside the regular programme of Board meetings being held at operational sites, a number of additional site visits have been scheduled for the upcoming year, covering the full range of the Group's operations.		
'Teach in' sessions for Non-Treasury Committee members should be established to provide other Non-Executive Directors with additional knowledge and experience of this technically complex area.	A programme of optional 'teach in' sessions has been developed, including Treasury-related topics and other technical matters.		
Board Committees			
Nominations Committee – consideration should be given as to whether the Committee's remit should be expanded to cover wider talent development, below Executive Committee level.	The Committee's remit will be considered during its next review of its Terms of Reference, which will be undertaken no later than March 2023.		
Remuneration Committee – consideration should be given as to whether there should be an additional Non-Executive Director on the Committee.	As part of its ongoing succession planning activity, the Board will continue to consider the composition of all Committees, including that of the Remuneration Committee.		

Evaluation findings

The key theme highlighted in the 2021/22 evaluation was positive Board discussion dynamics. It was noted that all Directors fostered a culture of open, constructive debate, undertaken by a respectful and cohesive, and appropriately challenging Board.

The evaluation also concluded that the Board, its Committee Chairs and Committees were effective and that all Directors were considered to have demonstrated considerable commitment and time to their roles, well in excess of that required by the Charter of Expectations notwithstanding any other positions held by them outside of Severn Trent.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Effectiveness of Board Committees

The Board places significant reliance on its Committees by delegating a broad range of responsibilities and issues to them. It therefore remains crucial that effective linkages are in place between the Committees and the Board as a whole, not least as it is impracticable for all Independent Non-Executive Directors to be members of all of the Committees. Mechanisms are in place to facilitate these linkages, including ensuring that there are no gaps or unnecessary duplications between the remit of each Committee and overlapping membership between Board Committees where necessary. The Board also receives a written summary of each of the Committee's meetings and oral updates at the Board, where appropriate. Overall, Board members are fully satisfied that the governance and controls in place are working well and give the Board the visibility it needs to carry out its oversight duties.

Chair's performance

The Senior Independent Director, Kevin Beeston, carried out a review of the performance of the Chair which included meeting with the Non-Executive Directors without the Chair being present. The consolidated feedback, which was wholly positive in nature, was discussed with Christine Hodgson.

External appointments

As part of the evaluation, full consideration was given to the number of external positions held by the Non-Executive Directors. Directors' other appointments were reviewed, including the time commitment required for each. The Severn Trent Plc Nominations Committee did not identify any instances of overboarding and confirms that all individual Directors have sufficient time to commit to their appointment as Directors of Severn Trent Plc and Severn Trent Water Limited. Approvals were sought during the year for Directors' additional roles and due consideration was given to any potential conflicts of interest and ability to devote sufficient time to Severn Trent Plc and Severn Trent Water Limited before consent was granted. The full list of external appointments held by our Directors can be found in their biographies on page 108. All of our Non-Executive Directors are considered to be independent.

Induction

We develop a detailed, tailored induction for each new Non-Executive Director. This includes one-to-one meetings with the Chair and each of the existing Non-Executive Directors. One-to-one meetings are also arranged with the CEO, CFO and the Company Secretary, along with other members of the Executive Committee. New Directors also meet members of the operational teams and visit our key sites and capital projects to ensure they gain a detailed understanding of the water and waste water businesses and have a chance to experience our unique culture in person. We provide briefings on the key duties of being a Director of a regulated water company and proposed appointees meet with Ofwat as part of the appointment process.

We enhance the Board's induction programme in light of feedback from new Directors and the Board Effectiveness evaluation, for example, the recent introduction of the Board buddy scheme.

Gillian Sheldon and Tom Delay's inductions

The Board welcomed both Gillian Sheldon and Tom Delay during the year, and their extensive induction programmes covered a range of areas across the business, including governance, stakeholder engagement and the environment. The sessions were a mix of virtual and physical meetings, and both Gillian and Tom visited a number of our operational sites.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

The main focus for both Gillian and Tom's inductions was on matters pertinent to their roles on the Board Committees. For Gillian, this included receiving an overview of the current risks faced by the Group, the regulatory finance model, and our risk management framework and internal control processes in relation to her role on the Audit and Risk Committee, and an overview of the Group's AMP7 funding strategy in relation to her role on the Treasury Committee. For Tom, firstly as a member and then as Chair of the Corporate Sustainability Committee, this included a series of deep dives of the Group's Sustainability Strategy and net-zero commitments. A summary of both Gillian and Tom's key induction visits and events is set out on page 123.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

INTRODUCTORY MEETINGS

Sessions held in the first few days and weeks to ensure that new Directors are able to gain a real understanding of our Purpose, the environment we operate in and our core business activities.

Individual one-to-ones

Individual meetings with Non-Executive Directors and Executive Committee members.

Overview

- Water company background
- Political landscape
- Economic regulation
- Regulation by Ofwat and the setting of revenue allowance and price controls
- Governance Framework
- Compliance and assurance processes
- Risk management - Network control
- Water and waste water treatment.
- River quality - Bioresources

Committee specific sessions

Gillian and Tom took part in dedicated sessions that covered topics which directly relate to their Committee memberships.

Audit and Risk Committee

- ERM process and outputs
- Regulatory finance model
- Sustainability framework - Internal control processes - Net-zero commitment

Committee

Corporate Sustainability

Treasury Committee

AMP7 funding strategy

Complemented by

SPECIFIC DEEP DIVE SESSIONS

Deep dive sessions enable Directors to explore in detail the areas of focus for the Group over the short to medium term.

Sustainability

Overview of our sustainability framework and how each sustainability pillar is embedded into the Group's culture

Business Services

Outline of the non-regulated businesses in the Group and the different stakeholder groups that are linked to this activity.

Customer Retail and Technology

Summary of our wide-ranging customer base and how we can best deliver for them. including our Affordability Strategy and using technology to make customers to get in touch with us.

Overview of our People Strategy. diversity and inclusion ambitions and support of employability schemes such as the Kickstart and #10000BlackInterns programmes.

Chief Engineer

Reinforcement of our robust health. safety, security and wellbeing agenda, alongside asset strategy planning and innovation projects.

Dams and Reservoirs

Outline of the management approach taken to ensure that the Group complies with all statutory requirements in relation to our asset base.

A site visit to a reservoir has been arranged so that the Directors can see first-hand the processes and procedures in place

Knowledge reinforced by

SITE VISITS

Site visits allow Directors to observe the Group's operations in action and meet colleagues to gain further insight into our culture.

Spernal Sewage Works

Demonstration of the sewerage network and the stages of the waste water treatment process, alongside a presentation at our Resource Recovery and Innovation Centre, where we seek to address future challenges and achieve our ambitions, particularly in relation to carbon reduction initiatives and proactive pollution avoidance



Finham Treatment Works

Overview of the Thermal Hydrolysis Process [THP'], which uses anaerobic digestion to treat sewage sludge before it is recycled as fertiliser for agricultural land. The THP plant was installed alongside a gas-to-grid plant as part of an ambitious capital investment to drive efficiency and increase energy self-generation.



For the year ended 31 March 2022

Directors' Remuneration Report

The Executive Directors of Severn Trent Water Limited mirror those of Severn Trent Plc and, consequently it is not possible to separate the remuneration received solely for their services to Severn Trent Water Limited. Therefore, the Remuneration Report that follows is a summary of the Remuneration Report found in the Severn Trent Plc Annual Report and Accounts which is available on the Severn Trent Plc website.

The Severn Trent Plc Remuneration Committee (the 'Committee') sets the Remuneration Policy (the 'Policy') for Executive Directors and other senior executive managers, taking into account the Company's strategic objectives over the short and long term and the external market. At the 2021 AGM held on 8 July 2021 we received overwhelming shareholder support for the new Policy, with 99.66% approval. The full Policy can be found on the Severn Trent Plc website and on pages 145 to 153 of the 2021 Directors' Remuneration Report.

The Committee addresses the need to balance risk and reward. The Committee monitors the variable pay arrangements to take account of risk levels, ensuring an emphasis on long term and sustainable performance. The Committee believes that the incentive schemes are appropriately managed, and that the choice of performance measures and targets does not encourage undue risk taking by the Executives, so that the long-term performance of the business is not compromised by the pursuit of short-term value. The schemes incorporate a range of internal and external performance metrics, measuring both operational and financial performance over differing and overlapping performance periods, providing a rounded assessment of overall Company performance. More detail on how the Committee has satisfied itself, over the course of the year, that a fair and consistent approach is applied to both the remuneration of the Executive Directors and the wider workforce can be found on pages 129 to 148 of the Severn Trent Plc Annual Report and Accounts.

Directors' remuneration and annual bonus scheme

Remuneration for Executive Directors comprises the following elements:

- base salary and benefits:
- pension arrangements;
- annual bonus; and
- · long term incentive plan.

As outlined in the Severn Trent Plc Annual Report and Accounts, the Non-Executive Chair, Christine Hodgson, and independent Non-Executive Directors, do not participate in the Company's incentive arrangements, i.e. annual bonus or share plans.

Base salaries and benefits

Base salaries for individual Directors are reviewed annually by the Committee and normally take effect from 1 July. Salaries are set with reference to individual performance, experience and contribution, together with developments in the relevant employment market (having regard to similar roles in publicly quoted companies of a comparable size (currently FTSE51-150 excluding financial services) and practice in other water companies), company performance, affordability, wider economic environment and internal relativities.

In addition to base salary, Executive Directors receive a benefits package which contractually includes a green travel allowance (formerly car allowance, changed to recognize the use of public

For the year ended 31 March 2022

transport and introduction of our electric vehicle car scheme), membership of a defined contribution pension scheme or cash allowance in lieu, family level private medical insurance, life assurance, personal accident insurance, health screening and incapacity benefits scheme. Executive Directors may also take advantage of the Severn Trent flexible benefit scheme open to all employees.

Annual Bonus 2021/22

The annual bonus is designed to encourage improved financial and operational performance, and to align the interests of Directors with shareholders through the partial deferral of payment in shares. When implementing the 2021/22 all-employee annual bonus scheme it was determined that it would continue to use the elements and weightings agreed with shareholders, with the target bonus of 60% of salary remaining unchanged.

Bonuses are based on customer, financial and operational performance. Half of the bonus is paid in cash and half in shares which vest after three years (with the value of any dividends to be rolled up and paid on vesting).

Malus and clawback mechanisms also apply to allow the recoupment within three years of the payment of the cash bonus or the grant of deferred shares in the event of financial misstatement, error in the calculation or gross misconduct.

Annual bonus performance is measured over a single financial year. An annual bonus was awarded of 97.2% of salary for both the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer. Annual bonus payments to Executive Directors are not pensionable.

The table below shows a summary of the metrics and targets which were used to determine the annual bonus awards, together with the actual performance achieved:

Measure	Weighting % Total award	Threshold (0% payable)	Target (50% payable)	Stretch (100% payable)	Actual Performance	Outcome % Total award
Group PBIT ^(v)	49%	£478.1m	£493.1m	£508.1m	£508.3m	49.0%
Customer ODIs (i)	35%	£39.3m	£50.0m	£60.9m	£78.3m	23.0%
Customer Experience (iii)	8%	10	8	6	8	4.0%
Health and Safety	8%	0.19	0.15	0.11	0.14	5.0%

- (i) Our ODIs are grouped into three categories. The outcome achieved reflects performance across all three ODI categories, and the outturn represents significant outperformance in two of the three categories.
- (ii) Measured as ranking in C-MeX, the industry-wide performance measure.
- (iii) Measured as number of lost time incidents divided by number of hours worked by multiplied by 100,000.
- (v) Severn Trent Plc Group PBIT

Further comment on our overall performance during the financial year can be found in the Chief Executive's review on pages 13 to 16.

Base Salary

The Executive Directors' salaries will increase by 2.3% from 1 July 2022, further detail can be found on page 135 of this year's Severn Trent Plc Annual Report and Accounts.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Annual Bonus 2022/23

In March 2022, the Remuneration Committee approved a change to the bonus design for 2022/23, to include an element linked to our newly launched River Pledges. This element will carry a weighting of 8% of the total bonus and is created by incorporating the Customer Experience measure (C-MeX) into the 'minimise disruption to customers' ODI category. By adding in this River Health element, 20% of the total bonus will be linked to measures relating to the environment. There are five distinct River Pledges, each with a series of sub-measures beneath them. In selecting which of the measures to build into the bonus scheme, we have focused on those that are most pertinent to stakeholders, namely reducing the harmful impact we have on river health and increasing opportunities for people in our region to enjoy our waterways.

The annual bonus performance measures and weightings for the 2022/23 financial year will therefore be as follows:

- Group Profit Before Interest & Tax 49%
- Customer and Environment ODIs 35%
 - Minimise disruption to customers (12%)
 - Prevent failure in our network and our sites (11%); and
 - Improve the environment we live in (12%)
- River Health 8%
- Health and Safety (Lost Time Incidents) 8%

The maximum bonus opportunity will remain at of 120% of salary in 2022/23.

The Committee considers the forward-looking performance targets to be commercially sensitive and has, therefore, determined not to disclose them in advance. Details of the targets used will be disclosed in next year's Remuneration Report.

Long Term Incentive Plan

Executive Directors may also participate in the Severn Trent Plc Long Term Incentive Plan ('LTIP') which is designed to encourage strong and sustained improvements in financial performance, in line with the Company's strategy, and long-term shareholder returns. Under this plan, conditional awards of performance shares are made to Directors up to an annual maximum limit and vest after three years. The value of dividends paid on the shares comprising the award will be rolled up and paid on vesting.

Malus and clawback mechanisms apply to allow the recoupment of incentive awards within three years of vesting in the event of financial misstatement, an error in calculating the level of vesting or gross negligence, fraud or gross misconduct.

LTIP vesting

The LTIP award granted in 2018 was the first to include a stretch measure relative to the UQ performance of the other water and sewerage companies ('WaSCs'). This change in structure of the LTIP, which received strong support from shareholders as part of the 2018 Policy review, involved a recalibration of the previous stretch RoRE target as target (the 'standard element'), and the introduction of a new stretch target of UQ performance (the 'UQ element'). In so doing, the Committee wanted to ensure that any additional incentive opportunity could only be earned through outstanding performance and the overall approach aligned with the Company's aspirations to remain a UQ performer.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

The Committee confirmed the vesting outturn of the standard element of the 2018 LTIP in the 2021 Directors' Remuneration Report. However, the vesting of the UQ element could not be measured until the end of July 2021 when comparable statistics for the other WaSCs were provided to and published by Ofwat. It was therefore not possible to include the 2018 LTIP UQ vesting outcome in last year's disclosure, which is why it appears as part of the 2021/22 total single figure amount.

Severn Trent achieved UQ performance against WaSC peers and as a result there was full vesting of the 2018 LTIP.

As in previous years, the Committee has assessed the standard element of the total potential 2019 LTIP vesting, as this measures the Company's performance against RoRE set by Ofwat's Final Determination ('FD'). Over the three-year period of the 2019 LTIP, the Company achieved a RoRE of 1.50x against the target that we set of 1.39x the base RoRE return. This results in a vesting of the standard element of the 2019 LTIP equivalent to 150% of salary for the CEO and 100% of salary for the CFO. Any vesting of the UQ element of the 2019 LTIP will be disclosed in the 2022/23 Directors' Remuneration Report.

Further details can be found in the Severn Trent Plc Annual Report and Accounts.

2020, 2021 and 2022 LTIP Awards

Awards granted from 2018 continue to be subject to a Return on Regulated Equity (RoRE) performance condition measured over three financial years. Average RoRE performance is compared with the baseline RoRE figure set by Ofwat in our FD. Threshold performance is equal to the FD, increasing on a straight-line basis to maximum vesting for achieving additional stretch target of UQ RoRE performance. A two-year post vesting holding period will also apply.

Awards granted from 2021 include a second performance measure related to sustainability, specifically our net zero carbon ambition, incorporating our Sustainability Framework within the LTIP. RoRE remains the primary measure with a weighting of 80% whilst the sustainability measure has a weighting of 20% and focus on our public commitment to net-zero carbon emissions by 2030 as part of our Triple Carbon Pledge.

Further details can be found on pages 130 and 137 in the Severn Trent Plc Annual Report and Accounts.

The grant levels for the 2022 LTIP awards remain unchanged at 200% of base salary for the Chief Executive Officer and 150% of base salary for the Chief Financial Officer.

Shareholding guidelines

The Policy includes mandatory shareholding requirements as a percentage of salary for the Executive Directors, which are 300% for the CEO and 200% for the CFO. Since meeting these shareholding levels in 2019, the Executive Directors have continued to build significant shareholdings (1,229% for the CEO and 745% for the CFO) and have retained, except in the case of statutory tax and National Insurance deductions, all Company shares acquired as a result of discretionary awards vesting or options being exercised under the Company's share plans. Further details can be found in the Severn Trent Plc Annual Report and Accounts.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Directors' report

The Directors' Report for the year ended 31 March 2022 comprises pages 149 to 152 of this report, together with the sections of the Annual Report incorporated by reference. The Governance Report set out on pages 90 to 152 is incorporated by reference into this report and, accordingly, should be read as part of this report. As permitted by legislation, some of the matters required to be included in the Directors' Report have instead been included in the Strategic Report on pages 1 to 89, as the Board considers them to be of strategic importance.

Specifically, these are:

- the Performance Review on pages 19 to 27, which provides detailed information relating to the Group, its business model and strategy, operation of its businesses, future developments and the results and financial position for the year ended 31 March 2022;
- future business developments (throughout the Strategic Report);
- details of the Group's policy on addressing the Principal Risks and uncertainties facing the Group, which are set out in the Strategic Report on pages 3 to 98.
- information on the Group's GHG emissions for the year ended 31 March 2022, contained within our TCFD section on pages 31 to 47
- how we have engaged with our people and stakeholders on pages 79 to 87.
- business relationships (throughout the Strategic Report); and
- the Section 172 Statement on pages 88 to 91.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the Company is to treat and provide water and remove waste water in the UK. Details of the principal joint venture, associated and subsidiary undertakings of the Company as at 31 March 2022 are shown in notes 42 and 19 to the financial statements.

Areas of operation

During the course of 2021/22, the Company had activities and operations in the UK.

Directors and their interests

Biographies of the Directors currently serving on the Board are set out on pages 108. Details of Directors' service contracts are set out in the Directors' Remuneration Report on pages 124-127. The Board has a documented process in place in respect of conflicts.

Insurance and indemnities

The Company maintains Directors' and Officers' liability insurance in respect of legal action that might be brought against its Directors and Officers. As permitted by the Company's Articles of Association (the 'Articles'), and to the extent permitted by law, the Company indemnifies each of its Directors and other Officers of the Company against certain liabilities that may be incurred as a result of their positions with the Company. The indemnities were in force throughout the tenure of each Director during the last financial year and are currently in force. Severn Trent Water does not have in place any indemnities for the benefit of the External Auditor.

Employees

Severn Trent Water believes a diverse and inclusive workforce is a key factor in being a successful business. Through our diversity and equal opportunities policy, the Company seeks to

For the year ended 31 March 2022

ensure that every employee, without exception, is treated equally and fairly and that all employees are aware of their responsibilities. This means more than ensuring that we do not discriminate in any way – we want to create and maintain an inclusive culture which reflects a diverse population. Severn Trent believes that no one should be hurt or made unwell by what we do. We did not experience any major safety incidents and there were no fatalities during the year.

We are an equal opportunities employer and welcome applications from all individuals, including those with a disability. We are fully committed to supporting applications made by disabled persons and make reasonable adjustments to their environment where possible (having regard to their particular aptitudes and abilities). We are also responsive to the needs of our employees. As such, should any employee become disabled during their time with us, we will actively re-train that employee and make reasonable adjustments to their environment where possible, in order to keep them in employment with us.

All our training, promotion and career development processes are in place for all our employees to access, regardless of their gender, ethnicity, age or disability. The provision of occupational health programmes is of crucial importance to Severn Trent with the aim of keeping our employees fit, healthy and well. We also provide expert counselling support across a wide range of issues through our employee assistance programme.

Employee engagement

Due to our commitment to transparent and best practice reporting, we have included the sections on Engagement with our Colleagues and a dedicated Our People section within the Strategic Report as the Board considers these disclosures to be of strategic importance and they are therefore incorporated into the Directors' Report by cross-reference. Pages 83-84 demonstrate how the Directors have engaged with employees and how they have had regard to employee interests and the effect of that regard including the principal decisions by the Company during the financial year.

Business relationships

Pages 88 to 91 demonstrate how the Directors have had regard to key stakeholders and how the effect of that regard had influenced the principal decisions taken by the Company during the financial year. The Board considers its Section 172 Statement to be of strategic importance and is therefore incorporated into the Directors' Report by cross-reference.

Research and development

Innovative use of existing and emerging technologies will continue to be crucial to the successful development of new products and processes for the Company and our products must continue to deliver value for customers.

Internal controls

Further details of our internal control framework can be found in the Severn Trent Plc Audit and Risk Committee Report on page 129.

Treasury management

Details on our Treasury Policy and management are set out in the Chief Financial Officer's Review on pages 48 to 57.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Post balance sheet events

Details of post balance sheet events are set out in note 41 to the financial statements.

Capital structure

Details of the Company's issued share capital and of the movements during the year are shown in note 30 to the Company financial statements. The Company has one class of Ordinary Shares which carries no right to fixed income. Each share carries the right to one vote at General Meetings of the Company. The issued nominal value of the Ordinary Shares is 100% of the total issued nominal value of all share capital.

There are no specific restrictions on the size of a holding or on the transfer of shares, which are both governed by the general provisions of the Articles and prevailing legislation. The Directors are not aware of any agreements between holders of the Company's shares that may result in restrictions on the transfer of securities or on voting rights.

With regard to the appointment and replacement of Directors, the Company is governed by its Articles, the 2018 UK Corporate Governance Code (the '2018 Code'), the Companies Act 2006 and related legislation. The Articles may be amended by Special Resolution of the shareholders. The powers of Directors are described in the Severn Trent Water Matters Reserved to the Board document, the Articles, which can be found on our website. Under the Articles, the Directors have authority to allot Ordinary Shares.

Group Structure

The Company's position within the Severn Trent Plc Group can be found on the Severn Trent Plc website. On 31 March 2022 the Company transferred its ownership of the entire share capital of Hafren Dyfrdwy Cyfyngedig to the its immediate parent, Severn Trent Draycote Limited through completion of a dividend in specie. For more information, see note 19 to the financial statements.

Change of control

There are a number of agreements that take effect after, or terminate upon, a change of control of the Company, such as commercial contracts, bank loan agreements, property lease arrangements and employee share plans. None of these are considered to be significant in terms of their likely impact on the business of the Company as a whole. There are no agreements between the Company and its Directors or employees that provide for compensation for loss of office or employment because of a takeover bid.

Contributions for political and charitable purposes

Donations to charitable organisations during the year amounted to £5,055,786 (2021: £5,325,230). Donations are principally given to charities whose projects align closely with our aim to promote the responsible use of water resources and waste water services which provide the opportunity for longer-term partnerships. In addition, we provide donations to employee nominated charities through a matched funding scheme and health and safety reward schemes. We are also committed to supporting WaterAid, the UK's only major charity dedicated to improving access to safe water, hygiene and sanitation in the world's poorest countries.

Severn Trent's policy is not to make any donations for political purposes in the UK, or to donate to EU political parties or incur EU political expenditure. Accordingly, neither Severn Trent Water nor its subsidiaries made any political donations or incurred political expenditure in the financial year under review.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Supplier payment policy

Individual operating companies within the Severn Trent Water Group are responsible for establishing appropriate policies with regard to the payment of their suppliers, in accordance with the Prompt Payment Code ('PPC') and, as such, prompt payment policies are reviewed on a regular basis. The companies agree terms and conditions under which business transactions with suppliers are conducted. It is Company policy that provided a supplier is complying with the relevant terms and conditions, including the prompt and complete submission of all specified documentation, payment will be made in accordance with agreed terms. It is also Company policy to ensure that suppliers know the terms on which payment will take place when business is agreed. Throughout the year, as part of our response to the COVID-19 pandemic, we have been supporting small and medium enterprises in our region by accelerating payments to our supply chain. For the payment practices reporting period ended 31 March 2022, the average time to pay for Severn Trent Water Limited was 28 days.

Relevant audit information

The Directors confirm that:

- so far as each of them is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's Auditor is unaware; and
- each of them has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a Director to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's Auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

External Auditor

Having carried out a review of its effectiveness during the year, details of which can be found in the Severn Trent Plc Audit and Risk Committee Report on pages 118 and 119, the Severn Trent Plc Audit and Risk Committee has recommended to the Board the reappointment of Deloitte LLP. The reappointment and a resolution to that effect will be on the agenda at the 2022 Severn Trent Plc AGM. Deloitte LLP indicated its willingness to continue as Auditor. The Severn Trent Plc Audit and Risk Committee will also be responsible for determining the audit fee on behalf of the Board.

Carbon footprint

The Board considers environmental matters to be of strategic importance and therefore relevant information contained in Our TCFD Disclosures on pages 31 to 47 of the Strategic Report is incorporated into the Directors' Report by cross-reference. The TCFD Disclosure includes our annual report on Greenhouse Gas emissions along with details of our energy consumption across the Severn Trent Water Group and how we manage energy use.

Annual Performance Report of Severn Trent Water Limited

The Annual Performance Report for Severn Trent Water Limited is prepared and sent to Ofwat. A copy of this will be available on the website of Severn Trent Water Limited in due course. There is no charge for this publication.

Severn Trent Water Limited Governance report For the year ended 31 March 2022

By order of the Board

Bronagh KennedyCompany Secretary

14 July 2022

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Directors' responsibilities statement

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations. Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors are required to prepare the Group financial statements in accordance with international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and have elected to prepare the Company financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

Under company law the Directors must not approve the accounts unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for the year.

In preparing the parent company financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any
 material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

In preparing the Group financial statements, International Accounting Standard 1 requires that Directors:

- Properly select and apply accounting policies:
- Present information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information;
- Provide additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in IFRSs are insufficient to enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the entity's financial position and financial performance; and
- Make an assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Each of the Directors confirm that to the best of their knowledge:

- the financial statements, prepared in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework, give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the Company and the undertakings included in the consolidation taken as a whole;
- the Strategic report includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the position of the Company and the undertakings included in the consolidation taken as a whole, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties that they face; and

For the year ended 31 March 2022

- the Annual Report and financial statements, taken as a whole, are fair, balanced and understandable and provide the information necessary for shareholders to assess the Company's position and performance, business model and strategy.

This responsibility statement was approved by the Board of Directors on 14 July 2022 and is signed on its behalf by:

By order of the Board

Christine Hodgson

Chair

14 July 2022

James Bowling

Chief Financial Officer
14 July 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SEVERN TRENT WATER LIMITED

Report on the audit of the financial statements

1. Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements of Severn Trent Water Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of the group's loss for the year then ended;
- the group financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom adopted international accounting standards;
- the parent company financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the group income statement;
- the group and company statements of comprehensive income;
- the group and company statements of changes in equity;
- the group and company balance sheets;
- the group cash flow statement; and
- the related notes to the group and company financial statements 1 to 44.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the group financial statements is applicable law and United Kingdom adopted international accounting standards. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the parent company financial statements is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

2. Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the group and the parent company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

3. Summary of our audit approach

The key audit matters that we identified in the current year were: Key audit matters valuation of the provision for household trade receivables in Severn Trent Water Limited: classification of capital programme expenditure in Severn Trent Water Limited. Within this report, key audit matters are identified as follows: (<>) Similar level of risk Materiality The materiality that we used for the group financial statements was £13.8 million which was determined on the basis of profit before tax and gains/losses on financial instruments and exceptional items, capped at 99% of Severn Trent Plc group materiality. Scoping Our scoping has resulted in over 96% of the group's net operating assets and 91% of profit before tax and gains/losses on financial instruments being subject to audit testing. Significant changes in In the Prior Period we identified the valuation of accrued income for measured our approach customers in Severn Trent Water Limited as a key audit matter as COVID-19 significantly impacted the water consumption by customers. The increased consumption by households and lower consumption by non-household customers increased the level of unpredictability of water consumption, and therefore the potential level of volatility for accrued income. Consumption patterns have stabilised since the second half of the previous financial year which has reduced the level of estimation uncertainty for accrued income in the current financial year. As a result, the valuation of accrued income for measured customers in Severn Trent Water Limited has been removed as a key

4. Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Our evaluation of the directors' assessment of the group's and parent company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting included:

- Reviewing the group's borrowing arrangements, in particular the £1.0 billion revolving credit facility, including the sufficiency of headroom available in the forecasts (cash and covenants);
- Assessing the assumptions used in the cash flow forecasts for consistency with board approved budgets and future plans for AMP 7, and performing sensitivity analysis relating to these assumptions; and
- reviewing the appropriateness of the disclosures provided in the financial statements.

audit matter as at 31 March 2022.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the group's and parent company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In relation to the reporting on how the group has applied the UK Corporate Governance Code, we have nothing material to add or draw attention to in relation to the directors' statement in the financial statements about whether the directors considered it appropriate to adopt the going concern basis of accounting.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

5. Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period and include the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement (whether or not due to fraud) that we identified. These matters included those which had the greatest effect on the overall audit strategy, the allocation of resources in the audit; and directing the efforts of the engagement team.

These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

5.1. Valuation of the provision for household trade receivables in Severn Trent Water Limited



Key audit matter description

A portion of household customers do not, or cannot, pay their bills which results in the need for provisions to be made for non-payment of the related receivables. Management makes estimates regarding the expected future loss rate for current receivables when calculating the appropriate level of bad debt provision.

The bad debt provision recorded as at 31 March 2022 was £128.3 million (31 March 2021: £130.8 million), which incorporates management's estimate of the future impact of external economic factors on customers' ability to pay their outstanding bills to Severn Trent Water Limited.

Provisions are made against Severn Trent Water Limited's trade receivables balance based on historical cash collection rates of debt invoiced seven to nine years ago, which is considered by management to be representative of collection risk on the whole population of household debtors. A further amount has been recorded to reflect anticipated changes to cash collection as a result of forecast reductions in gross disposable household income. The adjustment is based on the historical correlation between gross disposable household income and the bad debt charge and is impacted by the level of decline and length of the impact on the UK economy

The key audit matter has been focused on the valuation of the household bad debt provision, and specifically whether the experience of debt invoiced seven to nine years ago provides an appropriate expectation of lifetime expected credit losses under IFRS 9 Financial Instruments, and whether the assumptions used in determining the impact of forecast decreases in real disposable household income

on the expected credit loss are appropriate. Due to the high degree of estimation uncertainty associated with the recoverability of household trade receivables, we have determined that there was a potential for fraud through possible manipulation of this balance.

The bad debt provision is discussed in note 20) and note 21 to the financial statements. Management has included this as a key source of estimation uncertainty in note 4(b)(iii) to the financial statements.

How the scope of our audit responded to the key audit matter

Our procedures included the following:

- Obtaining an understanding of relevant controls over the calculation of the bad debt provision, including over the supporting data and assumptions;
- testing the completeness and accuracy of the data included within the bad debt provision calculation;
- testing the allocation of cash received in the current year to debt aged between seven and nine years;
- use of data analytics to reconcile the debtor ageing for each debt category used in the bad debt provision model to source data from the billing system;
- evaluating the reasonableness of economic data (both forecast and historical) used within the calculation, and performing a sensitivity analysis; and
- evaluating management's assumptions used in the calculation of the bad debt provision and challenging whether this represents lifetime expected credit loss, including review of cash collection data and historical trends.

Key observations

We are satisfied that the assumptions applied in assessing the valuation of trade receivables, including the impact of external economic factors, are reasonable and that Severn Trent Water Limited's bad debt provision has been appropriately calculated using relevant data, in accordance with IFRS 9.

5.2. Classification of capital programme expenditure in Severn Trent Water Limited



Key audit matter description

Severn Trent Water Limited has a substantial capital programme which has been agreed with the regulator ("Ofwat") and therefore incurs significant expenditure in relation to the development and maintenance of both infrastructure and noninfrastructure assets.

As the determination of whether expenditure is capitalised or expensed in the period directly affects the group's reported financial performance, we identified a key audit matter relating to the overstatement of capital expenditure, whether caused by changes to the group's capitalisation policy implementation guidance or by incorrect application of this guidance. Due to the level of judgement involved, we have determined that there was a potential for fraud through possible manipulation of this balance.

During the year, Severn Trent Water Limited has invested £565.0 million (2021: £540.7 million) in capital expenditure projects out of the total group additions of £689.3 million (2021: £656.9 million) disclosed in note 17. Severn Trent Water Limited spent a further £194.1 million (2021: £147.3 million) on infrastructure maintenance expenditure out of the total group expenditure of £198.2 million (2021: £151.0 million) disclosed in note 6.

Management has included this as a critical accounting judgement in note 4a) to the financial statements.

How the scope of our audit responded to the key audit matter

Our procedures included the following:

- reviewing Severn Trent Water Limited's capitalisation policy and implementation guidance to understand any changes in the current year and to determine compliance with the relevant accounting standards;
- obtaining an understanding of, and testing, relevant controls over the application of the policy to expenditure incurred on projects within the group's capital programme during the year; and
- for a sample of capital projects, assessing the application of the capitalisation policy to the costs incurred by evaluating the business cases and invoices.

Key observations

Management's capitalisation policy and implementation guidance is consistent with the prior year and is appropriate. We are satisfied that management has appropriately applied their capitalisation policy and implementation guidance in determining the expenditures capitalised.

6. Our application of materiality

6.1. Materiality

We define materiality as the magnitude of misstatement in the financial statements that makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable person would be changed or influenced. We use materiality both in planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work.

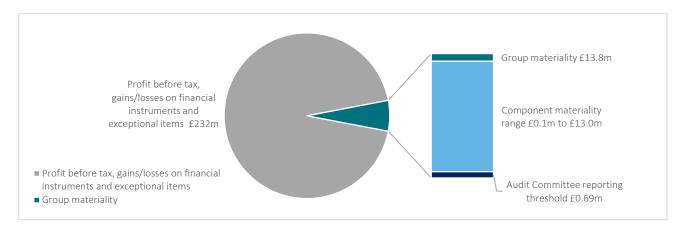
Based on our professional judgement, we determined materiality for the financial statements as a whole as follows:

	Group financial statements	Parent company financial statements
Materiality	£13.8 million (2021: £13.5 million)	£12.9 million (2021: £12.5 million)
Basis for determining materiality	Approximately 6% of profit before tax and gains/losses on financial instruments and exceptional items, capped at 99% of Severn Trent Plc group materiality.	Approximately 6% of profit before tax and gains/losses on financial instruments.

Rationale for the benchmark applied

Profit before tax adjusted for gains/losses on financial instruments and exceptional items has been used in order to focus on the group's underlying trading performance consistent with the group's internal and external reporting.

Profit before tax adjusted for gains/losses on financial instruments items has been used in order to focus on the company's underlying trading performance consistent with the company's internal and external reporting.



6.2. Performance materiality

We set performance materiality at a level lower than materiality to reduce the probability that, in aggregate, uncorrected and undetected misstatements exceed the materiality for the financial statements as a whole.

	Group financial statements	Parent company financial statements
Performance materiality	70% (2021: 70%) of group materiality	70% (2021: 70%) of parent company materiality
Basis and rationale for determining performance materiality	 In determining performance materiality, we considered the following factors: our assessment of the control environment, including continuity of the business year on year; low value of uncorrected misstatements identified in previous financial years. 	

6.3. Error reporting threshold

We agreed with the Audit and Risk Committee that we would report to the Committee all audit differences in excess of £689,000 (2021: £672,000), as well as differences below that threshold that, in our view, warranted reporting on qualitative grounds. We also report to the Audit and Risk Committee on disclosure matters that we identified when assessing the overall presentation of the financial statements.

7. An overview of the scope of our audit

7.1. Identification and scoping of components

Our group audit was scoped by obtaining an understanding of the group and its environment, including group-wide controls, and assessing the risks of material misstatement at a group level.

The parent company, Severn Trent Utilities Finance Plc and Hafren Dyfrdwy Cyfyngedig were subject to full statutory audits using component materiality of £12.9 million (2021: £12.5 million), £12.4 million (2021: £9.8 million) and £700,000 (2021: £652,000) respectively and together account for 96% (2021: 95%) of the group's net operating assets and 91% (2021: 95%) of profit before tax and gains/losses on financial instruments.

The group audit team performs the audits of the parent company, Severn Trent Utilities Finance Plc and Hafren Dyfrdwy Cyfyngedig.

At the group level we also tested the consolidation process and carried out analytical procedures to confirm our conclusion that there were no significant risks of material misstatement of the aggregated financial information of the remaining components not subject to full scope audit procedures.

7.2. Our consideration of the control environment

The group uses SAP, a financial accounting software platform, in all of its legal entities.

With the involvement of our Information Technology specialists, we obtained an understanding of, and relied on, relevant General Information Technology Controls within the group's financial accounting software platform, including access controls, change management controls and controls around segregation of duties.

We also relied on the relevant controls in respect of household and non-household revenue, classification of capital programme expenditure and operating expenditure business processes, which are supported by the group's financial accounting software platform. We tested the operating effectiveness on a sample basis by either observing or performing each step of the control and obtaining the relevant evidence to support that it operated as designed.

7.3. Our consideration of climate-related risks

The group has assessed the risk and opportunities relevant to climate change and has included this risk as a principal risk as set out on page 66, consistent with previous years. This risk has also been considered and embedded into the businesses as explained in the Strategic Report.

As a part of our audit procedures, we have obtained management's climate-related risk assessment and held discussions with management to understand the process of identifying climate-related risks, the determination of mitigating actions and the impact on the group's financial statements. While management has acknowledged that the transition and physical risks posed by climate change have the potential to impact the medium to long term success of the business, they have assessed that there is no quantitatively material impact arising from climate change on the judgements and estimates made in the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 as explained in note 4a iv).

We reviewed management's climate change risk assessment and evaluated the completeness of identified risks and the impact on the financial statements. We also considered the impact of climate change in our own audit risk assessment procedures and did not identify any additional risks of material misstatement.

Our audit procedures also included:

- with involvement of our Environmental, Social and Governance specialists, reading disclosures included in the Strategic Report and considered whether they are materially consistent with the financial statements and our knowledge obtained in the audit; and
- evaluating financial statement disclosures to assess whether climate risk assumptions were appropriately disclosed.

8. Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

9. Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

10. Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

11.Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

11.1. Identifying and assessing potential risks related to irregularities

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we considered the following:

- the nature of the industry and sector, control environment and business performance including the design of the group's remuneration policies, key drivers for directors' remuneration, bonus levels and performance targets;
- results of our enquiries with management, internal audit and the Audit and Risk Committee, about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities;
- any matters we identified having obtained and reviewed supporting documentation, concerning the group's policies and procedures relating to:
 - o identifying, evaluating and complying with laws and regulations and whether they were aware of any instances of non-compliance;
 - o detecting and responding to the risks of fraud and whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud;
 - o the internal controls established to mitigate risks of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- the matters discussed among the audit engagement team and relevant internal specialists, including tax, pensions, IT, and industry specialists regarding how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements and any potential indicators of fraud.

As a result of these procedures, we considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and identified the greatest potential for fraud in the following areas:

- valuation of the provision for trade receivables in Severn Trent Water Limited; and
- classification of capital programme expenditure in Severn Trent Water Limited.

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override.

We also obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework that the group operates in, focusing on provisions of those laws and regulations that had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The key laws and regulations we considered in this context included the UK Companies Act, Listing Rules, pensions legislation, tax legislation and the sector it operates in.

In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the Group's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty. These included the licence conditions imposed by The Water Services Regulation Authority (Ofwat).

11.2. Audit response to risks identified

We identified the valuation of the provision of trade receivables in Severn Trent Water Limited and the classification of capital programme expenditure as property, plant and equipment in Severn Trent Water Limited as key audit matters related to the potential risk of fraud. The key audit matters section of our report explains the matters in more detail and also describes the specific procedures we performed in response to those key audit matters.

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to risks identified included the following:

- reviewing the financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- enquiring of management, the Audit and Risk Committee and in-house legal counsel concerning actual and potential litigation and claims;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance, the Audit and Risk Committees, reviewing internal audit reports and reviewing correspondence with HMRC, Ofwat and other regulatory authorities; and
- in addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, testing the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessing whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluating the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

We also communicated relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all engagement team members including internal specialists and remained alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

12. Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and their environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

13. Corporate Governance Statement

Based on the work undertaken as part of our audit, we have concluded that each of the following elements of the Corporate Governance Statement is materially consistent with the financial statements and our knowledge obtained during the audit:

- the directors' statement with regards to the appropriateness of adopting the going concern basis of accounting and any material uncertainties identified set out on page78;
- the directors' explanation as to its assessment of the group's prospects, the period this assessment covers and why the period is appropriate set out on page 69 to 78;
- the directors' statement on fair, balanced and understandable set out on page 134;
- the board's confirmation that it has carried out a robust assessment of the emerging and principal risks set out on page 61 to 68; and
- the section of the annual report that describes the review of effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems set out on page 59 to 60.

14. Matters on which we are required to report by exception

14.1. Adequacy of explanations received and accounting records

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

14.2. Directors' remuneration

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are also required to report if in our opinion certain disclosures of directors' remuneration have not been made.

We have nothing to report in respect of this matter.

15. Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Jacqueline Holden FCA (Senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Statutory Auditor

Jacqueli Hill

London, United Kingdom

14 July 2022

Severn Trent Water Limited Group Income Statement For the year ended 31 March 2022

		2022	2021
	Note	£m	£m
Turnover	5	1,808.9	1,699.5
Operating costs before charge for bad and doubtful debts		(1,293.3)	(1,201.7)
Charge for bad and doubtful debts	6	(24.8)	(39.9)
Total operating costs	6	(1,318.1)	(1,241.6)
Profit before interest and tax		490.8	457.9
Finance income	10	55.7	59.6
Finance costs	11	(314.7)	(237.2)
Net finance costs		(259.0)	(177.6)
Reduction in expected credit loss on loans receivable	7	-	4.9
Net gains on financial instruments	12	52.8	4.8
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		284.6	290.0
Current tax	13	7.1	(24.9)
Deferred tax excluding exceptional deferred tax	13	(67.8)	(26.2)
Exceptional deferred tax	13	(289.2)	_
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities		(349.9)	(51.1)
(Loss)/profit for the year		(65.3)	238.9

Severn Trent Water Limited Group and Company Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended 31 March 2022

	Group			Company
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£m	£m	£m	£m
(Loss)/profit for the year	(65.3)	238.9	(76.4)	221.5
Other comprehensive income/(loss)				
Items that will not be reclassified to the income statement:				
Net actuarial gains/(losses)	188.4	(161.3)	188.2	(156.7)
Deferred tax on net actuarial gains/(losses)	(47.1)	30.7	(47.1)	29.8
Deferred tax arising on rate change	7.1		7.8	
	148.4	(130.6)	148.9	(126.9)
Items that may be reclassified to the income statement:				
Gains on cash flow hedges	51.9	31.8	51.9	31.8
Deferred tax on gains on cash flow hedges	(12.3)	(6.0)	(12.3)	(6.0)
Amounts on cash flow hedges transferred to the income				
statement	7.1	8.5	7.1	8.5
Deferred tax on transfer to the income statement	(1.8)	(1.6)	(1.8)	(1.6)
	44.9	32.7	44.9	32.7
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	193.3	(97.9)	193.8	(94.2)
Total comprehensive income for the year	128.0	141.0	117.4	127.3

Severn Trent Water Limited Group Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 31 March 2022

	_	Equity attributable to owners of the company						
		Share capital	Share premium	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
	Note	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
At 1 April 2020		1.0	_	(104.3)	2,725.5	2,622.2	10.6	2,632.8
Profit for the year		-	_	-	238.9	238.9	_	238.9
Gains on cash flow hedges		_	-	31.8	_	31.8	_	31.8
Deferred tax on gains on cash flow hedges	13	-	_	(6.0)	-	(6.0)	_	(6.0)
Amounts on cash flow hedges transferred to the income statement	12	_	_	8.5	_	8.5	_	8.5
Deferred tax on transfer to the income statement	13	-	_	(1.6)	_	(1.6)	_	(1.6)
Net actuarial losses	28	_	-	_	(161.3)	(161.3)	_	(161.3)
Deferred tax on net actuarial losses	13	_	_	-	30.7	30.7	_	30.7
Total comprehensive income for the year		_	_	32.7	108.3	141.0	_	141.0
Share options and LTIPs								
- value of employees' services	37	_	-	_	7.5	7.5	_	7.5
Current tax on share based payments	13	_	_	_	0.4	0.4	_	0.4
Deferred tax on share based payments		_	_	_	0.4	0.4	_	0.4
Dividends paid	14	_	_	_	(64.0)	(64.0)	_	(64.0)
At 31 March 2021		1.0	_	(71.6)	2,778.1	2,707.5	10.6	2,718.1
Loss for the year		_	_	_	(65.3)	(65.3)	_	(65.3)
Gains on cash flow hedges		_	_	51.9	_	51.9	_	51.9
Deferred tax on gains on cash flow hedges	13	-	_	(12.3)	_	(12.3)	_	(12.3)
Amounts on cash flow hedges transferred to the income statement	12	-	-	7.1	-	7.1	_	7.1
Deferred tax on transfer to the income statement	13	_	_	(1.8)	_	(1.8)	_	(1.8)
Net actuarial gains	28	_	_	_	188.4	188.4	_	188.4
Deferred tax on net actuarial gains	13	_	_	_	(47.1)	(47.1)	_	(47.1)
Deferred tax arising from rate change	13	_	_	_	7.1	7.1	_	7.1
Total comprehensive income for the year		_	_	44.9	83.1	128.0	_	128.0
Proceeds from shares issued	30,31	0.3	249.7	_	_	250.0	_	250.0
Share options and LTIPs								
- value of employees' services	37	_	_	_	8.0	8.0	_	8.0
Deferred tax on share based payments	13	_	_	_	4.7	4.7	_	4.7
Distributions in the year	14	_	_	_	(355.1)	(355.1)	_	(355.1)
At 31 March 2022		1.3	249.7	(26.7)	2,518.8	2,743.1	10.6	2,753.7

Severn Trent Water Limited Company Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 31 March 2022

	_	Equity attributable to owners of the company				
		Share capital £m	Share premium £m	Hedging reserve £m	Retained earnings	Total
At 1 April 2020	Note	1.0	_	(104.3)	£m 2,755.0	2,651.7
Profit for the year		_	_	(101.0)	221.5	221.5
Gains on cash flow hedges		_	_	31.8		31.8
Deferred tax on gains on cash flow hedges	13	_	_	(6.0)	_	(6.0)
Amounts on cash flow hedges transferred to the income statement	12	_	_	8.5	_	8.5
Deferred tax on transfer to the income statement	13	_	_	(1.6)	_	(1.6)
Net actuarial losses	28	_	-	_	(156.7)	(156.7)
Deferred tax on net actuarial losses	13	_	-	_	29.8	29.8
Total comprehensive income for the year		_	_	32.7	94.6	127.3
Share options and LTIPs						
- value of employees' services	37	_	_	_	7.5	7.5
Current tax on share based payments	13	_	_	_	0.4	0.4
Deferred tax on share based payments	13	_	_	_	0.4	0.4
Dividends paid	14	_	_	_	(64.0)	(64.0)
At 31 March 2021		1.0	_	(71.6)	2,793.9	2,723.3
Loss for the year		_	-	_	(76.4)	(76.4)
Gains on cash flow hedges		_	_	51.9	_	51.9
Deferred tax on gains on cash flow hedges	13	_	_	(12.3)	_	(12.3)
Amounts on cash flow hedges transferred to the income statement	12	-	_	7.1	_	7.1
Deferred tax on transfer to the income statement	13	_	_	(1.8)	_	(1.8)
Net actuarial gains	28	_	-	_	188.2	188.2
Deferred tax on net actuarial gains	13	_	-	_	(47.1)	(47.1)
Deferred tax arising from rate change	13	_	-	_	7.8	7.8
Total comprehensive income for the year		_	_	44.9	72.5	117.4
Proceeds from shares issued	30, 31	0.3	249.7	_	_	250.0
Share options and LTIPs						
- value of employees' services	37	_	_	_	8.0	8.0
Deferred tax on share based payments	13	_	_	_	4.7	4.7
Distributions in the year	14	_	_	_	(420.0)	(420.0)
At 31 March 2022		1.3	249.7	(26.7)	2,459.1	2,683.4

Severn Trent Water Limited Group and Company Balance Sheet As at 31 March 2022

			Group		Company
		2022	2021	2022	2021
	Note	£m	£m	£m	£n
Non-current assets					
Goodwill	15	63.5	63.5	1.1	1.3
Other intangible assets	16	145.3	133.1	141.1	121.9
Property, plant and equipment	17	9,780.2	9,703.9	9,629.3	9,312.1
Right-of-use assets	18	119.8	119.2	518.6	535.2
Investments	19	1,564.0	1,550.1	1,957.8	2,180.9
Derivative financial instruments	20	31.2	37.1	31.2	37.1
Trade and other receivables	21	228.3	53.6	324.1	183.0
Retirement benefit surplus	28	-	17.1	81.4	_
		11,932.3	11,677.6	12,684.6	12,371.5
Current assets					
Inventory		9.0	9.8	9.0	9.1
Trade and other receivables	21	576.7	502.7	578.4	540.9
Current tax receivable		_	_	2.7	1.0
Derivative financial instruments	20	27.6	3.8	27.6	3.8
Cash and cash equivalents	23	77.8	12.1	75.6	6.3
		691.1	528.4	693.3	561.1
Current liabilities					
Borrowings	24	(264.1)	(483.2)	(280.5)	(500.7)
Trade and other payables	26	(648.6)	(534.9)	(640.9)	(555.4)
Current tax payable		(4.1)	(3.9)	(0.0.0)	(000)
Provisions for liabilities	29	(33.3)	(23.9)	(33.3)	(22.5)
Treviolene for nashride		(950.1)	(1,045.9)	(954.7)	(1,078.6)
Net current liabilities		(259.0)	(517.5)	(261.4)	(517.5)
Total assets less current liabilities		11,673.3	11,160.1	12,423.2	11,854.0
Non-current liabilities		,	,	,	,
Borrowings	24	(6,134.0)	(5,786.8)	(7,097.3)	(6,749.7)
Derivative financial instruments	25	(40.7)	(121.5)	(40.7)	(121.5)
Trade and other payables	26	(1,320.6)	(1,250.0)	(1,320.5)	(1,236.1)
Deferred tax	27	(1,273.9)	(893.5)	(1,268.5)	(870.6)
Retirement benefit obligation	28	(1,273.5)	(376.5)	(1,200.5)	(143.4)
Provisions for liabilities	29	(12.8)	(13.7)	(12.8)	(9.4)
1 TOVISIONS TOT HADIIILIES			, ,		
Not poorte		(8,919.6)	(8,442.0)	(9,739.8)	(9,130.7)
Net assets		2,753.7	2,718.1	2,683.4	2,723.3
Equity					
Called up share capital	30	1.3	1.0	1.3	1.0
Share premium	31	249.7	-	249.7	1.0
Hedging reserve	32	(26.7)	(71.6)	(26.7)	(71.6)
Retained earnings	32	2,518.8	2,778.1	2,459.1	, ,
<u> </u>				•	2,793.9
Equity attributable to owners of the company		2,743.1	2,707.5	2,683.4	2,723.3
Non-controlling interests		10.6	10.6		
Total equity The loss for the year for Severn Trent Water Limited Comp		2,753.7	2,718.1	2,683.4	2,723.3

The loss for the year for Severn Trent Water Limited Company is £76.4 million (2021: profit of £221.5 million).

Signed on behalf of the Board who approved the accounts on 14 July 2022.

Christine Hodgson

Chair

James Bowling Chief Financial Officer

Company Number 02366686

Severn Trent Water Limited Group Cash Flow Statement For the year ended 31 March 2022

		2022	2021
		£m	£m
Cash generated from operations	38	856.2	835.6
Tax received	38	62.5	_
_Tax paid	38	(1.2)	(26.9)
Net cash generated from operating activities		917.5	808.7
Cash flow from investing activities			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(596.3)	(606.7)
Purchases of intangible assets and goodwill		(36.0)	(21.7)
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment		11.3	2.4
Net loans repaid by related parties		-	98.0
Interest received		2.7	2.1
Net cash flow from investing activities		(618.3)	(525.9)
Cash flow from financing activities			
Interest paid		(178.2)	(177.6)
Interest element of lease payments		(3.8)	(3.9)
Principal elements of lease payments		(9.4)	(4.6)
Dividends paid to shareholders of the parent		(150.0)	(64.0)
Payments for swap terminations		-	(1.1)
Proceeds from swap terminations		5.6	0.9
Repayments of borrowings		(485.3)	(241.0)
New loans raised		501.0	416.2
Issue of shares		250.0	_
Intercompany loans issued to ultimate parent		(174.0)	(52.0)
Issue of intercompany loan raised with ultimate parent		3.5	_
Repayment of intercompany loan raised with ultimate parent		-	(158.8)
Net cash flow from financing activities		(240.6)	(285.9)
Net movement in cash and cash equivalents		58.6	(3.1)
Cash disposed with Hafren Dyfrdwy		(0.6)	_
Net cash at the beginning of the year		12.1	15.2
Net cash and cash equivalents at end of the year		70.1	12.1
Cash at bank and in hand		2.8	12.1
Bank overdraft		(7.7)	_
Short term deposits		75.0	_
·		70.1	12.1

Severn Trent Water Limited

Notes to the Group and Company financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

1 General information

The Severn Trent Water Group includes Severn Trent Water Limited and its subsidiary companies.

Severn Trent Water Limited is a company incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom. The address of its registered office is Severn Trent Centre, 2 St John's Street, Coventry, CV1 2LZ.

2 Accounting policies

a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis (see Strategic report on page 78) under the historical cost convention, except for the revaluation of financial instruments including derivatives (refer to accounting policy notes (s) and (t)), and accounting for the transfer of assets from customers (refer to accounting policy note (i)).

i) Group financial statements

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and United Kingdom adopted International Financial Reporting Standards.

ii) Company financial statements

The Company financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards and comply with the Companies Act 2006. The Company meets the definition of a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 100 'Application of Financial Reporting Requirements' accordingly the Company has elected to apply FRS 101, 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'.

Therefore the recognition and measurement requirements of United Kingdom International Financial Reporting Standards have been applied, with amendments where necessary in order to comply with Companies Act 2006 and The Large and Mediumsized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 (SI 2008/410) as the parent company financial statements are Companies Act 2006 accounts.

As permitted by FRS 101, the Company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions available under that standard in relation to statement of cash flows, share based payment, financial instruments, capital management, presentation of comparative information in respect of certain assets, standards not yet effective and related party transactions. Where required, equivalent disclosures are given in the consolidated financial statements and also where required, equivalent disclosures are given in the group accounts of Severn Trent Plc. The group accounts of Severn Trent Plc are available to the public and can be obtained as set out in note 44.

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, no profit and loss account is presented for the parent company. The profit for the year is disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the balance sheet

The key accounting policies for the Group and the parent company are set out below and have been applied consistently except where indicated. Where policies are specific to the Group or to the Company this is set out in the relevant policy.

b) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the results of Severn Trent Water Limited and its subsidiaries. Results are included from the date of acquisition or incorporation and excluded from the date of disposal.

Subsidiaries are consolidated where the Group has the power to control a subsidiary.

Non-controlling interests in the net assets of subsidiaries are identified separately from the Group's equity. Non-controlling interests consist of the amount of those interests at the date of the original business combination and the non-controlling interests' share of changes in equity since that date.

Transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries have been eliminated on consolidation and are not included within the Group financial statements.

c) Revenue recognition

Revenue includes turnover and interest income.

Turnover represents the fair value of consideration receivable, excluding value added tax, trade discounts and inter-company sales, in the ordinary course of business for goods and services provided.

Turnover is not recognised until the service has been provided to the customer.

Water and waste water revenue is recognised when the service is provided and includes an estimate of the amount of mains water and waste water charges unbilled at the year end. The accrual is estimated using a defined methodology based upon a measure of unbilled water consumed by tariff, which is calculated from historical billing information.

Amounts received from developers for diversions activity is recognised as turnover when the service to divert the infrastructure has been completed.

Renewable energy revenue includes sales of electricity and gas and the related green energy incentives. Revenue from energy sales is recognised when the electricity or gas is delivered to the national grid. Green energy incentives are recognised when the Group becomes entitled to them.

Severn Trent Water Limited

Notes to the Group and Company financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Interest income is accrued on a time basis by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

2 Accounting policies (continued)

d) Exceptional items

Exceptional items are income or expenditure, which individually or, if of a similar type, in aggregate should, in the opinion of the Directors, be disclosed by virtue of their size or nature if the financial statements are to give a true and fair view.

e) Taxation

Current tax payable is based on taxable profit for the year and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxation is provided in full on taxable temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred taxation is measured on a non-discounted basis using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

Where there is a change in the tax rate enacted or substantively enacted, deferred tax assets and liabilities in the opening balance sheet are remeasured at the new rate. The resulting charge/credit to income statement and reserves is recognised in the year that the rate change occurs. Adjustments in respect of prior years are recognised at rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except where they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for a business combination.

A deferred tax asset is only recognised to the extent it is probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available in the future to utilise it.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities.

f) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the fair value of purchase consideration over the fair value of the net assets acquired. Goodwill arising on acquisition of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets. If an acquisition gives rise to negative goodwill this is credited directly to the income statement. Fair value adjustments based on provisional estimates are amended within one year of the acquisition, if required, with a corresponding adjustment to goodwill.

Goodwill is tested for impairment in accordance with the policy set out in note 2 k) below and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is allocated to the cash-generating unit that derives benefit from the goodwill for impairment testing purposes.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit and all or part of that unit is disposed of, the associated goodwill is included in the carrying amount of that operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

2 Accounting policies (continued)

g) Other intangible and non-current assets

Intangible assets acquired separately, or internally generated where a separate resource that is controlled by the Group is created, are capitalised at cost. Following initial recognition, finite life intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

	Years
Software	3 - 10
Other intangible assets	15 - 20

Amortisation charged on intangible assets is taken to the income statement through operating costs.

Finite life intangible assets are reviewed for impairment where indicators of impairment exist (see 2 k) below).

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Such assets are reviewed for impairment at least annually and where indications of impairment exist.

Development expenditure is capitalised as an intangible asset and written off over its expected useful economic life where the following criteria are met:

- it is technically feasible to create and make the asset available for use or sale:
- there are adequate resources available to complete the development and to use or sell the asset;
- there is the intention and ability to use or sell the asset;
- it is probable that the asset created will generate future economic benefits; and
- the development cost can be measured reliably.

Research expenditure is expensed when it is incurred.

h) Leased assets

Where the Group enters into a contract that contains a lease, it recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which includes: the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability (see below); any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received; any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and an estimate of any remediation or similar costs required by the lease contract.

At the commencement date the lease liability is measured at the present value of the future lease payments discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Lease liabilities are included in borrowings.

Lease payments are treated as consisting of a capital element and a finance charge; the capital element reduces the lease liability and the finance charge is written off to the income statement at a constant rate over the period of the lease in proportion to the capital amount outstanding. Depreciation of the right-of-use asset is charged over the shorter of the estimated useful life and the lease period unless ownership is expected to transfer to the Group at the end of the lease, in which case the right-of-use asset is depreciated to the end of the useful life of the underlying asset.

Extension and termination options are included in a number of property and equipment leases across the Group. These terms are used to maximise operational flexibility in managing contracts.

Most extension and termination options held are exercisable only by the Group and not by the respective lessor. In determining the lease term, the Group considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated). The assessment is reviewed if a significant event or a significant change in circumstances occurs which affects this assessment and is within the control of the Group.

Where the lease term is less than one year or the underlying asset is low value, the Group does not recognise a right-of-use asset or lease liability. Payments under such leases are charged to operating costs.

Severn Trent Water Limited

Notes to the Group and Company financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

2 Accounting policies (continued)

i) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is held at cost (or at deemed cost for infrastructure assets on transition to IFRS/FRS 101) less accumulated depreciation. Expenditure on property, plant and equipment relating to research and development projects is capitalised and depreciated over the expected useful life of those assets.

The costs of like-for-like replacement of infrastructure components are recognised in the income statement as they arise. Expenditure which results in enhancements to the operating capability of the infrastructure networks is capitalised.

Where items of property, plant and equipment are transferred to the Group from customers or developers, the fair value of the asset transferred is recognised in the balance sheet. Fair value is determined based on estimated depreciated replacement cost. The transfer is considered to be linked to the provision of ongoing services and therefore the corresponding credit is recorded in deferred income and released to turnover over the expected useful lives of the related assets. Further details regarding the judgment applied is detailed in note 4.

Where assets take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use, the borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of these assets are added to their cost.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated, using the straight-line method, to its estimated residual value over its estimated useful life, with the exception of freehold land which is not depreciated. Assets in the course of construction are not depreciated until commissioned.

The estimated useful lives are:

	Years
Infrastructure assets	
Impounding reservoirs	250
Raw water aqueducts	250
Mains	80 - 150
Sewers	150 - 200
Other assets	
Buildings	30 - 80
Fixed plant and equipment	20 - 40
Vehicles and mobile plant	2 - 15

j) Grants and contributions

Grants and contributions received in respect of non-current assets, including certain charges made as a result of new connections to the water and waste water networks, are treated as deferred income and released to turnover over the useful economic life of those non-current assets.

Grants and contributions which are given in compensation for expenses incurred with no future related costs are recognised in turnover in the income statement in the period that they become receivable.

k) Impairment of non-current assets

If the recoverable amount of goodwill, an item of property, plant and equipment or any other non-current asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cashgenerating unit to which the asset belongs. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell or estimated value in use at the date the impairment review is undertaken. Fair value less costs to sell represents the amount obtainable from the sale of the asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing third parties, less costs of disposal. Value in use represents the present value of future cash flows expected to be derived from a cash-generating unit, discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the cost of capital of the cash-generating unit or asset.

The discount rate used is based on the Group's cost of capital, adjusted for the risk profiles of individual businesses. For regulated businesses we use the WACC from Ofwat's latest price review adjusted for market changes since this date where appropriate.

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually. Impairment reviews are also carried out if there is an indication that an impairment may have occurred or, where otherwise required, to ensure that non-current assets are not carried above their estimated recoverable amounts.

Impairments are recognised in the income statement.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

2 Accounting policies (continued)

I) Investments

Investments in subsidiaries in the Company's financial statements are stated at cost less, where appropriate, provisions for impairment. Investments in subsidiaries are reviewed for impairment in line with note 2 k) when indicators of impairment have been identified.

Other investments are initially recognised and subsequently measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

m) Inventory

Inventory and work in progress is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price less all estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in selling and distribution.

n) Loans receivable

Loans receivable are measured at fair value on initial recognition, less issue fee income received where the fee is integral to the yield on the loan. All loans receivable are held for collection of contractual cash flows, which represent solely payments of principal and interest. After initial recognition, loans receivable are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method whereby interest and issue fee income are credited to the income statement and added to the carrying value of loans receivable at a constant rate in proportion to the loan amount outstanding.

The Company recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses ('ECL') on its loans receivable. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

The Company recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to the 12 month ECL.

Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the loans. In contrast, 12 month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of default over the remaining life of the asset at the reporting date with the risk of default for the same period at initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information about the risk of default that is reasonable and supportable, including forward-looking information that is available. This includes assessment of a deterioration in: actual or expected business; financial or economic conditions of the borrower; actual or expected operating results, cash flows and financial position of the borrower; and the regulatory, economic, or technological environment faced by the borrower. Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Definition of default

The Group considers that a default has taken place where information developed internally indicates that the borrower is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full. Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

o) Trade receivables and accrued income

Trade receivables and accrued income, are measured at fair value on initial recognition. If there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, it is written down to its recoverable amount and the irrecoverable amount is recognised as an expense in operating costs.

The Group applies the simplified approach permitted by IFRS 9 for estimating expected credit losses on trade and other receivables. For trade receivables that are assessed not to be impaired individually, expected credit losses are estimated based on the Group's historical experience of trade receivable write-offs and reasonable, supportable forward-looking information which is available without undue cost or effort.

Severn Trent Water Limited

Notes to the Group and Company financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

2 Accounting policies (continued)

p) Retirement benefits

(i) Defined benefit schemes

The difference between the value of defined benefit pension scheme assets and defined benefit pension scheme liabilities is recorded on the balance sheet as a retirement benefit asset or obligation.

Defined benefit pension scheme assets are measured at fair value using bid price for assets with quoted prices. For scheme assets with no quoted price, the fair value is derived by using quotations from independent third parties or by using applicable valuation techniques at the end of each reporting period. Defined benefit pension scheme liabilities are measured at the balance sheet date by an independent actuary using the projected unit method and discounted at the current rate of return on high quality corporate bonds of equivalent term and currency to the liability.

Service cost, representing the cost of employee service in the period, is included in operating costs. Net finance cost is calculated by applying the discount rate used for the scheme liabilities to the net obligation.

Changes in the retirement benefit obligation that arise from:

- differences between the return on scheme assets and interest income included in the income statement;
- · actuarial gains and losses from experience adjustments; and
- changes in demographic or financial assumptions,

are classified as re-measurements, charged or credited to other comprehensive income and recorded in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

There is no contractual agreement, or stated policy, for charging the net defined benefit cost for the Severn Trent schemes to participating Group companies of the ultimate parent. As the net defined benefit cost for these schemes is recognised by the sponsoring employer, Severn Trent Water Limited, the full net defined benefit cost is disclosed in the Severn Trent Water Group financial statements. For the Company financial statements, contributions made by other Severn Trent Group companies are disclosed within actuarial gains and losses in the statement of comprehensive income.

(ii) Defined contribution scheme

Contributions to defined contribution pension schemes are charged to the income statement in the period in which they fall due.

q) Provisions

Provisions are recognised where:

- there is a present obligation as a result of a past event;
- it is probable that there will be an outflow of economic benefits to settle this obligation; and
- a reliable estimate of this amount can be made.

Insurance provisions are recognised for claims notified and for claims incurred but which have not yet been notified, based on advice from the ultimate parent company's independent insurance advisers.

Provisions are discounted to present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability where the effect is material.

r) Borrowings

The accounting policy for borrowings that are the hedged item in a fair value hedge is set out in note 2 s) and the accounting policy for lease liabilities is set out in note 2 h).

All other borrowings are initially recognised at fair value less issue costs. After initial recognition, borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method whereby interest and issue costs are charged to the income statement and added to the carrying value of borrowings at a constant rate in proportion to the capital amount outstanding.

Index-linked debt is adjusted for changes in the relevant inflation index and changes in value are charged to finance costs.

Borrowings denominated in foreign currency are translated to sterling at the spot rate on the balance sheet date. Exchange gains or losses resulting from this are credited or charged to gains/losses on financial instruments.

Severn Trent Water Limited

Notes to the Group and Company financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

2 Accounting policies (continued)

s) Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are stated at fair value, including accrued interest. Fair value is determined using the methodology described in note 34a). The accounting policy for changes in fair value depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument. The various accounting policies are described below.

Interest receivable or payable in respect of derivative financial instruments is included in finance income or costs.

Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments

Gains or losses arising on remeasurement of derivative financial instruments that are not designated as hedging instruments are recognised in gains/losses on financial instruments in the income statement.

Derivatives designated as hedging instruments

The Group uses derivative financial instruments such as cross currency swaps, forward currency contracts and interest rate swaps to hedge risks associated with foreign currency and interest rate fluctuations.

At the inception of each hedge relationship, the Group documents:

- the economic relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item;
- · the risk management objectives and strategy for undertaking the hedge transaction; and
- whether changes in fair value or the cash flows of the hedging instrument are expected to offset changes in fair values or cash flows (as appropriate) of the hedged item.

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires, is sold, terminated or exercised or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting.

Fair value hedges

Where a loan or borrowing is in a fair value hedging relationship it is remeasured for changes in fair value of the hedged risk at the balance sheet date, with gains or losses being recognised in gains/losses on financial instruments in the income statement. The gain or loss on the corresponding hedging instrument is also taken to gains/losses on financial instruments in the income statement so that the effective portion of the hedge will offset the gain or loss on the hedged item.

If hedge accounting is discontinued, the fair value adjustment arising from the hedged risk on the hedged item is amortised to the income statement over the anticipated remaining life of the hedged item.

Cash flow hedges

The portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument that is determined to be an effective hedge is recognised in equity and the ineffective portion is charged to gains/losses on financial instruments in the income statement. When the gain or loss from the hedged underlying transaction is recognised in the income statement, the gains or losses on the hedging instrument that have previously been recognised in equity are recycled through gains/losses on financial instruments in the income statement.

If hedge accounting is discontinued, any cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument previously recognised in equity is held in equity until the forecast transaction occurs, or transferred to gains/losses on financial instruments in the income statement if the forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur. From this point the derivative is accounted for in the same way as derivatives not designated as hedging instruments. If the hedging instrument is terminated, the gains and losses previously recognised in equity are held in equity until either the forecast transaction occurs or the forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur.

Embedded derivatives

Where a contract includes terms that cause some of its cash flows to vary in a similar way to a derivative financial instrument, that part of the contract is considered to be an embedded derivative.

Embedded derivatives are separated from the contract and measured at fair value with gains and losses taken to the income statement if the host contract is not an asset within the scope of IFRS 9 and:

- the risks and characteristics of the embedded derivative are not closely related to those of the contract;
- a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative; and
- the contract is not carried at fair value with gains and losses reported in the income statement.

In all other cases embedded derivatives are accounted for in line with the accounting policy for the contract as a whole.

t) Share based payment

The Group operates a number of equity settled share based compensation plans for employees. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant is recognised as an expense over the vesting period of the grant.

The fair value of employee services is determined by reference to the fair value of the awards granted, calculated using an appropriate pricing model, excluding the impact of any non-market vesting conditions. The number of awards that are expected to vest takes into account non-market vesting conditions including, where appropriate, continuing employment by the Group. The charge is adjusted to reflect shares that do not vest as a result of failing to meet a non-market condition.

The grant of awards of shares of the ultimate parent Company is treated as a capital contribution and credited to reserves. When awards vest, payments made to the ultimate parent Company for the issue of shares are charged against the capital contributions previously received in respect of the same awards. Any payments in excess of capital contributions are treated as

For the year ended 31 March 2022 distributions.

2 Accounting policies (continued)

u) Cash flow statement

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. Such investments are normally those with less than three months maturity from the date of acquisition and include cash and bank balances and investments in liquid funds.

Net cash and cash equivalents include overdrafts repayable on demand and amounts drawn under the Group's revolving credit facility.

Interest paid in the cash flow statement includes amounts charged to the income statement and amounts included in the cost of property, plant and equipment.

3 New accounting policies and future requirements

At the balance sheet date, no Standards or Interpretations were in issue but not yet effective that are expected to have a material impact on the Group or Company's financial position.

4 Critical accounting judgments and sources of estimation uncertainty

In the process of applying the Group and Company accounting policies, the Group and Company are required to make certain judgments, estimates and assumptions that they believe are reasonable based on the information available. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates.

a) Critical accounting judgments

i) Classification of costs between operating expenditure and capital expenditure

The Company's business involves significant construction and engineering projects. Assessing the classification of costs incurred on such projects between capital expenditure and operating expenditure requires judgments to be made. The judgments are made based on objective criteria that the Group has developed to facilitate the consistent application of its accounting policies. The costs of like-for-like replacement of infrastructure components are recognised in the income statement as they arise. Total infrastructure renewal expenditure during the year was £198.2 million (2021: £151.0 million). Expenditure which results in quality or capacity enhancements to the operating capability of the infrastructure networks is capitalised and amounted to £725.3 million (2021: £678.6 million).

ii) Income from connections to the water and waste water networks

The Group receives income from developers and domestic customers from new connections to the water and waste water networks either in the form of infrastructure assets or cash. The more significant examples of these transactions are:

- Developers transfer to the Group infrastructure assets that they have installed in a new development. Usually there is no monetary consideration exchanged when the Group adopts assets in this manner.
- When new properties are connected to the network, the Group is permitted, under the Water Industry Act, to obtain a
 contribution from the developer towards the cost of reinforcing its network to meet the additional demands arising from the
 new connections. These are referred to as Infrastructure charges. The charges are a standard amount per property and
 are not linked to specific reinforcement expenditure.
- When developers require properties to be connected to the Group's network, the Group installs a meter and connection to each property but retains ownership of the assets and responsibility for their maintenance.

Assessing whether this income is received in relation to the provision of the connection to the Group's infrastructure networks or is to facilitate the ongoing provision of water and waste water services to the properties in question requires judgment about the nature of the ongoing relationship between the Group and the customer. During the period the Group received infrastructure assets with a fair value of £62.6 million (2021: £44.9 million), infrastructure charges amounting to £25.0 million (2021: £20.0 million) and other charges relating to the provision of infrastructure amounting to £17.0 million (2021: £22.0 million).

The Group considers that the purpose of these transactions is to facilitate the ongoing provision of water and waste water services to the properties in question and they are inextricably linked to that ongoing service. There is a transferable right to receive an ongoing water and waste water service that passes from customer to customer when the property is bought and sold during the life of the property and, without the ongoing water and waste water service, the transactions have no value. Therefore, in line with our

Severn Trent Water Limited

Notes to the Group and Company financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

accounting policies the amounts received are held on the balance sheet and released to turnover in the income statement over the life of the related assets.

4 Critical accounting judgments and sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

a) Critical accounting judgments (continued)

iii) Accounting for the bulk annuity buy-in of the Severn Trent Mirror Image Pension Scheme ('STMIPS')

On 29 June 2021, the Group completed the bulk annuity buy-in of the STMIPS. The Company is the only employer in this scheme. As a result of the buy-in, the Group has obtained the right to reimbursement under an insurance policy of the benefits payable to scheme members. Although substantially all of the risks relating to this obligation are mitigated by the insurance policy, the legal obligation to pay the member benefits as they fall due remains with the Group. Therefore the Group concluded that this transaction did not represent a settlement under IAS 19.

As such the £29.6 million difference between the premium paid to secure the insurance policy and the accounting value of the liabilities covered by the buy-in has been recognised within other comprehensive income as part of the return on plan assets which forms part of the overall actuarial gain.

iv) Climate change

The Group continues to develop its assessment of the impact that climate change may have on the amounts recognised in the financial statements. The natural environment in which the Group operates is continually changing, and the expected impact on the Group from climate change is set out within the 'Our approach to climate change' section of the Strategic Report on page 31.

We have considered the impact of the climate change related risks to which the Group is exposed in the preparation of these financial statements. The risks are long term in nature, and whilst they will provide a need for investment in the future, we conclude that there is no material impact on the carrying amount of assets or liabilities recognised in the financial statements, nor do they lead to any additional key sources of estimation or judgment.

b) Sources of estimation uncertainty

Depreciation and carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment

Calculating the depreciation charge and hence the carrying value for property, plant and equipment requires estimates to be made of the useful lives of the assets. The estimates are based on engineering data and the Group's experience of similar assets. Details are set out in note 2 i). The average useful life of property, plant and equipment by asset category is detailed as follows:

	Average useful economic life (years)		
Land and buildings	42.0		
Infrastructure assets	143.3		
Fixed plant and equipment	24.9		
Moveable plant	11.2		

The impact on the annual depreciation expense of a 10% increase and decrease in useful economic life ('UEL') of property, plant and equipment by asset category is detailed as follows:

	10% increase in UEL	10% decrease in UEL
	£m	£m
Land and buildings	(8.8)	10.7
Infrastructure assets	(3.7)	4.5
Fixed plant and equipment	(18.7)	22.8
Moveable plant	(0.6)	0.8

ii) Retirement benefit obligations

Determining the amount of the Group's retirement benefit obligations and the net costs of providing such benefits requires assumptions to be made concerning long-term interest rates, inflation and longevity of current and future pensioners, and, where

For the year ended 31 March 2022

market prices are not available, the values of the assets held. Changes in these assumptions could significantly impact the amount of the obligations or the cost of providing such benefits. The Group makes assumptions concerning these matters with the assistance of advice from independent qualified actuaries. Details of the assumptions made and associated sensitivities are set out in note 28 to the financial statements.

4 Critical accounting judgments and sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

b) Sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

iii) Expected losses on trade receivables

Expected credit losses for trade receivables are based on the historical credit losses experienced over the last nine years and reasonable forecasts of the future impact of external economic factors on the Group's collection of trade receivables. A number of emerging economic factors such as the reduction in Universal Credit, rising National Insurance contributions and higher energy bills are expected to impact household disposable income and therefore the expected credit losses on trade receivables.

We based our assessment of the future impact of these economic factors on the Office for Budget Responsibility's most recent forecast of real disposable household incomes ('RDHI'), released in March 2022, which forecasted a 2.2% reduction in RDHI in 2022/23, with a return to 2021/22 levels not expected until 2024/25.

The gross carrying amounts and expected credit loss allowances for trade receivables and accrued income were as follows:

Group

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Gross carrying amount	575.9	536.8
Provision for bad and doubtful debts	(128.3)	(136.2)
Net carrying amount	447.6	400.6

Company

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Gross carrying amount	575.9	519.2
Provision for bad and doubtful debts	(128.3)	(130.8)
Net carrying amount	447.6	388.4

Movements in the expected credit loss allowance are as follows:

	Group		Company
2022	2021	2022	2021
£m	£m	£m	£m
136.2	138.2	130.8	134.3
24.8	39.9	23.7	37.8
(6.5)	_	_	_
(26.2)	(41.9)	(26.2)	(41.3)
128.3	136.2	128.3	130.8
	136.2 24.8 (6.5) (26.2)	2022 2021 £m £m 136.2 138.2 24.8 39.9 (6.5) – (26.2) (41.9)	2022 2021 2022 £m £m £m 136.2 138.2 130.8 24.8 39.9 23.7 (6.5) - - (26.2) (41.9) (26.2)

Previous economic assessments of RDHI had forecasted a lower expected decrease for 2022/23 than the most recent forecast's output of 2.2%. If our assessment of the future reduction in RDHI had been lower at 1.5%, the expected credit loss in the year would have been £3.2 million lower. Similarly, if our assessment of the future change in RDHI had been higher at 2.9%, the expected credit loss in the year would have been £3.2 million higher.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

5 Revenue from contracts with customers - Group

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Water and waste water services	1,759.0	1,666.9
Renewable energy	44.4	27.4
Other services	5.5	5.2
Turnover	1,808.9	1,699.5
Finance income	2.9	2.3
	1,811.8	1,701.8

Revenue from water and waste water services provided to customers with meters is recognised when the service is provided and is measured based on actual meter readings and estimated consumption for the period between the last meter reading and the year end. For customers who are not metered, the performance obligation is to stand ready to provide water and waste water services throughout the period. Such customers are charged on an annual basis, coterminous with the financial year, and revenue is recognised on a straight-line basis over the financial year.

Deferred income arising from connections to the Group's water and waste water networks represents a contract liability and is recognised in line with the Group's accounting policy set out in note 2 and the judgment described in note 4. Changes in the Group's contract liabilities from deferred income were as follows:

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
At 1 April	1,259.1	1,188.3
Contributions and grants received	42.7	41.4
Assets transferred at no cost	62.6	44.9
Amounts released to income statement	(17.4)	(15.5)
Disposal of Hafren Dyfrdwy	(14.3)	_
At 31 March	1,332.7	1,259.1

Revenue amounting to £17.4 million (2021: £15.5 million) that was included in the opening balance of the contract liability was recognised in the income statement during the year. No revenue was recognised in the year from performance obligations relating to connections to the Group's water and waste water networks that were satisfied or partially satisfied in previous years (2021: nil).

Payments for infrastructure charges and other charges relating to connection to the networks occur when the connections are made. The performance obligations, including provision of an ongoing water and waste water service, are provided over the life of the relevant property.

Revenue from the remaining performance obligations is expected to be recognised as follows:

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
In the next year	15.2	15.1
Between one and five years	60.8	60.4
After more than five years	1,256.7	1,183.6
	1,332.7	1,259.1

For the year ended 31 March 2022

6 Net operating costs - Group

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Wages and salaries	277.6	268.3
Social security costs	29.0	26.4
Pension costs	26.9	26.0
Share based payments	8.0	7.5
Total employee costs	341.5	328.2
Power	113.9	100.0
Raw materials and consumables	67.2	62.0
Rates	83.3	81.6
Charge for bad and doubtful debts	24.8	39.9
Service charges	36.5	38.6
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	349.9	331.7
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	2.1	2.0
Amortisation of intangible assets	33.4	31.3
Hired and contracted services	203.8	198.9
Rental charges		
- land and buildings	-	0.1
Hire of plant and machinery	8.1	6.9
Profit on disposal of tangible fixed assets	(7.6)	(3.2)
Exchange losses/(gains)	0.3	(0.2)
Infrastructure maintenance expenditure	198.2	151.0
Ofwat licence fees	4.9	4.5
Other operating costs	50.0	49.4
Other operating income	(3.8)	(2.1)
	1,506.5	1,420.6
Own work capitalised	(188.4)	(179.0)
	1,318.1	1,241.6

During the year the following fees were charged by the auditor:

	Group and Company	
	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Fees payables to the Company's auditor for:		
- the audit of the Company's annual accounts	0.3	0.3
Total audit fees	0.3	0.3
Fees payables to the Company's auditor and its associates for other services to the Group:		
- audit related assurance services	0.1	0.1
- other assurance services	0.1	0.1
Total non-audit fees	0.2	0.2

Other assurance services also include certain agreed upon procedures performed by Deloitte in connection with regulatory reporting requirements to Ofwat.

Severn Trent Water Limited

Notes to the Group and Company financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

7 Reduction in expected credit loss on loans receivable - Group

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Share of net losses of joint venture	-	4.9

Following a refinancing exercise between Water Plus and both its joint venture partners, in the previous year the loan receivable from Water Plus was novated from the Company to Severn Trent Plc. The Group and Company therefore recognised a gain on impairment provision of £4.9 million in the prior year, included within adjusted results given the refinancing was required in the ordinary course of business.

8 Employee numbers – Group and Company

Average number of employees (including Executive Directors) during the year:

Company		Group	
2021	2022	2021	2022
r Number	Number	Number	Number
6,526	6,666	6,658	6,803

9 Directors' interests and remuneration - Group and Company

a) Directors' interests

All of the Directors as at the end of the year are also Directors of Severn Trent Plc, the ultimate parent undertaking, and their interests in the share capital of that Company are disclosed in the Severn Trent Plc Annual Report and Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2022. Share options were granted and exercised in accordance with the Severn Trent Sharesave Scheme as appropriate.

The Executive Directors have further interests in Severn Trent Plc ordinary shares of 97¹⁷/₁₉ p each by virtue of having received contingent awards of shares under the Severn Trent Long Term Incentive Plan (LTIP), deferred shares under the Severn Trent Annual Bonus Scheme.

The individual interests, which represent the maximum aggregate number of shares to which each individual could become entitled, are disclosed in the Annual Report and Accounts of Severn Trent Plc for the year ended 31 March 2022.

b) Directors' remuneration

The following table shows the remuneration due to directors for their services to the Company during the year:

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Short term employee benefits	3.4	3.1
Share based payment	3.3	1.9
	6.7	5.0

The emoluments of the non-executive directors are paid by Severn Trent Plc.

There were no retirement benefits accruing to directors (2021: nil) under a defined benefit scheme and one director (2021: one director) under a defined contribution scheme.

Two directors (2021: two directors) exercised share options or received LTIP awards which vested during the year.

c) Highest paid director

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Aggregate emoluments (excluding pension contributions)	3.9	2.8

The highest paid director at 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021 was not a member of the defined benefit pension scheme.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

10 Finance income - Group

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Interest income earned on:		
Bank deposits	0.1	0.1
Amounts due from group undertakings	1.3	0.1
Other finance income	1.5	2.1
Total interest receivable	2.9	2.3
Interest income on defined benefit scheme assets	52.8	57.3
	55.7	59.6

11 Finance costs - Group

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Interest expense charged on:		
Bank loans and overdrafts	16.4	11.2
Other loans	234.7	158.4
Lease liabilities	3.8	4.0
Amounts payable to group undertakings	0.2	0.9
Total borrowing costs	255.1	174.5
Other finance expenses	0.3	0.2
Interest cost on defined benefit scheme liabilities	59.3	62.5
	314.7	237.2

Borrowing costs of £34.2 million (2021: £30.4 million) incurred funding eligible capital projects have been capitalised at an interest rate of 4.34% (2021: 2.44%). Tax relief of £6.4 million (2021: £5.8 million) was claimed on these costs which was credited to the income statement, offset by a related deferred tax charge of £8.4 million (2021: £5.8 million).

For the year ended 31 March 2022

12 Net gains on financial instruments - Group

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Loss on swaps used as hedging instruments in fair value hedges	(1.0)	(8.0)
Gain arising on debt in fair value hedges	1.6	4.2
Exchange (loss)/gain on other loans	(6.6)	14.8
Loss on cash flow hedges transferred from equity	(7.1)	(8.5)
Hedge ineffectiveness on cash flow hedges	(0.6)	(1.9)
Gain/(loss) arising on swaps where hedge accounting is not applied	51.4	(8.2)
Amortisation of fair value adjustment on debt	1.2	1.2
Gain on revaluation of investment	13.9	11.2
	52.8	4.8

The net loss on financial assets and liabilities mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss was £50.4 million (2021: loss of £16.2 million). There were no financial assets or liabilities designated as at fair value through the profit or loss (2021: nil).

The Group's hedge accounting arrangements are described in note 36.

13 Taxation - Group

a) Analysis of tax charge in the year

	2021
£m	£m
(3.2)	28.3
(3.9)	(3.4)
(7.1)	24.9
65.5	26.1
2.3	0.1
67.8	26.2
289.2	_
357.0	26.2
349.9	51.1
	(3.2) (3.9) (7.1) 65.5 2.3 67.8 289.2 357.0

b) Factors affecting the tax charge in the year

The Group tax charge for the current year is higher (2021: lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021: 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2022 £m	2021 £m
Profit before taxation	284.6	290.0
Tax at standard rate of corporation tax in the UK 19% (2021: 19%)	54.1	55.1
Tax effect of depreciation on non-qualifying assets	1.5	3.5
Permanent impact of super deduction	(5.3)	_
Other permanent differences	(3.6)	(4.2)
Current year impact of rate change	15.6	_
Exceptional deferred tax charge arising from rate change	289.2	_
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(1.6)	(3.3)
Total tax charge	349.9	51.1

For the year ended 31 March 2022

13 Taxation – Group (continued)

b) Factors affecting the tax charge in the year (continued)

The Group current tax charge is lower (2021: lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021: 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Profit before taxation	284.6	290.0
Tax at standard rate of corporation tax in the UK 19% (2021: 19%)	54.1	55.1
Tax effect of depreciation on non-qualifying assets	1.5	3.5
Permanent impact of super deduction	(5.3)	_
Other permanent differences	(3.6)	(4.2)
Tax effect of accelerated capital allowances	(41.2)	(20.4)
Other timing differences	(8.7)	(5.7)
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(3.9)	(3.4)
Total current tax charge	(7.1)	24.9

The most significant factor impacting the Group's current tax charge is the difference between the depreciation charged on property, plant and equipment in the financial statements and the amount deductible from taxable profits in the form of capital allowances. Where the assets qualify for capital allowances this creates a temporary difference and deferred tax is recognised on the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the amount that will be deductible for tax purposes in future years. Changes in the amount of deferred tax recognised on these assets are charged or credited to deferred tax in the income statement. Where the cumulative amount of the capital allowances received is greater than the depreciation charged this is referred to as accelerated capital allowances.

On 3 March 2021, the UK Government announced the introduction of a capital allowance 'super deduction' which gives an inyear capital allowance of 130% on the cost of plant and machinery qualifying for the relief and an acceleration of capital allowances on the cost of assets qualifying for special rate allowances. The introduction of these changes mean the Group is eligible to claim more capital allowances in the current period to the extent that the Group will not be liable to pay corporation tax for the period.

Certain of the Group's property, plant and equipment assets are not eligible for capital allowances under current legislation. Therefore there is no tax deduction that corresponds to the depreciation charged on these assets and deferred tax is not recognised in respect of this permanent difference.

The 30% allowance in excess of the cost of assets qualifying for the super deduction will never be charged as depreciation in the financial statements and therefore this represents a permanent difference between profits recognised in the income statement and taxable profits.

Other permanent differences comprise expenditure that is not deductible for tax purposes or income that is not taxable.

Other timing differences comprise items other than depreciation of property, plant and equipment where the amount is included in the tax computation in a different period from when it is recognised in the income statement. Deferred tax is provided on these items.

Temporary differences are reflected at 19% in current tax and 25% in deferred tax. The deferred tax impact is £15.6 million higher than the current tax benefit and this results in a higher total tax charge.

The amounts included for tax liabilities in the financial statements include estimates and judgments relating to uncertain tax positions. If the computations subsequently submitted to HMRC include different amounts then these differences are reflected as an adjustment in respect of prior years in the subsequent financial statements.

Deferred tax is provided at 25%, the rate that is expected to apply when the asset or liability is expected to be settled. Further details are provided in note 27.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

13 Taxation – Group (continued)

c) Tax (credited)/charged directly to other comprehensive income or equity

In addition to the amount charged to the income statement, the following amounts of tax have been (credited)/charged directly to other comprehensive income or equity:

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Current tax		
Share based payments	_	(0.4)
Pension contributions in prior periods	_	_
Total current tax credited to other comprehensive income or equity	_	(0.4)
Deferred tax		
Actuarial gains/losses	47.1	(30.7)
Cash flow hedges	12.3	6.0
Share based payments	(4.7)	(0.4)
Rate change	(7.1)	_
Transfers to the income statement	1.8	1.6
Total deferred tax charged/(credited) to other comprehensive income or equity	49.4	(23.5)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

14 Distributions in the year - Group and Company

In July 2021 the Company paid a cash dividend of £150 million.

On 31 March 2022 the Company declared and paid two dividends in specie comprising:

- The entire issued share capital of Hafren Dyfrdwy Cyfyngedig
- An intra-group loan receivable from Hafren Dyfrdwy Cyfyngedig

Total distributions in the year are below:

		Group	Group		Group		Group		Group Com		Company
	202	2 2021	2022	2021							
			£m	£m							
Cash dividend	150.0	64.0	150.0	64.0							
Dividend in specie	205.	I –	270.0	_							
Total distributions in the year	355.	64.0	420.0	64.0							

Cash dividends recognised as distributions to equity holders in the period:

		2022		2022		2021	
	Pence per		Pence per				
	share	£m	share	£m			
Interim dividend for the year ended 31 March	12.0	150.0	6.4	64.0			

Dividend in specie - Group

The dividend in specie in the Group financial statements was recorded at the carrying value of the net assets of Hafren Dyfrdwy Cyfyngedig that were derecognised:

	£m
Other intangible assets	6.0
Property, plant and equipment	243.1
Retirement benefit surplus	17.5
Inventory	0.8
Trade and other receivables	32.9
Cash and cash equivalents	0.6
Borrowings	(3.7)
Trade and other payables	(59.4)
Current tax payable	(1.8)
Deferred tax	(26.0)
Provisions for liabilities	(4.9)
Total	205.1

Dividends in specie - Company

The dividends in specie were recorded in the Company financial statements at the book values of the investments distributed being £237.0 million and £33.0 million respectively.

	2022
	£m
Investment in share capital of Hafren Dyfrdwy Cyfyngedig	237.0
Loan due from Hafren Dyfrdwy Cyfyngedig	33.0
Total distributions in the year	270.0

For the year ended 31 March 2022

15 Goodwill - Group

Goodwill impairment tests

Goodwill relates to the whole of the Group's operations and cannot be allocated at a lower level.

A summary of the carrying amount of goodwill is presented below.

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Severn Trent Water Group	63.5	63.5

The Group also has an intangible asset with indefinite useful life amounting to £4.3 million (2021: £4.3 million).

On 1 July 2018 the Instruments of Appointment of Severn Trent Water Limited and Hafren Dyfrdwy Cyfyngedig (formerly Dee Valley Water Limited) were amended to align the areas for which the appointments were made with the national border between England and Wales. As a result, the business that the goodwill related to was partly in Severn Trent Water and partly Hafren Dyfrdwy. Upon disposal of Hafren Dyfrdwy from the Group, it was assessed for there to be no systematic basis for allocating the goodwill between the two entities. Consequently, this has been treated as wholly attributable to Severn Trent Water and has been assessed for impairment as such.

The Group has reviewed the carrying value of goodwill for impairment in accordance with the policy stated in note 2. The carrying value of the Group was determined on the basis of fair value, through a Level 3 valuation, less costs to sell.

The fair value, determined using a discounted cash flow calculation for the Group is based on the most recent financial projections available for the business, which cover the five year period to 31 March 2027.

The key assumptions underlying these projections are the cash flows in the projections and the following:

	<u>%</u>
Discount rate	5.4
RPI long-term inflation	3.0
CPI long-term inflation	2.0
Growth rate in the period beyond the detailed projections	1.5

The discount rate, used in the discounted cash flow calculation, was an estimate for the weighted average cost of capital at the year end date based on the nominal post-tax WACC detailed in the Ofwat PR19 final determination and updated for subsequent changes in market conditions. The rate disclosed above is the equivalent pre-tax nominal rate.

Inflation has been included in the detailed projections at 3.0% and 2.0% for RPI and CPI respectively based on the Bank of England's target rate for CPI.

Cash flows beyond the end of the five-year period are extrapolated using an assumed real growth rate of 1.5% in the Group's regulatory capital base, based on past experience.

The fair value less costs to sell for the Group exceeded its carrying value by £4,869 million. An increase in the discount rate to 6.4% or a reduction in the growth rate in the period beyond the detailed projections to 0.7% would reduce the recoverable amount to the carrying amount of the Group.

Severn Trent Water Limited Notes to the Group and Company financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2022

16 Other intangible assets - Group and Company

Group

	Comp	Computer software Capitalised			
	Internally generated	Purchased	development costs, patents and other rights	Instrument of appointment	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Cost					
At 1 April 2020	271.2	153.2	12.0	4.3	440.7
Additions	10.3	11.4	_	_	21.7
Disposals	(8.9)	(1.8)	_	_	(10.7)
Transfers from property, plant and equipment	22.2	_	_	_	22.2
At 1 April 2021	294.8	162.8	12.0	4.3	473.9
Additions	21.4	14.6	_	_	36.0
Disposals	_	_	(12.0)	_	(12.0)
Transfers from property, plant and equipment	11.3	3.0	1.3	_	15.6
Disposal of Hafren Dyfrdwy	(9.6)	_	_	_	(9.6)
At 31 March 2022	317.9	180.4	1.3	4.3	503.9
Amortisation					
At 1 April 2020	(201.0)	(107.2)	(12.0)	_	(320.2)
Amortisation for the year	(19.2)	(12.1)	_	_	(31.3)
Disposals	8.9	1.8	_	_	10.7
At 1 April 2021	(211.3)	(117.5)	(12.0)	_	(340.8)
Amortisation for the year	(24.7)	(8.7)	_	_	(33.4)
Disposals	_	_	12.0	_	12.0
Disposal of Hafren Dyfrdwy	3.6	_	_	_	3.6
At 31 March 2022	(232.4)	(126.2)	_	_	(358.6)
Net book value					
At 31 March 2022	85.5	54.2	1.3	4.3	145.3
At 31 March 2021	83.5	45.3	_	4.3	133.1

Severn Trent Water Limited Notes to the Group and Company financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2022

16 Other intangible assets – Group and Company (continued)

Company

Company			Capitalised	
	Con	Computer software		
	Internally generated	Purchased	patents and other rights	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Cost				
At 1 April 2020	261.6	153.2	12.0	426.8
Additions	10.3	11.4	_	21.7
Disposals	(8.9)	(1.8)	_	(10.7)
Transfers from property, plant and equipment	22.2	_	_	22.2
At 1 April 2021	285.2	162.8	12.0	460.0
Additions	21.4	14.6	_	36.0
Disposals	_	_	(12.0)	(12.0)
Transfers from property, plant and equipment	11.3	3.0	1.3	15.6
At 31 March 2022	317.9	180.4	1.3	499.6
Amortisation				
At 1 April 2020	(199.4)	(107.2)	(12.0)	(318.6)
Amortisation for the year	(18.2)	(12.0)	_	(30.2)
Disposals	8.9	1.8	_	10.7
At 1 April 2021	(208.7)	(117.4)	(12.0)	(338.1)
Amortisation for the year	(23.7)	(8.7)	_	(32.4)
Disposals	_	_	12.0	12.0
At 31 March 2022	(232.4)	(126.1)	_	(358.5)
Net book value				
At 31 March 2022	85.5	54.3	1.3	141.1
At 31 March 2021	76.5	45.4	_	121.9

For the year ended 31 March 2022

17 Property, plant and equipment – Group and Company Group

Land and	Infrastructure	Fixed plant and	Moveable	Assets under	
_			•		Total
£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
,	·	·		·	14,985.8
119.5	108.8	221.7	6.2	200.7	656.9
144.2	166.7	257.8	2.5	(571.2)	_
(5.1)	_	(31.7)	(3.8)	_	(40.6)
		_	_	(22.2)	(22.2)
3,911.9	5,773.1	4,741.7	71.5	1,081.7	15,579.9
57.5	129.9	129.8	0.4	371.7	689.3
131.5	87.6	310.9	12.1	(542.1)	_
(3.7)	_	(8.9)	(4.9)	(3.1)	(20.6)
_	_	_	_	(15.6)	(15.6)
(43.5)	(129.2)	(94.1)	_	(32.6)	(299.4)
4,053.7	5,861.4	5,079.4	79.1	860.0	15,933.6
(1,444.1)	(1,393.5)	(2,711.0)	(35.7)	_	(5,584.6)
(91.7)	(41.0)	(193.1)	(5.9)	_	(331.7)
5.0	_	31.7	3.6	_	40.4
(1,531.1)	(1,434.5)	(2,872.4)	(38.0)	_	(5,876.0)
(96.6)	(40.8)	(205.4)	(7.1)	_	(349.9)
3.5	_	8.1	4.6	_	16.2
2.6	13.2	40.5	_	_	56.3
(1,621.6)	(1,462.1)	(3,029.2)	(40.5)	-	(6,153.4)
2,432.1	4,399.3	2,050.2	38.6	860.0	9,780.2
2,380.8	4,338.6	1,869.3	33.5	1,081.7	9,703.9
	3,653.3 119.5 144.2 (5.1) 3,911.9 57.5 131.5 (3.7) (43.5) 4,053.7 (1,444.1) (91.7) 5.0 (1,531.1) (96.6) 3.5 2.6 (1,621.6)	buildings assets £m £m 3,653.3 5,497.6 119.5 108.8 144.2 166.7 (5.1) — — — 3,911.9 5,773.1 57.5 129.9 131.5 87.6 (3.7) — — — (43.5) (129.2) 4,053.7 5,861.4 (1,444.1) (1,393.5) (91.7) (41.0) 5.0 — (1,531.1) (1,434.5) (96.6) (40.8) 3.5 — 2.6 13.2 (1,621.6) (1,462.1)	Land and buildings Infrastructure assets and equipment £m £m £m 3,653.3 5,497.6 4,293.9 119.5 108.8 221.7 144.2 166.7 257.8 (5.1) — (31.7) — — — 3,911.9 5,773.1 4,741.7 57.5 129.9 129.8 131.5 87.6 310.9 (3.7) — (8.9) — — — (43.5) (129.2) (94.1) 4,053.7 5,861.4 5,079.4 (1,444.1) (1,393.5) (2,711.0) (91.7) (41.0) (193.1) 5.0 — 31.7 (1,531.1) (1,434.5) (2,872.4) (96.6) (40.8) (205.4) 3.5 — 8.1 2.6 13.2 40.5 (1,621.6) (1,462.1) (3,029.2)	Land and buildings Infrastructure assets equipment Moveable plant £m £m £m £m 3,653.3 5,497.6 4,293.9 66.6 119.5 108.8 221.7 6.2 144.2 166.7 257.8 2.5 (5.1) — (31.7) (3.8) — — — — 3,911.9 5,773.1 4,741.7 71.5 57.5 129.9 129.8 0.4 131.5 87.6 310.9 12.1 (3.7) — (8.9) (4.9) — — — — (43.5) (129.2) (94.1) — 4,053.7 5,861.4 5,079.4 79.1 (1,444.1) (1,393.5) (2,711.0) (35.7) (91.7) (41.0) (193.1) (5.9) 5.0 — 31.7 3.6 (1,531.1) (1,434.5) (2,872.4) (38.0) (96.6)<	Land and buildings Infrastructure assets £m £m

Additions include assets transferred from developers at no cost, which have been recognised at their fair value of £62.6 million (2021: £44.9 million).

For the year ended 31 March 2022

17 Property, plant and equipment - Group and Company (continued)

Company

	Land and	Infrastructure	Fixed plant and	Moveable	Assets under	
	buildings	assets	equipment	plant	construction	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Cost						
At 1 April 2020	3,409.6	5,370.4	4,214.9	66.5	1,431.6	14,493.0
Additions	116.8	108.4	219.8	6.2	188.4	639.6
Transfers on commissioning	141.7	166.4	253.3	2.5	(563.9)	_
Disposals	(5.1)	_	(31.6)	(3.8)	_	(40.5)
Transfers to intangible assets	_	_	_	_	(22.2)	(22.2)
At 1 April 2021	3,663.0	5,645.2	4,656.4	71.4	1,033.9	15,069.9
Additions	56.5	129.5	128.6	0.4	360.7	675.7
Transfers on commissioning	114.5	86.7	302.6	12.1	(515.9)	_
Disposals	(3.7)	_	(8.2)	(4.8)	(3.1)	(19.8)
Transfers to intangible assets	_	_	_		(15.6)	(15.6)
At 31 March 2022	3,830.3	5,861.4	5,079.4	79.1	860.0	15,710.2
Depreciation						
At 1 April 2020	(1,379.5)	(1,382.6)	(2,679.9)	(35.7)	-	(5,477.7)
Charge for the year	(86.5)	(39.7)	(188.2)	(5.9)	_	(320.3)
Disposals	5.0	_	31.6	3.6	-	40.2
At 1 April 2021	(1,461.0)	(1,422.3)	(2,836.5)	(38.0)	_	(5,757.8)
Charge for the year	(91.6)	(39.8)	(200.8)	(7.1)	_	(339.3)
Disposals	3.5	_	8.1	4.6	_	16.2
At 31 March 2022	(1,549.1)	(1,462.1)	(3,029.2)	(40.5)	_	(6,080.9)
Net book value						
At 31 March 2022	2,281.2	4,399.3	2,050.2	38.6	860.0	9,629.3
At 31 March 2021	2,202.0	4,222.9	1,819.9	33.4	1,033.9	9,312.1

Additions include assets transferred from developers at no cost, which have been recognised at their fair value of £62.6 million (2021: £44.9 million).

The net book value of land and buildings is analysed as follows:

Group

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Freehold	2,431.8	2,380.5
Short leasehold	0.3	0.3
	2,432.1	2,380.8
Company		

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Freehold	2,280.9	2,201.7
Short leasehold	0.3	0.3
	2,281.2	2,202.0

For the year ended 31 March 2022

18 Leases

a) The Group's leasing activities

The Group and Company leases various properties, equipment and vehicles. Lease agreements are typically made for fixed periods of up to 999 years but may have extension options as described in note 2h).

Lease contracts are negotiated on an individual basis and include a wide range of terms and conditions. The contracts do not include covenants other than security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor and leased assets may not be used as security for other borrowing. The contracts do not impose any restrictions on dividend payment, additional debt or further leasing. There were no sale and leaseback transactions in the period.

b) Income statement

The income statement includes the following amounts relating to leases for the year ended 31 March 2022:

	Grou	
	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets:		
Land and buildings	0.5	0.5
Infrastructure assets	1.1	1.2
Fixed plant and equipment	0.2	0.3
Moveable plant	0.3	_
Total depreciation of right-of-use assets	2.1	2.0
Interest expense included in finance cost	3.8	4.0
Expense relating to leases of low-value assets included in operating costs	-	0.2

c) Balance sheet

The balance sheet includes the following amounts relating to leases:

		Group		
	2022	2022 2021	2022	2021
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Right-of-use assets:				
Land and buildings	4.8	3.0	155.7	157.4
Infrastructure assets	111.5	112.6	359.4	374.2
Fixed plant and equipment	3.4	3.6	3.1	3.3
Moveable plant	0.1	-	0.4	0.3
	119.8	119.2	518.6	535.2

Additions to right-of-use assets for the Group were £2.7 million (2021: £0.5 million) and for the Company were £2.7 million (2021: £273.9 million).

		Group		
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£m	£m £m		£m
Lease liabilities:				
Current	5.8	5.3	22.1	20.8
Non-current	103.0	106.5	524.4	545.4
	108.8	111.8	546.5	566.2

For the year ended 31 March 2022

18 Leases (continued)

c) Balance sheet (continued)

Obligations under lease liabilities are as follows:

	Group			Company
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Within 1 year	9.4	9.1	40.7	39.6
1 - 2 years	10.0	9.3	41.2	39.7
2 - 5 years	33.7	31.5	127.5	122.8
After more than 5 years	86.5	96.8	514.8	544.4
Gross obligations under finance leases	139.6	146.7	724.2	746.5
Less: future finance charges	(30.8)	(34.9)	(177.7)	(180.3)
Present value of lease obligations	108.8	111.8	546.5	566.2

Net obligations under leases were as follows:

		Group		Company	
	2022	2022 2021	2022	2021	
	£m	£m	£m	£m	
Within 1 year	5.8	5.3	22.1	20.8	
1 - 2 years	6.4	5.8	23.5	21.7	
2 - 5 years	24.8	22.0	79.2	72.4	
After more than 5 years	71.8	78.7	421.7	451.3	
Included in non-current liabilities	103.0	106.5	524.4	545.4	
	108.8	111.8	546.5	566.2	

d) Cash flow

The Group's total cash outflow for leases in the year was £13.2 million (2021: £8.5 million) which consists of £3.8 million (2021: £3.9 million) payment of interest and £9.4 million (2021: £4.6 million) repayment of principal elements.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

19 Investments

	Group			Company
	Other investments £m	Subsidiaries £m	Other investments £m	Total £m
At 1 April 2021	1,550.1	630.8	1,550.1	2,180.9
Gain on revaluation	13.9	_	13.9	13.9
Disposals	_	(237.0)	-	(237.0)
At 31 March 2022	1,564.0	393.8	1,564.0	1,957.8

The disposal in the year related to Hafren Dyfrdwy Cyfyngedig. The entire share capital was transferred to the Company's immediate parent, Severn Trent Draycote Limited on 31 March 2022 through completion of a dividend in specie (see note 14).

The Company has the following subsidiary undertakings:

Subsidiary undertaking	Country of operation and incorporation	Principal activity	Percentage and class of share capital held
Aqua Deva Limited	England and Wales	Dormant company	100% ordinary
Chester Water Limited	England and Wales	Holding company	100% ordinary
Dee Valley Group Limited	England and Wales	Holding company	100% ordinary
Dee Valley Limited	England and Wales	Holding company	100% ordinary
Dee Valley Services Limited	England and Wales	Dormant company	100% ordinary
Dee Valley Water (Holdings) Limited	England and Wales	Holding company	100% ordinary
East Worcester Water Limited	England and Wales	Finance company	100% ordinary and 100% non-voting
Energy Supplies UK Limited	England and Wales	Dormant company	100% ordinary
North Wales Gas Limited	England and Wales	Dormant company	100% ordinary
Northern Gas Supplies Limited	England and Wales	Dormant company	100% ordinary
Severn Trent Funding Limited	England and Wales	Dormant company	100% ordinary
Severn Trent General Partnership Limited	Scotland	Finance company	100% ordinary
Severn Trent LCP Limited	England and Wales	Finance company	100% ordinary
Severn Trent Leasing Limited	England and Wales	Leasing company	100% ordinary
Severn Trent Reservoirs Limited	England and Wales	Finance company	100% ordinary
Severn Trent Utilities Finance Plc	England and Wales	Finance company	100% ordinary
Severn Trent WWIF Limited	England and Wales	Trading company	100% ordinary
Wrexham Water Limited	England and Wales	Dormant company	100% ordinary

The Company has the following investment:

, ,			
	Country of operation and		Percentage and class of share
Associated undertaking	incorporation	Principal activity	capital held
Severn Trent Trimpley Limited	England and Wales	Non-trading company	49% ordinary

The Company also has an indirect investment in Severn Trent Limited Partnership and Severn Trent 2017 Limited Partnership, limited partnerships registered in Scotland, as a result of Severn Trent General Partnership Limited being the general partner in each partnership.

In the opinion of the Directors the fair values of the Company's investments are not less than the amount at which they are stated in the balance sheet.

Unless stated below, the registered office of the aforementioned entities is Severn Trent Centre, 2 St John's Street, Coventry, CV1 2LZ, United Kingdom.

The registered office of Dee Valley Limited is Packsaddle, Wrexham Road, Rhostyllen, Wrexham, LL14 4EH.

The registered office of Severn Trent General Partnership Limited is 50 Lothian Road, Festival Square, Edinburgh, EH3 9WJ.

Severn Trent Water Limited Notes to the Group and Company financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2022

20 Categories of financial assets - Group

		2022	2021
Fair value through modit and loss	Note	£m	£m
Fair value through profit and loss Cross currency swaps - not hedge accounted		13.7	16.6
Interest rate swaps - not hedge accounted		2.9	10.0
Investments	19	1,564.0	1,550.1
	19	1,580.6	1,566.7
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments		1,00010	1,000.1
Cross currency swaps - fair value hedges		14.6	15.9
Energy hedges - cash flow hedges		27.6	8.4
Energy heages cash non heages		42.2	24.3
Total financial assets at fair value		1,622.8	1,591.0
Financial assets at amortised cost		-,	.,
Trade receivables	21	199.5	202.0
Accrued income	21	248.1	198.6
Other amounts receivable	21	41.3	26.1
Amounts due from parent company	21	226.0	104.0
Amounts due from group undertakings	21	71.9	9.7
Short-term deposits	21	75.0	_
Cash at bank and in hand		2.8	12.1
Total financial assets at amortised cost		864.6	552.5
Total financial assets		2,487.4	2,143.5
Disclosed in the balance sheet as:			
Non-current assets			
Derivative financial assets		31.2	37.1
Trade and other receivables		227.1	52.0
Investments		1,564.0	1,550.1
		1,822.3	1,639.2
Current assets		•	•
Derivative financial assets		27.6	3.8
Trade and other receivables		559.7	488.4
Cash and cash equivalents		77.8	12.1
		665.1	504.3
		2,487.4	2,143.5

For the year ended 31 March 2022

21 Trade and other receivables

	Group			Company
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Current assets				
Net trade receivables	199.5	202.0	199.5	194.1
Other amounts receivable	41.3	26.1	41.3	58.2
Prepayments	17.0	14.3	17.0	13.9
Net accrued income	248.1	198.6	248.1	194.3
Receivables from parent company	_	52.0	_	52.0
Receivables due from group undertakings	70.6	9.7	71.6	24.3
Receivables due from group undertakings under finance leases	_	_	0.7	0.8
Receivables due from group undertakings under loan agreements	0.2	_	0.2	3.3
	576.7	502.7	578.4	540.9
Non-current assets				
Prepayments	1.2	1.6	1.2	1.4
Receivables due from group undertakings	1.1	_	1.1	_
Receivables due from group undertakings under finance leases	_	_	95.8	96.5
Receivables due from parent company under loan agreements	226.0	52.0	226.0	52.0
Receivables due from group undertakings under loan agreements	_	_	_	33.1
	228.3	53.6	324.1	183.0
	805.0	556.3	902.5	723.9

The carrying values of trade and other receivables are reasonable approximations of their fair values.

a) Credit risk

i) Trade receivables and accrued income

The Company has a statutory obligation to provide water and sewerage services to customers within its region. Therefore there is no concentration of credit risk with respect to its trade receivables and the credit quality of its customer base reflects the wealth and prosperity of all of the domestic households within the Severn Trent Water region.

In the current and prior year, Water Plus, a joint venture between Severn Trent and United Utilities, was the largest retailer for business customers in the Severn Trent Water region. Credit risk is considered separately for trade receivables due from Water Plus and is considered immaterial as amounts outstanding are paid within 30 days.

The Group applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses, which uses a lifetime expected credit loss allowance for all trade receivables and accrued income.

A collective provision is recorded for expected credit losses against assets for which no specific provision has been made. Expected credit losses for trade receivables are based on the historical credit losses experienced over the last nine years and reasonable supportable information on the future impact of external economic factors on the Group's collection of trade receivables.

Debts are written off when there is no realistic expectation of further collection and enforcement activity has ceased. There were no amounts outstanding on receivables written off and still subject to enforcement activity (2021: nil).

For the year ended 31 March 2022

21 Trade and other receivables (continued)

b) Expected credit loss allowance - trade receivables and accrued income

The expected credit loss at 31 March 2022 and 2021 was as set out below. The expected loss rate disclosed is calculated as the loss allowance as a proportion of the gross carrying amount.

Group

2022	Expected loss rate	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance	Net carrying amount
	%	£m	£m	£m
Not past due	4	295.5	(11.4)	284.1
Up to 1 year past due	25	86.2	(21.6)	64.6
1 - 2 years past due	39	60.7	(23.6)	37.1
2 - 3 years past due	42	37.2	(15.5)	21.7
3 - 4 years past due	54	30.5	(16.6)	13.9
4 - 5 years past due	50	24.5	(12.3)	12.2
5 - 6 years past due	53	15.2	(8.1)	7.1
6 - 7 years past due	64	10.6	(6.8)	3.8
7 - 8 years past due	71	6.9	(4.9)	2.0
8 - 9 years past due	67	3.3	(2.2)	1.1
More than 9 years past due	100	5.3	(5.3)	_
		575.9	(128.3)	447.6

2021	Expected loss rate	Gross carrying amount	Loss Allowance	Net carrying amount
	%	£m	£m	£m
Not past due	6	262.1	(14.3)	247.8
Up to 1 year past due	30	81.9	(24.6)	57.3
1 – 2 years past due	44	56.5	(24.9)	31.6
2 – 3 years past due	49	43.2	(21.2)	22.0
3 – 4 years past due	47	32.9	(15.4)	17.5
4 – 5 years past due	49	22.1	(10.8)	11.3
5 – 6 years past due	62	16.2	(10.0)	6.2
6 – 7 years past due	62	10.6	(6.6)	4.0
7 – 8 years past due	61	4.9	(3.0)	1.9
8 – 9 years past due	64	2.8	(1.8)	1.0
More than 9 years past due	100	3.6	(3.6)	_
		536.8	(136.2)	400.6

For the year ended 31 March 2022

- 21 Trade and other receivables (continued)
- b) Expected credit loss allowance trade receivables and accrued income (continued)

Company

2022	Expected loss rate	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance	Net carrying amount
	%	£m	£m	£m
Not past due	4	295.5	(11.4)	284.1
Up to 1 year past due	25	86.2	(21.6)	64.6
1 - 2 years past due	39	60.7	(23.6)	37.1
2 - 3 years past due	42	37.2	(15.5)	21.7
3 - 4 years past due	54	30.5	(16.6)	13.9
4 - 5 years past due	50	24.5	(12.3)	12.2
5 - 6 years past due	53	15.2	(8.1)	7.1
6 - 7 years past due	64	10.6	(6.8)	3.8
7 - 8 years past due	71	6.9	(4.9)	2.0
8 - 9 years past due	67	3.3	(2.2)	1.1
More than 9 years past due	100	5.3	(5.3)	
	·	575.9	(128.3)	447.6

2021	Expected loss rate	Gross carrying amount	Loss Allowance	Net carrying amount
	%	£m	£m	£m
Not past due	5	256.6	(13.8)	242.8
Up to 1 year past due	30	78.3	(23.8)	54.5
1 – 2 years past due	44	54.2	(23.6)	30.6
2 – 3 years past due	49	41.2	(20.2)	21.0
3 – 4 years past due	47	31.0	(14.7)	16.3
4 – 5 years past due	49	21.0	(10.3)	10.7
5 – 6 years past due	62	15.6	(9.7)	5.9
6 – 7 years past due	63	10.0	(6.3)	3.7
7 – 8 years past due	61	4.9	(3.0)	1.9
8 – 9 years past due	64	2.8	(1.8)	1.0
More than 9 years past due	100	3.6	(3.6)	_
		519.2	(130.8)	388.4

Movements on the expected credit loss allowance were as follows:

	Group		Company
2022	2021	2022	2021
£m	£m	£m	£m
136.2	138.2	130.8	134.3
24.8	39.9	23.7	37.8
(6.5)	_	_	_
(26.2)	(41.9)	(26.2)	(41.3)
128.3	136.2	128.3	130.8
	136.2 24.8 (6.5) (26.2)	2022 2021 £m £m 136.2 138.2 24.8 39.9 (6.5) – (26.2) (41.9)	2022 2021 2022 £m £m £m 136.2 138.2 130.8 24.8 39.9 23.7 (6.5) - - (26.2) (41.9) (26.2)

Notes to the Group and Company financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

22 Finance lease receivables - Company

Minimum lease payments receivable are as follows:

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Within 1 year	5.7	5.7
1 - 2 years	5.7	5.7
2 - 5 years	17.0	17.0
After more than 5 years	210.2	210.3
Gross obligations under finance leases	238.6	238.7
Less: unearned interest receivable	(142.1)	(141.4)
	96.5	97.3

The present value of minimum lease payments receivable are as follows:

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Within 1 year	0.7	0.8
1 - 2 years	0.8	0.7
2 - 5 years	2.6	2.5
After more than 5 years	92.4	93.3
Included in non-current liabilities	95.8	96.5
	96.5	97.3

The Company considers that the credit risk in relation to these receivables is immaterial and therefore no provision for expected credit losses has been recognised (2021: nil).

The Company has granted finance leases of between 44 and 57 years in respect of concrete settling tanks. The interest terms were set at the inception of the leases. Leases bear interest at a weighted average interest rate of 5.1% (2021: 5.1%).

23 Cash and cash equivalents

		Group		Company
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Cash at bank and in hand	2.8	12.1	0.6	6.3
Short term deposits	75.0	_	75.0	_
	77.8	12.1	75.6	6.3

24 Borrowings

	Group			Company
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Current liabilities				
Bank overdraft	7.7	_	7.7	_
Bank loans	_	228.9	_	228.9
Other loans	250.6	249.0	0.8	1.1
Loans due to parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings	_	_	249.9	249.9
Lease liabilities	5.8	5.3	5.8	5.3
Lease liabilities payable to other group companies	_	_	16.3	15.5
	264.1	483.2	280.5	500.7
Non-current liabilities				
Bank loans	755.7	751.9	755.7	751.9
Other loans	5,275.3	4,928.4	934.6	923.0
Loans due to fellow subsidiary undertakings	_	_	4,882.6	4,529.4
Lease liabilities	103.0	106.5	103.0	106.5
Lease liabilities payable to other group companies	-	_	421.4	438.9
	6,134.0	5,786.8	7,097.3	6,749.7
	6,398.1	6,270.0	7,377.8	7,250.4

See note 35 for details of interest rates payable and maturity of borrowings.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

25 Categories of financial liabilities - Group

	Note	2022 £m	2021 £m
Fair value through profit and loss		2	2111
Cross currency swaps - not hedge accounted		_	0.6
Interest rate swaps - not hedge accounted		37.0	63.9
Inflation swaps - not hedge accounted		3.7	32.1
		40.7	96.6
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments			
Interest rate swaps - cash flow hedges		-	24.9
		-	24.9
Total derivative financial liabilities		40.7	121.5
Other financial liabilities			
Borrowings	24	6,398.1	6,270.0
Trade payables	26	76.8	41.0
Other payables	26	7.1	8.9
Amounts due to parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings	26	57.3	5.8
Total other financial liabilities		6,539.3	6,325.7
Total financial liabilities		6,580.0	6,447.2
Disclosed in the balance sheet as:			
Non-current liabilities			
Derivative financial liabilities		40.7	121.5
Borrowings		6,134.0	5,786.8
Other payables		0.1	0.2
		6,174.8	5,908.5
Current liabilities			
Borrowings		264.1	483.2
Trade payables		76.8	41.0
Other payables		7.0	8.7
Amounts due to group undertakings		57.3	5.8
		405.2	538.7
		6,580.0	6,447.2

26 Trade and other payables

	Group			Company	
	2022	2022 2021	2022	2021	
	£m	£m	£m	£m	
Current liabilities					
Trade payables	76.8	41.0	76.8	40.0	
Social security and other taxes	6.6	6.7	6.6	6.6	
Other payables	7.0	8.7	7.5	34.1	
Accruals	485.7	457.6	436.3	396.6	
Deferred income	15.2	15.1	15.2	14.9	
Amounts owed to parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings	57.3	5.8	98.5	63.2	
	648.6	534.9	640.9	555.4	
Non-current liabilities					
Other payables	0.1	0.2	_	_	
Accruals	3.0	5.8	3.0	5.8	
Deferred income	1,317.5	1,244.0	1,317.5	1,230.3	
	1,320.6	1,250.0	1,320.5	1,236.1	
	1,969.2	1,784.9	1,961.4	1,791.5	

The Directors consider that the carrying value of trade payables is not materially different from their fair values.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

27 Deferred tax

Group

An analysis of the movements in the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the Group is set out below:

	Accelerated tax depreciation	Retirement benefit obligations	Fair value of financial instruments	Other	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
At 1 April 2020	938.1	2.8	(47.0)	(3.1)	890.8
Charge/(credit) to income	20.9	3.8	1.4	_	26.1
Charge/(credit) to equity	_	(30.6)	7.6	(0.4)	(23.4)
At 1 April 2021	959.0	(24.0)	(38.0)	(3.5)	893.5
Charge/(credit) to income	359.5	2.8	0.9	(6.2)	357.0
Charge/(credit) to equity	_	41.9	12.6	(5.1)	49.4
Disposal of Hafren Dyfrdwy	(22.0)	(4.4)	_	0.4	(26.0)
At 31 March 2022	1,296.5	16.3	(24.5)	(14.4)	1,273.9

Company

An analysis of the movements in the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the Company is set out below:

	Accelerated tax depreciation	Retirement benefit obligations	Fair value of financial instruments	Other	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
At 1 April 2020	923.0	(2.0)	(47.0)	(6.9)	867.1
Charge/(credit) to income	20.2	4.5	1.4	_	26.1
Charge/(credit) to equity	_	(29.8)	7.6	(0.4)	(22.6)
At 1 April 2021	943.2	(27.3)	(38.0)	(7.3)	870.6
Charge/(credit) to income	353.3	2.4	0.9	(7.4)	349.2
Charge/(credit) to equity	_	41.2	12.6	(5.1)	48.7
At 31 March 2022	1,296.5	16.3	(24.5)	(19.8)	1,268.5

The majority of the Group and Company's deferred tax liability is expected to be recovered over more than one year. Deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The offset amounts, which are to be recovered/settled after more than 12 months, are as follows:

Group

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Deferred tax asset	(38.9)	(65.5)
Deferred tax liability	1,312.8	959.0
	1,273.9	893.5

Company

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Deferred tax asset	(44.3)	(72.6)
Deferred tax liability	1,312.8	943.2
	1,268.5	870.6

Deferred tax is provided at the rate that is expected to apply when the asset or liability is expected to be settled. On 3 March 2021, the UK Government announced an increase in the rate of corporation tax from 19% to 25%, effective 1 April 2023. Deferred tax assets and liabilities have therefore been remeasured at 1 April 2021 at the new rate of 25%. This resulted in an exceptional deferred tax charge in the income statement of £287.5 million and a credit to reserves amounting to £7.1 million.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

28 Retirement benefit schemes

a) Defined benefit pension schemes

i) Background

The Group operates a number of defined benefit pension schemes. The Severn Trent Pension Scheme ('STPS') and the Severn Trent Mirror Image Pension Scheme ('STMIPs') closed to future accrual on 31 March 2015, while the Dee Valley Water Limited Section ('DVWS') of the Water Companies Pension Scheme, which is a sectionalised scheme, currently remains open to accrual. The defined benefit pension schemes (the 'Schemes') cover increases in accrued benefits arising from inflation and pension increases. Their assets are held in separate funds administered by trustees. The trustees are required to act in the best interests of the schemes' beneficiaries. A formal actuarial valuation of each Scheme is carried out on behalf of the trustees at triennial intervals by an independent professionally qualified actuary. Under the defined benefit pension schemes, members are entitled to retirement benefits calculated by reference to their pensionable service and pensionable salary history, with inflationary pension increases applying in line with the Scheme rules.

The defined benefit pension schemes and the dates of their last completed formal actuarial valuations as at the accounting date are as follows:

	Date of last formal actuarial valuation
Severn Trent Pension Scheme*	31 March 2019
Severn Trent Mirror Image Pension Scheme	31 March 2019
Water Companies Pension Scheme – Dee Valley Water Limited Section	31 March 2020

^{*} The STPS is by far the largest of the Group's UK defined benefit schemes, comprising over 90% of the Group's overall defined benefit obligations.

The next scheduled format actuarial valuation of the STPS and STMIPS defined benefit pension schemes are being carried out as at 31 March 2022. These will be completed during the financial year ending 31 March 2023.

On 29 June 2021, the Group completed the bulk annuity buy-in of the STMIPS. Severn Trent Water Limited is the only employer in this scheme. As a result of the buy-in, whilst the legal obligation to pay the employee benefits directly as they fall due remains with the Group, the right to reimbursement of such amounts to the Group has been obtained under the insurance policy.

ii) Amounts included in the balance sheet arising from the Group's obligations under defined benefit pension schemes

		Group		Company
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Fair value of assets	2,595.3	2,600.4	2,814.3	2,768.4
Present value of the defined benefit obligations	(2,732.9)	(2,959.8)	(2,732.9)	(2,911.8)
	(137.6)	(359.4)	81.4	(143.4)
Presented on the balance sheet as:				
Retirement benefit obligation – funded schemes in surplus	-	17.1	81.4	_
Retirement benefit obligation – funded schemes in deficit	(137.6)	(376.5)	-	(143.4)
Net retirement benefit (obligation)/surplus	(137.6)	(359.4)	81.4	(143.4)

Notes to the Group and Company financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

- 28 Retirement benefit schemes (continued)
- a) Defined benefit pension schemes (continued)
- ii) Amounts included in the balance sheet arising from the Group's obligations under defined benefit pension schemes (continued)

The Schemes' assets were as follows:

		Group		Company
	2022	2021	2022	2021
STPS, STMIPS, and DVWS	£m	£m	£m	£m
Fair value of scheme assets				
Equities	478.1	493.3	478.1	493.3
Annuity policies	104.6	_	104.6	_
Corporate bonds	953.0	1,047.5	953.0	1,047.5
Liability driven investment funds (LDI)	627.6	629.9	627.6	597.4
Property	296.8	255.1	296.8	255.1
High-yield bonds	_	28.4	_	_
Contributions due from Scottish Limited Partnerships ²	_	_	219.0	233.1
Cash	135.2	146.2	135.2	142.0
	2,595.3	2,600.4	2,814.3	2,768.4

¹ In July 2021, the STMIPS Trustees completed the purchase of a bulk annuity contract with JUST, an insurance company, to secure the benefits of all members of the MIPS. The Trustees continue to pay benefits to members as before the transaction, but these cashflows are now matched exactly by income from JUST.

Most of the assets have quoted prices in active markets, but there are equities, annuity policies, corporate bonds and LDI investments which are unquoted amounting to £496.0 million.

Movements in the fair value of the schemes' assets were as follows:

		Group		Company
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Fair value at 1 April	2,600.4	2,414.1	2,768.4	2,594.2
Interest income on scheme assets	52.8	57.3	51.5	55.7
Contributions paid by the group/company	61.4	37.7	35.6	12.7
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in finance income)	68.9	212.7	68.2	211.8
Scheme administration costs	(3.8)	(3.9)	(3.6)	(3.7)
Benefits paid	(120.3)	(117.5)	(117.3)	(115.0)
Unwind of discount on contribution due from SLPs	_	-	11.5	12.7
Disposal of Hafren Dyfrdwy	(64.1)	_	_	_
Fair value at 31 March	2,595.3	2,600.4	2,814.3	2,768.4

Movements in the present value of the schemes' defined benefit obligations were as follows:

² The Scottish Limited Partnerships are subsidiaries of Severn Trent Water and therefore any movements are eliminated upon consolidation.

Notes to the Group and Company financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

- 28 Retirement benefit schemes (continued)
- a) Defined benefit pension schemes (continued)
- ii) Amounts included in the balance sheet arising from the Group's obligations under defined benefit pension schemes (continued)

		Group		Company
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Present value at 1 April	(2,959.8)	(2,640.2)	(2,911.8)	(2,596.4)
Current Service cost	(0.2)	(0.2)	-	_
Past service cost	-	(0.3)	-	(0.3)
Interest cost	(59.3)	(62.5)	(58.4)	(61.5)
Actuarial gains arising from changes in demographic assumptions	5.6	33.8	5.8	33.2
Actuarial gains/(losses) arising from changes in financial assumptions	192.6	(438.9)	191.4	(432.7)
Actuarial (losses)/gains arising from experience adjustments	(78.7)	31.0	(77.2)	30.9
Benefits paid	120.3	117.5	117.3	115.0
Disposal of Hafren Dyfrdwy	46.6	-	-	
Present value at 31 March	(2,732.9)	(2,959.8)	(2,732.9)	(2,911.8)

The Group has assessed that it has an unconditional right to a refund of any surplus assets in each of the Schemes following settlement of all obligations to scheme members and therefore the surplus in DVWS has been recognised in full.

iii) Amounts recognised in the income statement in respect of these defined benefit schemes

		Group
	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Amounts charged to operating costs		
Current service cost	(0.2)	(0.2)
Past service cost	-	(0.3)
Scheme administration costs	(3.8)	(3.9)
	(4.0)	(4.4)
Amounts charged to finance costs		
Interest cost	(59.3)	(62.5)
Amounts credited to finance income		
Interest income on scheme assets	52.8	57.3
Total amount charged to the income statement	(10.5)	(9.6)

The actual return on scheme assets was a gain of £121.7 million (2021: gain of £270.0 million).

Actuarial gains and losses have been reported in the statement of comprehensive income.

iv) Actuarial risk factors

The Schemes typically expose the Group to actuarial risks such as investment risk, inflation risk and longevity risk.

Investment risk

The Group's contributions to the Schemes are based on actuarial calculations which make assumptions about the returns expected from the Schemes' investments. If the investments underperform these assumptions in the long term then the Group may need to make additional contributions to the Schemes in order to fund the payment of accrued benefits.

Each scheme's investment strategy seeks to balance the level of investment return sought with the aim of reducing volatility and risk. In undertaking this approach reference is made to both the maturity of liabilities and the funding level of that scheme. A number of further strategies are employed to manage underlying risks, including liability-matching asset strategies, diversification of asset portfolios and interest rate hedging.

Currently the Schemes have a balanced approach to investment in equity securities, debt instruments and real estate. Due to the long-term nature of the scheme liabilities, we consider it appropriate to invest a portion of the Scheme assets in equity securities and in real estate to leverage the return generated by the fund.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

28 Retirement benefit schemes (continued)

- b) Defined benefit pension schemes (continued)
- iv) Actuarial risk factors (continued)

Inflation risk

The benefits payable to members of the schemes are linked to inflation measured by the RPI or CPI, subject to caps. The Group's contributions to the Schemes are based on assumptions about the future level of inflation. If inflation is higher than the levels assumed in the actuarial calculations then the Group may need to make additional contributions to the Schemes in order to fund the payment of accrued benefits.

The Schemes use LDI's within the asset portfolios to hedge against the value of liabilities changing as a result of movements in long-term interest rate and inflation expectations. This structure allows the Schemes to both hedge against these risks and retain capital investment in assets that are expected to generate higher returns.

Longevity risk

The Group's contributions to the Schemes are based on assumptions about the life expectancy of scheme members after retirement. If scheme members live longer than assumed in the actuarial calculations then the Group may need to make additional contributions to the schemes in order to fund the payment of accrued benefits.

v) Actuarial assumptions

The major financial assumptions used in the accounting valuation of the obligations for the STPS which represents by far the largest defined benefit obligation for the Group were as follows.

	2022	2021
	% pa	% pa
Price inflation – RPI	3.6	3.2
Price inflation – CPI	Pre 2030: 2.6 Post 2030: 3.5	2.4
Discount rate	2.8	2.0
Pension increases in payment	3.6	3.2
Pension increases in deferment	3.6	3.2

The assumption for RPI price inflation is derived from the difference between the yields on longer-term fixed rate gilts and on index-linked gilts.

In setting our discount rate, we construct a yield curve. Short dated yields are taken from market rates for AA corporate bonds. Long-dated yields for the curve are based on the average yield available on all long-dated AA corporate bonds. We project the expected cash flows of the schemes and adopt a single equivalent cash flow weighted discount rate taking account of the constructed yield curve.

The mortality assumptions are based on those used in the latest triennial funding valuations. The mortality assumptions adopted at the year end for accounting purposes and the life expectancies at age 65 implied by the assumptions are as follows for the STPS:

		2022		2021
	Men	Women	Men	Women
Mortality table used	S3PMA_L	S3PFA_M	S3PMA_L	S3PFA_M
Mortality table compared with standard table	112%	95%	112%	95%
Mortality projections	CMI 2021	CMI 2021	CMI 2020	CMI 2020
Long-term rate of future improvement per annum	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%
Weighting factor given to data for 2021/2020	20%	20%	20%	20%
Remaining life expectancy for members currently aged				
65 (years)	21.8	23.7	21.8	23.6
Remaining life expectancy at age 65 for members currently aged 45 (years)	22.7	24.8	22.7	24.8

For the year ended 31 March 2022

- 28 Retirement benefit schemes (continued)
- b) Defined benefit pension schemes (continued)
- v) Actuarial assumptions (continued)

The calculation of the scheme obligations is sensitive to the actuarial assumptions and in particular to the assumptions relating to discount rate, price inflation (capped, where relevant) and mortality. The following table summarises the estimated impact on the Group's obligations from changes to key actuarial assumptions whilst holding all other assumptions constant:

Assumption	Change in assumption	Impact on disclosed obligations
Discount rate ¹	Increase/decrease by 0.1% pa	Decrease/increase by £42/£43 million
Price inflation ²	Increase/decreased by 0.1% pa	Increase/decrease by £36/£35 million
Mortality ³	Increase in life expectancy by 1 year	Increase by £112 million

- 1 A change in discount rate is likely to occur as a result of changes in bond yield and as such would be expected to be offset to a significant degree by a change in the value of the bond assets held by the Schemes.
- 2 The projected impact resulting from a change in RPI reflects the underlying effect on pensions in payment, pensions in deferment and resultant pension increases.
- 3 The change in assumption is based on triennial valuations and reflect the fact that life expectancy rates are expected to increase.

In reality, interrelationships exist between the assumptions, particularly between the discount rate and price inflation. The above analysis does not take into account the effect of these interrelationships. Also, in practice any movement in obligations arising from assumption changes are likely to be accompanied by movements in asset values – and so the impact on the accounting deficit may be lower than the impact on the obligations shown above.

In presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability recognised in the balance sheet.

vi) Effect on future cash flows

Contribution rates are set in consultation with the Trustees for each Scheme and each participating employer.

The average duration of the benefit obligation at the end of the year is 16 years for STPS and STMIPS (2021: 17 years) and 14 years for DVWS (2021: 15 years).

The most recent completed formal triennial actuarial valuations and funding agreements were carried out as at 31 March 2019 for the STPS and STMIPS schemes and 31 March 2020 for DVWS. As a result of the STPS and STMIPS actuarial valuations, deficit reduction contributions of £32.4 million increasing in line with CPI inflation until 31 March 2027, were agreed for the STPS.

Payments of £8.2 million per annum through an asset backed funding arrangement will continue to 31 March 2032 for the STPS. Further inflation linked payments of £15.0 million per annum are being made through an additional asset backed funding arrangement, with payments having started in the financial year ending 31 March 2018 and continuing to 31 March 2031. These contributions will cease earlier should a subsequent valuation of the STPS show that these contributions are no longer needed.

c) Defined contribution pension schemes

The Group also operates the Severn Trent Group Personal Pension, a defined contribution scheme, for certain of its UK employees.

The total cost charged to operating costs of £26.9 million (2021: £25.2 million) for the Group and £26.6 million (2021: £25.0 million) for the Company represents contributions payable to these schemes by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the scheme. As at 31 March 2022, no contributions (2021: nil) in respect of the current reporting period were owed to the schemes. Hafren Dyfrdwy operates two defined contribution pension schemes, neither of which were material in either the current or prior year.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

29 Provisions

Group

	Insurance £m	Regulatory £m	Other £m	Total £m
At 1 April 2021	14.7	7.8	15.1	37.6
Charged to income statement	10.3	_	4.2	14.5
Other net additions	_	11.4	_	11.4
Utilisation of provision	(8.9)	_	(3.6)	(12.5)
Disposal of Hafren Dyfrdwy	· ·	_	(4.9)	(4.9)
At 31 March 2022	16.1	19.2	10.8	46.1

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Included in		
Current liabilities	33.3	23.9
Non-current liabilities	12.8	13.7
	46.1	37.6

Regulatory comprises provisions for works in response to legally enforceable undertakings to regulators. The associated outflows are estimated to arise over a period of up to five years from the balance sheet date.

Other provisions include provisions for dilapidations, commercial disputes, either from continuing or discontinued operations, and potential environmental claims. The associated outflows are estimated to arise over a period up to ten years from the balance sheet date.

Company

	Insurance	Regulatory	Other	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m
At 1 April 2021	14.7	7.8	9.4	31.9
Charged to income statement	10.3	_	4.2	14.5
Other net additions	_	11.4	_	11.4
Utilisation of provision	(8.9)	_	(2.8)	(11.7)
At 31 March 2022	16.1	19.2	10.8	46.1

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Included in		
Current liabilities	33.3	22.5
Non-current liabilities	12.8	9.4
	46.1	31.9

For the year ended 31 March 2022

30 Share capital - Group and Company

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Total issued and fully paid share capital		
1,250,100,000 ordinary shares of 0.1p (2021: 1,000,100,000)	1.3	1.0

During the period the Company issued 250 million shares of 0.1p to the immediate parent company, raising £250 million. Share capital increased by £0.3 million and share premium by £249.7 million.

	Number	£m
Ordinary shares of 0.1p		
At 1 April 2020 and 2021	1,000,100,000	1.0
Shares issued to immediate parent	250,000,000	0.3
At 31 March 2022	1,250,100,000	1.3

31 Share premium - Group and Company

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
At 1 April	_	_
Share premium on shares issued to immediate parent	249.7	_
At 31 March	249.7	_

32 Hedging reserve – Group and Company

	Hedging reserve
	£m
At 1 April 2020	(104.3)
Total comprehensive income for the year	32.7
At 1 April 2021	(71.6)
Total comprehensive income for the year	44.9
At 31 March 2022	(26.7)

The hedging reserve arises from gains or losses on interest rate swaps and energy swaps taken directly to equity under the hedge accounting provisions of IFRS 9 and the transition rules of IFRS 1.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

33 Capital management - Group

The Group's principal objectives in managing capital are:

- to maintain a flexible and sustainable balance sheet structure;
- to maintain an investment-grade credit rating;
- to access a broad range of sources of finance to obtain both the quantum required and lowest cost compatible with the need for continued availability;
- to manage exposure to movements in interest rates to provide an appropriate degree of certainty as to its cost of funds;
- to minimise exposure to counterparty credit risk; and
- to provide the Group with an appropriate degree of certainty as to its foreign exchange exposure.

The Group seeks to achieve a balance of long-term funding or commitment of funds across a range of funding sources at the best possible economic cost. The Group monitors future funding requirements and credit market conditions to ensure continued availability of funds.

The Group's dividend policy is to declare dividends which are consistent with the Group's regulatory obligations and at a level which is decided each year after consideration of a number of factors, including regulatory uncertainty, future cash flow requirements and balance sheet considerations. The amount declared is expected to vary each year as the impact of these factors changes. Further details of the dividend policy and its application are set out in the Company's Annual Performance Report, which is available at stwater.co.uk.

The Group's capital at 31 March was:

	2022	2021
Net cash and cash equivalents	£m	£m 12.1
Bank loans	(755.7)	(980.8)
Other loans	(5,525.9)	(5,177.4)
Loans due from parent company	226.2	52.0
Lease liabilities	(108.8)	(111.8)
Cross currency swaps	28.3	31.9
Net debt	(6,065.8)	(6,174.0)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	(2,743.1)	(2,707.5)
Total capital	(8,808.9)	(8,881.5)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

34 Fair values of financial instruments - Group

a) Fair value measurements

The valuation techniques that the Group applies in determining the fair values of its financial instruments on a recurring basis are described below. The techniques are classified under the hierarchy defined in IFRS 13 which categorises valuation techniques into Levels 1 - 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable. The Group's valuation techniques are Level 2 unless otherwise stated below:

	2022	2021	
	£m	£m	Valuation techniques and key inputs
Cross currency swaps			Discounted cash flow
Assets	28.3	32.5	Future cash flows are estimated based on forward interest rates
Liabilities	-	(0.6)	from observable yield curves at the period end and contract interest rates discounted at a rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparties. The currency cash flows are translated at spot rate.
Interest rate swaps			Discounted cash flow
Assets	2.9	_	Future cash flows are estimated based on forward interest rates
Liabilities	(37.0)	(88.8)	from observable yield curves at the period end and contract interest rates discounted at a rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparties.
Energy swaps			Discounted cash flow
Assets	27.6	8.4	Future cash flows are estimated based on forward electricity prices
Liabilities	-	-	from observable indices at the period end and contract prices discounted at a rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparties.
Inflation swap			Discounted cash flow
Liabilities	(3.7)	(32.1)	Future cash flows on the RPI leg of the instrument are estimated based on observable forward inflation indices.
			Future cash flows on the CPI leg of the instrument are estimated based on the future expected differential between RPI and CPI ('the wedge').
			Both legs are discounted using observable swap rates at the period end, at a rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparties. This is considered to be a Level 3 valuation technique.
Investment			Net asset value
Asset	1,564.0	1,550.1	The fair value of the investment is considered to be the Group's share of its net assets. This is considered to be a Level 3 valuation technique.

Changes in the carrying values of instruments that are measured using a Level 3 technique were as follows:

	Inflation swaps		
	£m	£m	
At 1 April 2020	(27.7)	1,538.9	
(Losses)/gains recognised in profit or loss	(4.4)	11.2	
At 31 March 2021	(32.1)	1,550.1	
Gains recognised in profit or loss	28.4	13.9	
At 31 March 2022	(3.7)	1,564.0	

These Level 3 instruments are valued using unobservable inputs. In valuing the inflation swaps, we have identified the unobservable input as the CPI wedge. A change of 10bps in the CPI wedge would result in a change in the carrying value of £5.3 million.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

34 Fair values of financial instruments - Group (continued)

b) Comparison of fair value of financial instruments with their carrying amounts

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of all financial instruments, except those disclosed in the table below, approximate to their fair values. The carrying values and estimated fair values of other financial instruments are set out below:

		31 March 2022		31 March 2021
	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Floating rate debt				
Bank loans	625.8	623.5	858.5	860.0
Other loans	147.8	161.4	147.8	155.5
Bank overdraft	7.7	7.7	_	_
	781.3	792.6	1,006.3	1,015.5
Fixed rate debt				
Other loans	3,784.9	4,024.8	3,587.1	4,057.6
Lease liabilities	108.8	117.9	111.8	124.6
	3,893.7	4,142.7	3,698.9	4,182.2
Index-linked debt				
Bank loans	129.9	149.5	122.3	146.2
Other loans	1,593.2	2,352.6	1,442.5	2,396.7
	1,723.1	2,502.1	1,564.8	2,542.8
	6,398.1	7,437.4	6,270.0	7,740.6

To reflect the underlying terms of the debt, within the comparatives, £35.1 million carrying value of other loans has been reclassified from floating rate to fixed rate debt. The associated fair values have also been restated in the comparatives, with a decrease of £35.3 million in the fair value of fixed rate debt and an increase of £41.1 million in the fair value of floating rate debt. The above floating, fixed or indexed-linked classification does not take into account the impact of unhedged interest rate swaps or cross currency swaps.

Fixed rate sterling and currency bonds are valued using market prices for similar instruments, which is a Level 2 valuation technique.

Index-linked bonds are rarely traded and quoted prices are not considered to be a reliable indicator of fair value. Therefore, these bonds are valued using discounted cash flow models with discount rates derived from observed market prices for a sample of bonds, which is a Level 2 valuation technique.

Fair values of the other debt instruments are also calculated using discounted cash flow models with discount rates derived from observed market prices, which is a Level 2 valuation technique.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

35 Risks arising from financial instruments - Group

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks:

- market risk (including interest rate risk exchange rate risk and other price risk);
- credit risk;
- · liquidity risk; and
- · inflation risk.

The Group's overall risk management programme addresses the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to reduce potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance or position.

Financial risks are managed by a central treasury department ("Group Treasury") under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Board has established a Treasury Committee to monitor treasury activities and to facilitate timely responses to changes in market conditions when necessary. Group Treasury operates under the Group's Treasury Procedures Manual and Policy Statement and identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units. The Board defines written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas such as exchange rate risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and the use of derivative and non-derivative financial instruments. The Group's policy is that derivative financial instruments are not held for trading but may be used to mitigate the Group's exposure to financial risk. The types of derivative instruments held and the related risks are described below.

Interest rate swaps are held to mitigate the Group's exposure to changes in market interest rates. Further details are set out in sections a) (i) and note 36 below.

Cross currency swaps are held to mitigate the Group's exposure to exchange rate movements on amounts borrowed in foreign currencies. Further details are set out in section a) (ii) below.

Energy swaps are held to mitigate the Group's exposure to changes in electricity prices. Further details are provided in note 36 below

Severn Trent Water operates under a regulatory environment where sales prices are linked to inflation measured by CPIH. In order to mitigate the risks to cash flow and earnings arising from fluctuations in CPIH, the Group holds debt instruments where the principal repayable and interest cost is linked to RPI/CPIH and the Group holds RPI/CPI swaps to mitigate the risk of divergence between RPI and CPIH.

a) Market risk

The Group is exposed to fluctuations in interest rates and, to a lesser extent, exchange rates. The nature of these risks and the steps that the Group has taken to manage them are described below.

i) Interest rate risk

The Group's income and its operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings.

Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to the risk of adverse cash flow impacts from increases in interest rates.

Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to the risk of interest costs above the market rate when interest rates decrease.

The Group's policy is to maintain 40% to 70% of its interest bearing liabilities in fixed rate instruments in AMP7. In measuring this metric, management makes adjustments to the carrying value of debt to better reflect the amount that interest is calculated on. Details of the adjustments made are set out below:

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Net debt (note 38)	6,065.8	6,174.0
Cash and cash equivalents	77.8	12.1
Loan due from parent company and group undertakings	226.2	52.0
Cross currency swaps included in net debt at fair value	28.3	31.9
Fair value hedge accounting adjustments	(21.1)	(23.9)
Exchange on currency debt not hedge accounted	(14.9)	(8.4)
Interest bearing financial liabilities	6,362.1	6,237.7

The Group manages its cash flow interest rate risk by borrowing at fixed or index-linked rates and by using interest rate swaps. Under these swaps the Group receives floating rate interest and pays fixed rate interest calculated by reference to the agreed notional principal amounts. In practice the swaps are settled by transferring the net amount. These swaps have the economic effect of converting borrowings from floating rates to fixed rates. The Group has entered into a series of these interest rate swaps to hedge future interest payments to beyond 2030.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

- 35 Risks arising from financial instruments Group (continued)
- a) Market risk (continued)
- i) Interest rate risk (continued)

The following tables show analyses of the Group's interest-bearing financial liabilities by type of interest. Debt which is hedged by interest rate swaps is included in the category after taking account of the impact of the swap. Debt raised in foreign currencies has been included at the notional sterling value of the payable leg of the corresponding cross currency swap since this is the amount that is exposed to changes in interest rates.

Valuation adjustments that do not impact the amount on which interest is calculated, such as fair value hedge accounting adjustments, are excluded from this analysis.

The net principal amount of swaps is shown as an adjustment to floating rate and fixed rate debt to demonstrate the impact of the Group's interest rate swaps on the amount of liabilities bearing fixed interest.

	Floating rate	Fixed rate	Index- linked	Total
2022	£m	£m	£m	£m
Bank overdraft	(7.7)	_	_	(7.7)
Bank loans	(625.8)	_	(129.9)	(755.7)
Other loans	(104.3)	(3,792.4)	(1,593.2)	(5,489.9)
Lease liabilities	_	(108.8)	_	(108.8)
	(737.8)	(3,901.2)	(1,723.1)	(6,362.1)
Impact of swaps not matched against specific debt instruments	475.0	(475.0)	_	_
Interest-bearing financial liabilities	(262.8)	(4,376.2)	(1,723.1)	(6,362.1)
Proportion of interest-bearing financial liabilities that are fixed		69%		
Weighted average interest rate of fixed rate debt		3.93%		
Weighted average period for which interest is fixed (years)		8.7		

	Floating rate	Fixed rate	Index- linked	Total
2021	£m	£m	£m	£m
Bank loans	(858.4)	_	(122.3)	(980.7)
Other loans	(183.0)	(3,519.7)	(1,442.5)	(5,145.2)
Lease liabilities	_	(111.8)	_	(111.8)
	(1,041.4)	(3,631.5)	(1,564.8)	(6,237.7)
Impact of swaps not matched against specific debt instruments	524.6	(524.6)	_	_
Interest-bearing financial liabilities	(516.8)	(4,156.1)	(1,564.8)	(6,237.7)
Proportion of interest-bearing financial liabilities that are fixed		67%		
Weighted average interest rate of fixed rate debt		3.91%		
Weighted average period for which interest is fixed (years)		8.9		

Interest rate swaps not hedge accounted

The Group has a number of interest rate swaps which are not accounted for as cash flow or fair value hedges. This has led to a credit of £25.2 million (2021: £17.0 million) in the income statement.

	Average contract fixed interest rate		Notion	al principal amount		Fair value	
	2022	2022 2021	2021 20	2022	2021	2022	2021
		%	£m	£m	£m	£m	
Pay fixed rate interest							
1 – 2 years	4.98	_	(50.0)	_	(2.2)	_	
2 – 5 years	5.14	5.10	(150.0)	(200.0)	(13.6)	(33.3)	
5 – 10 years	5.46	5.52	(75.0)	(35.0)	(21.2)	(13.9)	
10 – 20 years	-	5.41	_	(40.0)	_	(16.8)	
•	5.20	5.20	(275.0)	(275.0)	(37.0)	(64.0)	

For the year ended 31 March 2022

35 Risks arising from financial instruments - Group (continued)

a) Market risk (continued) Interest rate risk (continued)

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity after tax of the Group's profits, cash flow and equity, including the impact on derivative financial instruments, to reasonably possible changes in interest rates at 31 March is as follows:

		2022		2021
	1.0%	-1.0%	1.0%	-1.0%
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Profit or loss	9.7	(10.6)	9.4	(10.6)
Cash flow	(1.5)	1.5	(6.9)	6.9
Equity	9.7	(10.6)	9.4	(10.6)

(ii) Exchange rate risk

Except for debt raised in foreign currency, which is hedged, the Group's business does not involve significant exposure to foreign exchange transactions and therefore the sensitivity of the Group's results to changes in exchange rates is not material.

Certain of the Group's subsidiaries enter into transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of the operation. Exchange risks relating to such operations are not material but are managed centrally by Group Treasury through forward exchange contracts to buy or sell currency. These contracts led to no charge (2021: nil) in the income statement.

The Group has raised debt denominated in currencies other than sterling to meet its objective of accessing a broad range of sources of finance. The Group mitigated its exposure to exchange rate fluctuations by entering into cross currency swaps at the time that the debt was drawn down to swap the proceeds into sterling debt bearing interest based on LIBOR.

Where the terms of the receivable leg of the swap closely match the terms of the underlying debt, the swaps are expected to be effective hedges, hence the swaps have been accounted for as fair value hedges. The notional value and fair value of these swaps is shown in note 34a).

The Group also has cross currency swaps with a notional sterling value of £98.3 million (2021: £98.3 million) which are not accounted for as fair value hedges. Economically these swaps act to mitigate the exchange rate risk of debt within the Group which is denominated in foreign currency and also swap the interest from fixed to floating, but they are not designated hedges under IFRS 9. This has led to a charge of £2.3 million (2021: £19.1 million) in the income statement as well as an exchange loss of £6.6 million (2021: gain of £14.8 million) on the underlying debt.

The Group's gross and net currency exposures arising from currency borrowings are summarised in the tables below. These show, in the relevant currency, the amount borrowed and the notional principal of the related swap or forward contract. The net position shows the Group's exposure to exchange rate risk in relation to its currency borrowings.

	Euro	US Dollar	Yen
2022	€m	\$m	¥bn
Borrowings by currency	(19.9)	(180.0)	(2.0)
Cross currency swaps - hedge accounted	19.9	30.0	2.0
Cross currency swaps - not hedge accounted	-	150.0	-
Net currency exposure	-	_	_
	Euro	US Dollar	Yen
2021	€m	\$m	¥bn
Borrowings by currency	(19.9)	(180.0)	(2.0)
Cross currency swaps - hedge accounted	19.9	30.0	2.0
Cross currency swaps - not hedge accounted	_	150.0	-
Net currency exposure	-	_	_

Notes to the Group and Company financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

35 Risks arising from financial instruments - Group (continued)

b) Credit risk

Operationally the Group has no significant concentrations of credit risk. Amounts provided against accounts receivable and movements on the provision during the year are disclosed in note 21.

Cash deposits and derivative contracts are only placed with high credit quality financial institutions, which have been approved by the Board. Group Treasury monitors the credit quality of the approved financial institutions and the list of financial institutions that may be used is approved annually by the Board. The Group has policies that limit the amount of credit exposure to any one financial institution.

Credit risk analysis

At 31 March, the aggregate credit limits of authorised counterparties and the amounts held on short term deposits were as follows:

		Credit limit	Amoun	deposited
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Double A range	150.0	_	_	_
Single A range	710.5	890.5	75.0	_
Below single A range	10.0	10.0	_	_
	870.5	900.5	75.0	_

The fair values of derivative assets analysed by credit ratings of counterparties were as follows:

	Deriv	vative assets
	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Single A range	52.6	40.9
Triple B range	6.2	_
	58.8	40.9

c) Liquidity risk

i) Committed facilities

Prudent liquidity management requires sufficient cash balances to be maintained; adequate committed facilities to be available and the ability to close out market positions. Group Treasury manages liquidity and flexibility in funding by monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and the maturity profile of financial assets and liabilities, and by keeping committed credit lines available.

At the balance sheet date the Group had committed undrawn borrowing facilities expiring as follows:

	1,000.0	745.0
2 – 5 years	1,000.0	
1 – 2 years	-	689.2
Within 1 year	-	55.8
	£m	£m
	2022	2021

ii) Cash flows from non-derivative financial instruments

The following tables show the estimated cash flows that will arise from the Group's non-derivative net financial liabilities. The information presented is based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay and represents the undiscounted cash flows including principal and interest.

Interest and inflation assumptions are based on prevailing market conditions at the year end date.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

- 35 Risks arising from financial instruments Group (continued)
- c) Liquidity risk (continued)
- ii) Cash flows from non-derivative financial instruments (continued)

2022 Undiscounted amounts payable:	Floating rate	Fixed rate £m	Index-linked £m	Trade and other payables £m	Payments on financial liabilities £m
Within 1 year	(1.9)	(397.5)	(30.7)	(90.4)	(520.5)
1 - 2 years	(310.9)	(443.3)	(32.7)	(0.1)	(787.0)
2 - 5 years	(393.3)	(1,158.1)	(154.4)	_	(1,705.8)
5 - 10 years	(104.7)	(1,529.3)	(593.1)	_	(2,227.1)
10 - 15 years	_	(689.6)	(255.1)	_	(944.7)
15 - 20 years	_	(907.6)	(280.5)	_	(1,188.1)
20 - 25 years	_	_	(211.6)	_	(211.6)
25 - 30 years	_	_	(727.2)	_	(727.2)
30 - 35 years	_	_	(1,713.3)	_	(1,713.3)
35 - 40 years	_	_	(2,082.6)	_	(2,082.6)
40 - 45 years	_	_	(411.9)	_	(411.9)
Total	(810.8)	(5,125.4)	(6,493.1)	(90.5)	(12,519.8)

Undiscounted amounts receivable:	Trade and other receivables £m	Cash and short term deposits £m	Amounts due from group undertakings £m	Receipts from financial assets £m
Within 1 year	488.9	77.8	70.6	637.3
1-2 years	_	_	227.1	227.1
Total	488.9	77.8	297.7	864.4

2024		Five directo	المعامد التعامما	Trade and other	Payments on financial liabilities
2021	Floating rate £m	Fixed rate £m	Index-linked £m	payables £m	£m
Within 1 year	(233.9)	(388.8)	(26.9)	(49.7)	(699.3)
1 - 2 years	(7.3)	(385.1)	(27.6)	(0.2)	(420.2)
2 - 5 years	(647.9)	(1,177.6)	(129.8)		(1,955.3)
5 - 10 years	(158.8)	(1,337.6)	(187.0)	_	(1,683.4)
10 - 15 years	_	(710.0)	(221.1)	_	(931.1)
15 - 20 years	_	(567.8)	(153.8)	_	(721.6)
20 - 25 years	_	(367.1)	(181.0)	_	(548.1)
25 - 30 years	_	_	(210.8)	_	(210.8)
30 - 35 years	_	_	(918.8)	_	(918.8)
35 - 40 years	_	_	(2,950.8)	_	(2,950.8)
40 - 45 years	_	_	(20.2)	_	(20.2)
45 - 50 years	_	_	(257.8)	_	(257.8)
Total	(1,047.9)	(4,934.0)	(5,285.6)	(49.9)	(11,317.4)
			Cash and	Amounts due	Receipts
Undiscounted amounts receivable:		Trade receivables	short term deposits	from group undertakings	from financial assets
Ondiscounted amounts receivable.		£m	£m	£m	£m
AAPAL 1 A		100 =	40.4		440 =

Undiscounted amounts receivable:	Trade receivables	short term deposits	from group undertakings	from financial assets
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Within 1 year	426.7	12.1	9.7	448.5
1-2 years	_	_	52.0	52.0
Total	426.7	12.1	61.7	500.5

Index-linked debt includes loans with maturities up to 50 years. The principal is revalued at fixed intervals and is linked to movements in the RPI or CPIH. Interest payments are made bi-annually based on the revalued principal. The principal repayment equals the revalued amount at maturity. The payments included in the table above are estimates based on the forward inflation rates published by the Bank of England at the balance sheet date.

Notes to the Group and Company financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

35 Risks arising from financial instruments - Group (continued)

c) Liquidity risk (continued)

(iii) Cash flows from derivative financial instruments

The following tables show the estimated cash flows that will arise from the Group's derivative financial instruments. The tables are based on the undiscounted net cash inflows/(outflows) on the derivative financial instruments that settle on a net basis and the undiscounted gross inflows/(outflows) on those derivatives that require gross settlement. When the amount payable or receivable is not fixed, the amount disclosed has been determined by reference to the projected interest and foreign currency rates derived from the forward curves existing at the balance sheet date. Actual amounts may be significantly different from those indicated below.

			Cross currency swaps				
2022	Interest rate swaps	Inflation swaps	3,	Cash receipts £m	Cash payments	Total	
	£m	£m	£m		£m	£m	
Within 1 year	(16.0)	0.2	28.0	6.2	(3.5)	14.9	
1 – 2 years	(15.1)	0.3	_	6.2	(3.5)	(12.1)	
2 – 5 years	(28.0)	1.3	_	146.3	(120.3)	(0.7)	
5 – 10 years	(24.8)	3.0	_	39.3	(33.2)	(15.7)	
10 – 15 years	_	(5.7)	_	_	-	(5.7)	
15 – 20 years	_	(8.2)	_	_	_	(8.2)	
	(83.9)	(9.1)	28.0	198.0	(160.5)	(27.5)	

				Cross o	currency swaps	
2021	Interest rate	Inflation	Energy	Cash	Cash	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Within 1 year	(19.9)	0.1	7.7	6.0	(2.2)	(8.3)
1 – 2 years	(18.3)	0.1	3.9	6.0	(2.6)	(10.9)
2 – 5 years	(33.8)	0.6	0.5	35.5	(21.0)	(18.2)
5 – 10 years	(19.8)	(5.2)	_	147.8	(135.1)	(12.3)
10 – 15 years	(0.8)	2.0	_	_	_	1.2
15 – 20 years	_	(37.3)	_	_	_	(37.3)
	(92.6)	(39.7)	12.1	195.3	(160.9)	(85.8)

b) Inflation risk

The Group's parent company, Severn Trent Water Limited, operates under a regulatory environment where its prices are linked to inflation as measured by CPIH. Its operating profits and cash flows are therefore exposed to changes in inflation. In order to mitigate and partially offset this risk, Severn Trent Water Limited has raised debt which pays interest at a fixed coupon based on a principal amount that is adjusted for the change in inflation during the life of the debt instrument (index-linked debt). The amount of index-linked debt at the balance sheet date is shown in section a) (i) interest rate risk, and the estimated future cash flows relating to this debt are shown in section c) (ii) cash flows from non-derivative financial instruments.

Ofwat is moving the measure of inflation used in the economic regulatory model from RPI to CPIH over a period of time. In anticipation of this the Group has entered into CPI/RPI swaps with a notional value of £350 million (2021: £350 million) in order to mitigate the risk of divergence between inflation measured by CPIH and that measured by RPI.

Inflation rate sensitivity analysis

The finance cost of the Group's index-linked debt instruments varies with changes in CPI/RPI rather than interest rates. The sensitivity at 31 March of the Group's profit and equity to changes in CPI/RPI is set out in the following table. This analysis relates to financial instruments only and excludes any RPI impact on Severn Trent Water's revenues and Regulated Capital Value, or accounting for defined benefit pension schemes.

		2022		2021
	+1.0%	-1.0%	+1.0%	-1.0%
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Profit or loss	(14.0)	14.0	(12.7)	12.7
Equity	(14.0)	14.0	(12.7)	12.7

Notes to the Group and Company financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

36 Hedge accounting - Group

The Group uses derivative financial instruments to hedge exposures to changes in exchange rates and interest rates. Hedge accounting is adopted for such instruments where the criteria set out in IFRS 9 are met. Hedge ineffectiveness arises from credit risk, which is not hedged.

a) Fair value hedges

(i) Cross currency swaps

The Group raises debt denominated in currencies other than sterling. Cross currency swaps are entered into at the time that the debt is drawn down to swap the proceeds into sterling debt in order to mitigate the Group's exposure to exchange rate fluctuations. Where the terms of the receivable leg of the swap closely match the terms of the underlying debt, the swaps are expected to be effective hedges.

At the year end the amounts of cross currency swaps designated as fair value hedges were as follows:

	Notional pri	Notional principal amount		Fair value	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	£m	£m	£m	£m	
Euro	11.4	11.4	7.4	9.1	
US dollar	23.2	23.2	0.9	(0.6)	
Yen	8.5	8.5	6.3	7.4	
	43.1	43.1	14.6	15.9	

b) Cash flow hedges

(i) Interest rate swaps

The Group has entered into interest rate swaps under which it has agreed to exchange the difference between fixed and floating interest rate amounts calculated on agreed notional principal amounts. Such contracts enable the Group to mitigate the risk of changing interest rates on future cash flow exposures arising from issued variable rate debt. Where the hedge is expected to be highly effective these interest rate swaps are accounted for as cash flow hedges.

Details of interest rate swaps that have been accounted for as cash flow hedges are summarised below:

	Average contract fixed interest		Notional pri	ncipal amount		Fair value
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Period to maturity	%	%	£m	£m	£m	£m
2 – 5 years	1.70	_	50.0	_	1.0	_
5 – 10 years	1.82	1.73	298.0	100.0	1.9	(5.7)
10 – 20 years	-	1.83	_	248.0	-	(19.2)
	1.80	1.80	348.0	348.0	2.9	(24.9)

The Group recognised a loss on hedge ineffectiveness of £0.6 million (2021: loss of £1.9 million) in gains on financial instruments in the income statement in relation to interest rate swaps.

(ii) Energy swaps

The Group has entered into a series of energy swaps under which it has agreed to exchange the difference between fixed and market prices of electricity at six-monthly intervals up to March 2025.

Details of energy swaps that have been accounted for as cash flow hedges are summarised below:

	Average c	ontract price	Notional cor	ntracted amount		Fair value
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Period to maturity	£/MWh	£/MWh	MWh	MWh	£m	£m
Less than 1 year	38.5	43.2	131,520	306,360	27.6	3.8
1 – 2 years	_	38.6	_	175,680	_	2.0
2 – 5 years	_	48.3	_	284,040	_	2.6
	38.5	44.0	131,520	766,080	27.6	8.4

For the year ended 31 March 2022

36 Hedge accounting - Group (continued)

b) Cash flow hedges (continued)

(ii) Energy swaps (continued)

At the year end the cumulative fair value adjustments arising from the corresponding continuing hedge relationships were as follows:

2022

	Carrying amount of hedged items		Cumulative amount of fair value adjustments on the hedged items		
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities	
	£m	£m	£m	£m	
Cross currency swaps	-	(58.2)	_	(13.7)	
Interest rate swaps	_	(347.7)	_	_	
	-	(405.9)	_	(13.7)	

2021

	Carrying amou	nt of hedged items	Cumulative amount of fair valuable adjustments on the hedged item	
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities £m
	£m	£m	£m	
Cross currency swaps	_	(58.7)	_	(15.3)
Interest rate swaps	_	(347.5)	_	_
	-	(406.2)	_	(15.3)

£58.2 million (2021: £58.7 million) of the carrying amount of hedged items and £13.7 million (2021: £15.3 million) of the cumulative amount of fair value adjustments on the hedged items relates to fair value hedges. The remainder relates to cash flow hedges.

(iii) Impact of interest rate benchmark

From 1 April 2019, the Group early adopted the amendments to IFRS 7 and IFRS 9 introduced to provide temporary relief from applying specific hedge accounting requirements to hedging relationships directly affected by the planned replacement of benchmark interest rates such as LIBOR. The Group has applied Phase 2 with effect from 1 April 2021. Under Phase 2, to the extent that modifications are made to financial instruments that are necessary to implement Interest Rate Benchmark Reform, reliefs from the discontinuation of hedge accounting or immediate recognition of any gains or losses in the income statement on the modification of financial instruments measured at amortised cost are available on transition to alternative rates, provided that the modification is a direct consequence of the reform and the new basis for calculating cash flows is economically equivalent to the previous basis.

The Group established a LIBOR transition group within Group Treasury with an objective of identifying and assessing LIBOR exposures within the business and developing and delivering an action plan to enable a smooth transition to alternative risk-free rates ahead of 31 December 2021. During 2021 the Group successfully transitioned all its floating rate debt instruments and derivatives from LIBOR to alternative risk-free rates (SONIA). The actions taken included:

- Refinancing its committed bank facilities and agreeing new facilities which use SONIA as a reference rate;
- Amending the LIBOR provisions within its bank term loans, floating rate USPP notes and intercompany loans; and
- Applying the International Swaps and Derivatives Associates (ISDA) fallback protocol to the derivative financial
 instruments held by the Group affected by the IBOR Reform where the interest rate benchmark was previously linked
 to LIBOR.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

37 Share based payment - Group

The Group operates a number of share based remuneration schemes for employees. During the year, the Group recognised total expenses of £8.0 million (2021: £7.5 million) related to equity settled share based payment transactions.

The weighted average share price of Severn Trent Plc during the period was £27.30 (2021: £23.86).

At 31 March 2022, there were no options exercisable (2021: none) under any of the share based remuneration schemes.

a) Long Term Incentive Plans ('LTIPs')

Under the LTIPs, conditional awards of shares may be made to Executive Directors and senior staff. Awards are subject to performance conditions and continued employment throughout the vesting period.

Awards outstanding

The 2018, 2019, 2020 and 2021 LTIP awards are subject to Severn Trent Water's achievement of Return on Regulated Equity in excess of the level included in the Severn Trent Water business plan over a three year vesting period. It has been assumed that performance against the LTIP non-market conditions will be 100% (2021: 100%).

Details of changes in the number of awards outstanding during the year are set out below:

	Number of
Opening at 1 April 2020	715,602
Granted during the year	216,579
Vested during the year	(171,326)
Lapsed during the year	(76,633)
Outstanding at 1 April 2021	684,222
Granted during the year	199,232
Vested during the year	(230,003)
Lapsed during the year	(26,744)
Outstanding at 31 March 2022	626,707

Details of LTIP awards outstanding at 31 March were as follows:

		Numb	er of awards
Date of grant	Normal Date of Vesting	2022	2021
July 2018	2021	_	237,003
July 2019	2022	227,242	235,314
July 2020	2023	200,233	211,905
uly 2021	2024	199,232	_
		626,707	684,222

The awards outstanding at 31 March 2022 had a weighted average remaining contractual life of 1.1 years (2021: 1.3 years).

Details of the basis of the LTIP scheme are set out in the Directors' remuneration report on pages 125 and 126.

Notes to the Group and Company financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

37 Share based payment - Group (continued)

b) Employee Sharesave Scheme

Under the terms of the Sharesave Scheme, the Board may grant the right to purchase ordinary shares in Severn Trent Plc to those employees who have entered into an HMRC approved Save As You Earn contract for a period of three or five years.

Options outstanding

Details of changes in the number of options outstanding during the year are set out below:

	Number of share options	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding at 1 April 2020	3,832,790	1,632p
Granted during the year	1,003,531	1,860p
Forfeited during the year	(55,412)	1,604p
Cancelled during the year	(111,102)	1,688p
Exercised during the year	(712,453)	1,640p
Lapsed during the year	(2,848)	1,652p
Outstanding at 1 April 2021	3,954,506	1,687p
Granted during the year	844,913	2,307p
Forfeited during the year	(69,143)	1,731p
Cancelled during the year	(126,119)	1,801p
Exercised during the year	(713,797)	1,660p
Lapsed during the year	(4,264)	1,691p
Disposal of subsidiary	(64,377)	1,852p
Outstanding at 31 March 2022	3,821,719	1,823p

Sharesave options outstanding at 31 March were as follows:

			Nun	nber of awards
Date of grant	Normal date of exercise	Option price	2022	2021
January 2016	2021	1,724p	_	105,205
January 2017	2020 or 2022	1,633p	120,336	126,908
January 2018	2021 or 2023	1,652p	104,593	686,875
January 2019	2022 or 2024	1,474p	1,045,033	1,115,372
January 2020	2023 or 2025	1,787p	841,055	924,428
January 2021	2024 or 2026	1,860p	888,452	995,718
January 2022	2025 or 2027	2,307p	822,250	_
			3,821,719	3,954,506

The awards outstanding at 31 March 2022 had a weighted average remaining contractual life of 1.7 years (2021: 2.0 years).

c) Fair value calculations

The fair values of the share awards made and share options granted during the year were calculated using the Black Scholes method. The principal assumptions and data are out below:

			2022			2021
	LTIP		SAYE	LTIP		SAYE
-		3 year scheme	5 year scheme		3 year scheme	5 year scheme
Share price at grant date (pence)	2,676	2,939	2,939	2,460	2,336	2,336
Option life (years)	3	3.3	5.3	3	3.5	5.5
Vesting period (years)	3	3	5	3	3	5
Expected volatility (%)	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2
Expected dividend yield (%)	3.9	3.5	3.5	4.2	4.3	4.3
Risk free rate (%)	n/a	0.1	0.1	n/a	(0.1)	(0.1)
Fair value per share (pence)	2,659	543	521	2,443	342	302

Expected volatility is measured over the three years prior to the date of grant of the awards or share options. Volatility has been calculated based on historical share price movements.

Notes to the Group and Company financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

The risk-free rate is derived from yields at the grant date of gilts of similar duration to the awards or share options.

The dividend yield is calculated using the expected dividend for the year divided by the share price at the date of grant.

38 Cash flow statement

a) Reconciliation of operating profit to operating cash flows

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Profit before interest and tax	490.8	457.9
Depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment	349.9	331.7
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	2.1	2.0
Amortisation of intangible assets	33.4	31.3
Pension service cost	0.2	0.5
Defined benefit pension scheme administration costs	3.8	3.9
Defined benefit pension scheme contributions	(61.4)	(37.7)
Share based payments charge	8.0	7.5
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(7.6)	(3.2)
Release of deferred credits	(17.4)	(15.5)
Contributions and grants received	42.7	41.4
Provisions charged to the income statement	14.5	9.7
Utilisation of provisions for liabilities and charges	(12.5)	(9.6)
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	846.5	819.9
Decrease in inventory	(0.1)	1.3
Increase in amounts receivable	(106.8)	(13.5)
Increase in amounts payable	116.6	27.9
Cash generated from operations	856.2	835.6
Tax received	62.5	_
Tax paid	(1.2)	(26.9)
Net cash generated from operating activities	917.5	808.7

b) Non-cash transactions

Non cash investing and financing cash flows disclosed in other notes are:

- Acquisition of right-of-use assets (note 18)
- Acquisition of infrastructure assets from developers at no cost (note 17)
- Shares issued to employees for no cash consideration under the LTIP (note 37)

c) Exceptional cash flows

There were no cash flows from items classified as exceptional in the income statement (2021: nil).

d) Reconciliation of movement in cash and cash equivalents to movement in net debt Group

Leases Cross currency swaps Loans due from parent Loans due from group	(111.8) 31.9 52.0	9.4 - 174.0	- - -	- - -	(0.0) - - -	(6.4) (3.6)	- - - 0.2	(108.8) 28.3 226.0 0.2
Bank loans Other loans Leases	(980.8) (5,177.4) (111.8)	234.9 (250.6) 9.4	2.9	(6.9) (96.0)	(6.6) –	(2.9) 1.8 (6.4)	- - -	(755.7) (5,525.9) (108.8)
Net cash and cash equivalents	12.1	58.6	-	- (6.0)	_	(2.0)	0.6	70.1
	At 1 April 2021 £m	Cash flow £m	Fair value adjustments £m	Inflation uplift on index- linked debt £m	Foreign exchange £m	Other non- cash movements £m	Disposal of Hafren Dyfrdwy £m	At 31 March 2022 £m

For the year ended 31 March 2022

38 Cash flow statement (continued)

e) Liabilities from financing activities

	Bank loans	Other loans	Lease liabilities	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m
At 1 April 2020	(1,219.8)	(4,765.4)	(115.8)	(6,101.0)
Cash flow	241.3	(416.5)	4.6	(170.6)
Fair value adjustments	_	5.4	_	5.4
Inflation adjustment on index-linked debt	(0.9)	(16.7)	_	(17.6)
Foreign exchange	_	14.8	_	14.8
Other non-cash movements	(1.4)	1.0	(0.6)	(1.0)
At 1 April 2021	(980.8)	(5,177.4)	(111.8)	(6,270.0)
Cash flow	234.9	(250.6)	9.4	(6.3)
Fair value adjustments	_	2.9	_	2.9
Inflation uplift on index-linked debt	(6.9)	(96.0)	_	(102.9)
Foreign exchange	_	(6.6)	_	(6.6)
Other non-cash movements	(2.9)	1.8	(6.4)	(7.5)
At 31 March 2022	(755.7)	(5,525.9)	(108.8)	(6,390.4)

39 Contingent liabilities - Group and Company

a) Bonds and guarantees

Group undertakings have entered into bonds and guarantees in the normal course of business. No liability (2021: nil) is expected to arise in respect of either bonds or guarantees.

b) Banking offset arrangements

The banking arrangements of the Group operate on a pooled basis with certain fellow group undertakings. Under these arrangements participating companies guarantee each other's balances only to the extent that their credit balances can be offset again certain overdrawn balances of other Severn Trent group companies.

At 31 March 2022 the Group and Company's maximum liability under these arrangements was nil (2021: nil).

c) Claims under the Environmental Information Regulations 2004 regarding property searches

Since 2016, the Group has received letters of claim from a number of groups of personal search companies (PSCs) which allege that the information held by Severn Trent Water Limited (STW) used to produce the CON29DW residential and also the commercial water and drainage search reports sold by Severn Trent Property Solutions Limited (STPS), is disclosable under the Environmental Information Regulations. In April 2020, a group of over 100 PSCs commenced litigation against all water and sewerage undertakers in England and Wales, including STW and STPS. The claimants are seeking damages, on the basis that STW and STPS charged for information which should have been made available either free, or for a limited charge, under the Environmental Information Regulations. STW and STPS are defending this claim. This is an industry-wide issue and the litigation is in progress. A timetable for the claim has recently been set by the court leading up to a stage 1 trial on the EIR legal issues only (not the other issues or amount of damages) which could be held in late 2022.

d) Ongoing combined sewer overflow investigations

Ofwat and the Environment Agency have each issued their own investigations into the waste water industry to investigate compliance with the conditions of environmental permits. We were able to respond quickly and comprehensively and have had open conversations since. It is not yet clear what the scope or likely outcome of this investigation will be as it is in its early stages.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

40 Financial and other commitments

Investment expenditure commitments

Capital commitments are as follows:

		Group		
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Property, Plant and Equipment contracted for but not provided for in the financial statements	352.5	222.1	352.5	215.4

In addition to these contractual commitments, the Group and Company have longer term expenditure plans which include investments to achieve improvements in performance mandated by the Director General of Water Services (Ofwat) and to provide for growth in demand for water and waste water services.

41 Post balance sheet events - Group and Company

Refinancing

On 4 April 2022 the Group elected to extend £916.7 million of the available commitments under the revolving credit facility ('RCF') for a further year until April 2027.

On 9 May 2022 the Group completed the refinancing of an existing £100.0 million bank loan maturing in August 2023 with a new £150.0 million bank loan maturing in May 2030.

Defined benefit pension scheme

At 31 March 2022, the Group's net defined benefit pension scheme deficit was £137.6 million. On 6 April 2022, the Group made a further scheduled contribution of £32.4 million to the scheme.

Dividend

On 6 July 2022 the Board approved a dividend of £260 million.

42 Related party transactions

Transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not included in this note. Transactions between the Group and related parties are disclosed below.

Transactions - Group

	Transactions subsidiary u		Transactions w	rith ultimate parent	Transaction rel	s with other ated parties
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Sale of services	0.5	0.6	_	_	259.8	216.1
Purchase of services	4.2	1.9	1.0	1.0	_	_
Net interest expense/income	-	_	1.6	0.7	2.5	2.3
Dividends paid to related parties	355.1	64.0	_			_
Balances outstanding at 31 March:						
Amounts due from related parties	71.7	9.7	_	52.0	_	_
Amounts due to related parties	(51.2)	(0.6)	(6.1)	(5.2)	(0.2)	(2.4)
Loans due from related parties	0.2	_	226.0	52.0	_	_
Loans due to related parties	_	_	_	_	_	_

The related parties are fellow subsidiary undertakings, the ultimate parent Severn Trent Plc, and Severn Trent Plc's joint venture, Water Plus Limited.

Notes to the Group and Company financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Remuneration of key management personnel - Group and Company

Key management personnel comprise the members of STEC during the year, and non-executive directors of the Company. The prior year comparative has been restated to include the remuneration of the non-executive directors of the Company.

The remuneration of the directors is included within the amounts disclosed below.

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Short-term employee benefits	5.7	7.3
Service contract non-executive director benefits	0.7	0.7
Share based payment	6.6	4.9
	13.0	12.9

າດາາ

The retirement benefit schemes entered into by the Group are considered to be related parties. Details of transactions and balances with the retirement benefit schemes are disclosed in note 28.

43 Alternative performance measures - Group

Financial measures or metrics used in this report that are not defined by IFRS are alternative performance measures ('APMs'). The Group uses such measures for performance analysis because they provide additional useful information on the performance and position of the Group. Since the Group defines its own alternative performance measures, these might not be directly comparable with other companies' alternative performance measures. These measures are not intended to be a substitute for, or superior to, IFRS measurements.

a) Exceptional items

Exceptional items are income or expenditure which individually or, if of a similar type, in aggregate should, in the opinion of the Directors, be disclosed by virtue of their size or nature if the financial statements are to give a true and fair view. In this context, materiality is assessed at the segment level.

b) Net debt

Net debt comprises borrowings including remeasurements for changes in fair value of amounts in fair value hedging relationships, cross currency swaps that are used to fix the sterling liability of foreign currency borrowings (whether hedge accounted or not), net cash and cash equivalents, and loans to joint ventures. See note 38.

c) Effective interest cost

The effective interest cost is calculated as net finance costs, excluding net finance costs from pensions, plus capitalised finance costs divided by the monthly average net debt during the year.

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Net finance costs	259.0	177.6
Net finance costs from pensions	(6.5)	(5.2)
Capitalised interest	34.2	30.4
	286.7	202.8
Average net debt	5,977.4	6,036.5
Effective interest cost	4.8%	3.4%

This APM is used as it shows the average finance cost for the net debt of the business.

d) Effective cash cost of interest

The effective cash cost of interest is calculated on the same basis as the effective interest cost except that it excludes finance costs that are not paid in cash but are accreted to the carrying value of the debt (principally inflation adjustments on index-linked debt).

For the year ended 31 March 2022

	2022 £m	2021 £m
Net finance costs	259.0	177.6
Net finance costs from pensions	(6.5)	(5.2)
Indexation adjustments	(102.9)	(17.6)
Capitalised interest	34.2	30.4
	183.8	185.2
Average net debt	5,977.4	6,036.5
Effective cash cost of interest	3.1%	3.1%

This is used as it shows the average finance cost that is paid in cash.

43 Alternative performance measures - Group (continued)

e) PBIT interest cover

The ratio of PBIT to net finance costs excluding net finance costs from pensions.

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
PBIT	490.8	457.9
Net finance costs	259.0	177.6
Net finance costs from pensions	(6.5)	(5.2)
Net finance costs excluding finance costs from pensions	252.5	172.4
	ratio	ratio
PBIT interest cover ratio	1.9	2.7

This is used to show how the PBIT of the business covers the financing costs associated only with net debt on a consistent basis.

f) EBITDA and EBITDA interest cover

The ratio of profit before interest, tax, exceptional items, depreciation and amortisation to net finance costs excluding net finance costs from pensions.

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
PBIT	490.8	457.9
Depreciation (including right-of-use assets)	352.0	333.7
Amortisation	33.4	31.3
EBITDA	876.2	822.9
Net finance costs	259.0	177.6
Net finance costs from pensions	(6.5)	(5.2)
Net finance costs excluding finance costs from pensions	252.5	172.4
	ratio	ratio
EBITDA interest cover ratio	3.5	4.8

This is used to show how the EBITDA of the business covers the financing costs associated only with net debt on a consistent basis.

Notes to the Group and Company financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

43 Alternative performance measures - Group (continued)

g) Adjusted effective current tax rate

The current tax charge for the year, excluding prior year charges, exceptional current tax, and current tax on exceptional items and on financial instruments, divided by profit before tax, net losses/gains on financial instruments and exceptional items.

	2022 Current tax thereon		2021 Current tax thereon	
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Profit before tax	284.6	(3.2)	290.0	28.3
Adjustments:				
Net gains on financial instruments	(52.8)	1.4	(4.8)	2.6
	231.8	(1.8)	285.2	30.9
Adjusted effective current tax rate		(0.8)%		10.8%

h) Operational cashflow

Cash generated from operations less contributions and grants received.

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Cash generated from operations	856.2	835.6
Contributions and grants received	(42.7)	(41.4)
Operational cashflow	813.5	794.2

This APM is used to show operational cash excluding the effect of contributions and grants received as part of capital programmes.

i) Cash capex

Cash paid to acquire property, plant and equipment and intangible fixed assets less contributions and grants received and proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment and intangible fixed assets.

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(596.3)	(606.7)
Purchase of intangible assets	(36.0)	(21.7)
Contributions and grants received	42.7	41.4
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment	11.3	2.4
Cash capex	(578.3)	(584.6)

This APM is used to show the cash impact of the Group's capital programmes.

44 Ultimate parent undertaking

The immediate parent undertaking is Severn Trent Draycote Limited.

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Severn Trent Plc, which is the parent undertaking and controlling party of the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of the Severn Trent Plc consolidated financial statements can be obtained from Severn Trent Plc's registrars at Equiniti, Aspect House, Spencer Road, Lancing, West Sussex, BN99 6DA.